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Part I.—Notifications by Government.

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PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFERS.

Octacamund, July 8, 1919.

No. 175.—The following appointments and transfers of District and Sessions Judges are ordered :—

(1) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur Kanuttur Krishnama Achariyar Avargal, Subordinate Judge, Masulipatam, to act as District and Sessions Judge, Guntur, *vice* M.R.Ry. C. K. Srinivasa Rao Avargal, granted leave or until further orders.

(2) M.R.Ry. Alampadi S. Balasubrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, Subordinate Judge, Tanjore, to act as District and Sessions Judge, Trichinopoly, *vice* Mr. J. G. Barn, I.C.S., appointed acting Judge of the High Court or until further orders.

(3) M.R.Ry. Ayillath Narayana Nambiyar Avargal, Subordinate Judge, Sivaganga, to act as District and Sessions Judge, South Kanara, *vice* Mr. L. G. Moore, I.C.S., appointed acting Judge of the High Court or until further orders.

(4) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur Calamur Viravalli Viswanatha Sastri Avargal, Subordinate Judge, Kumbakonam, to act as District and Sessions Judge, Ramnad, *vice* M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur C. Krishnaswami Rao Avargal, appointed to act as Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes or until further orders.

(5) M.R.Ry. Tiruvalur Swaminatha Tyagaraja Ayyar Avargal, Subordinate Judge, Coconada, to act as District and Sessions Judge, Godavari, with effect from the 25th July 1919, *vice* Mr. J. C. Fernandez retiring.

(6) M.R.Ry. Coimbatore Krishna Rao Srinivasa Rao Avargal, District and Sessions Judge, transferred from Guntur to Cuddapah on the expiry of his leave.

(7) Mr. Rajapayya Narayana Ayyar, I.C.S., Additional Sessions Judge, Cuddapah, to act as District and Sessions Judge in the same station until M.R.Ry. C. K. Srinivasa Rao Avargal joins.

2. Under the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur Tamarapalam Varadarajulu Naydu Garu, a Judge of the Court of Small Causes, is appointed to be Additional Sessions Judge, Bellary.

POSTING.

Ootacamund, July 1, 1919.

No. 174.—Mr Thomas Brian Russell, I.C.S., on reversion to the regular line, is posted to the Hosur division of the Salem district.

NOTIFICATION.

OOTACAMUND, THE 5TH JULY 1919.

No. 172.—His Excellency the Governor of Madras accompanied by the Honourable Members of Council will attend a Special Service of Thanksgiving to be held at the Church of St. Mary, Fort St. George, Madras, on Sunday, the 6th July 1919, at 11 a.m., in commemoration of the Signing of Peace by the German Government.

2. The Honourable the Judges of the High Court who are present in Madras are invited to attend.

3. The Sheriff of Madras and all Officers of His Majesty's Services are also invited to attend. Field service dress will be worn by Military officers, and Civil officers will wear morning dress.

4. Seats will be reserved for officers in the first, second, third and fourth classes of the Warrant of Precedence, respectively, but no seats will be reserved for individuals except for officers above the first class.

5. All seats not reserved will be free.

6. The Commissioner of Police will make the necessary arrangements for the maintenance of order.

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Ecclesiastical.)

REAPPOINTMENT.

Ootacamund, July 4, 1919.

No. 106.—Mr. Richard Hamilton Campbell, C.I.E., to be a Lay Trustee of St. Bartholomew's Church, Mysore.

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Acting Chief Secretary.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

(Judicial.)

LEAVE.

Ootacamund, July 2, 1919.

No. 557.—Mr. Charles McCarthy Atkinson, Superintendent of Police, privilege leave for two months from the 3rd January 1919 under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations and G.O. No. 177, Financial, dated the 7th March 1919.

(This cancels Home Department Notification No. 158, dated the 10th February 1919, published at page 211 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 11th idem.)

Ootacamund, July 3, 1919.

No. 558.—Mr. Charles McCarthy Atkinson, Superintendent of Police, Madura district, combined privilege leave and furlough on medical certificate for six months from date of relief under articles 260, 235 and 306 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations and G.O. No. 177, Financial, dated the 7th March 1919.

APPOINTMENTS.

Ootacamund, July 1, 1919.

No. 559.—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 105 of the Government of India Act, 1919 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, cap. 61) the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Sir Abdur Rahim, *Kt.*, Bar.-at-Law, to perform the duties of Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, during the absence on leave of the Hon'ble Sir John Edward Power Wallis, *Kt.*, Bar.-at-Law.

No. 560.—In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 105 of the Government of India Act, 1919 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, cap. 61) the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Diwan Bahadur Cheruvari Krishnan, Bar.-at-Law, Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madras, to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Madras during the employment of the Hon'ble Sir Abdur Rahim, *Kt.*, as Acting Chief Justice or until further orders.

No. 561.—In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 103 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, cap. 61) the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Lewis Grenville Moore, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, to officiate as Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Madras during the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Phillips on leave or until further orders.

No. 562.—In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 103 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, cap. 61) the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. John Gunn Burn, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Madras during the absence of the Hon'ble Sir William Rock Ayling, *Kt.*, on leave or until further orders.

The above appointments will have effect from the date of the re-opening of the High Court after the current vacation.

Ootacamund, July 5, 1919.

No. 563.—M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur Conjeeveram Krishnaswami Rao Avargal, District and Sessions Judge, Ramnad, to act as Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madras, *vice* Diwan Bahadur Dharmavri Krishnan, Bar.-at-Law, on other duty or until further orders.

APPOINTMENTS AND POSTINGS.

Ootacamund, July 1, 1919.

(With effect from the 1st July 1919.)

No. 564.—M.R.Ry. Pichu Srinivasa Acharya Avargal, Registrar of Assurances, Trichinopoly district, to be Registrar of Assurances, Palghat district, but continue to act in Trichinopoly district.

No. 565.—M.R.Ry. Babur Krishnaswami Ayyar Avargal, Acting Registrar of Assurances, Salem district, to be Registrar of Assurances, Trichinopoly district, but continue to act in Salem district.

No. 566.—M.R.Ry. Mangalore Narayana Rao Avargal, Registrar of Assurances, North Malabar division, to be Registrar of Assurances, Tellicherry district.

No. 567.—M.R.Ry. Karukail Chandapalla Varghese Avargal, Acting Registrar of Assurances, South Malabar district, to act as Registrar of Assurances, Calicut district.

No. 568.—M.R.Ry. Nandalike Deva Rao Avargal, Sub-Registrar, first grade, and Joint Sub-Registrar, Mangalore, to act as Registrar of Assurances, Palghat district.

WITHDRAWAL OF POWERS.

Ootacamund, June 27, 1919.

No. 569.—Under the provisions of section 41 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council withdraws the following additional powers of a Magistrate of the second class conferred on the Tehsildar of Rasipur in the district of Salem in virtue of his office :—

Power to take cognizance of offences under section 190 of the Code.

Power to commit for trial under section 206 of the Code.

INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

Ootacamund, June 30, 1919.

No. 570.—Under section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned gentlemen are empowered to hear appeals from the sentences of second and third class magistrates :—

M.R.Ry. Devagupapu Seshagiri Rao Avargal, First-class Magistrate, in the district of Anantapur.

Ootacamund, July 3, 1919.

M.R.Ry. Mangudi Kailasam Ayyar Avargal, First-class Magistrate, in the district of Nellore.

Ootacamund, July 4, 1919.

M.R.Ry. Bhavani Venkataramana Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, First-class Magistrate, in the district of Anantapur.

Ootacamund, June 27, 1919.

No. 571.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Stationary Sub-Magistrate of Rasipur in the Salem district is, by virtue of his office, appointed to be a magistrate of the third class, and under section 37 of the Code, the Governor in Council confers on him, in virtue of his office, all the powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code as powers conferrable by the Government on a magistrate of the third class.

Ootacamund, July 2, 1919.

No. 572.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officer is appointed to be a magistrate of the first class, and, under section 37, he is invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a magistrate of that class, except the power to try cases summarily under section 260 and to hear appeals from the sentences of second and third class magistrates :—

M.R.Ry. Tanjavur Sitarama Ayyar Ramaswami Ayyar Avargal, Deputy Collector, in the district of Salem.

No. 573.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officer is appointed to be a magistrate of the second class, and, under section 37, he is invested with all the

powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a magistrate of that class except the power to pass orders as to first offenders under section 562 :—

M.R.Ry. Swaminatha Pillai Saravanam Pillai, Stationary Sub-Magistrate, in the district of Chingleput.

Ootacamund, July 2, 1919.

No. 574.—Under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officers are authorized to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand in the English language :—

M.R.Ry. Tumaneri Sitarama Ayyar Ramaswami Ayyar Avargal, First-class Magistrate in the district of Salem.

M.R.Ry. Erode Seaha Ayyar Srinivasa Ayyar Avargal, First-class Magistrate in the district of Cuddapah.

Mr. Richard Arthur Nurse, First-class Magistrate, in the Nilgiri district.

Ootacamund, July 4, 1919.

Mr. Arthur Joseph Corganven, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Ganjam.

Ootacamund, July 3, 1919.

No. 575.—Under section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, Mr. Richard Arthur Nurse, First-class Magistrate, in the Nilgiri district is empowered to try cases summarily.

ERRATUM.

In notification No. 759, Home (Judicial), dated the 20th September 1916, published at pages 1160 to 1164 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 26th September 1916, under Salem district, *delete* 'Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Rasipur,' and *insert* 'Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Rasipur.'

NOTIFICATIONS.

Ootacamund, July 8, 1919.

No. 576.—In continuation of Notification No. 28 Home (Judicial), dated the 26th December 1918, published at page 7 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 7th January 1919, relating to the Court of the Temporary Subordinate Judge, Tinnevelly, the Governor in Council directs, under sections 4 and 5 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, that the said court shall continue to hold its sittings at Tinnevelly from the 8th August 1919 up to the 31st December 1919, and that the Judge of the said court shall have and exercise such local jurisdiction as may be assigned to him by the District Judge of Tinnevelly, under section 10 of the said Act.

Ootacamund, July 1, 1919.

No. 577.—The following resolution of the Government of India is republished :—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 5th June 1919.

RESOLUTION.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 80, sub-section (2) of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5 cap. 61), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in item 2 in Part II of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department Nos. 713-734 (Judicial), dated the 2nd June 1913, as subsequently amended, relating to the execution of deeds, contracts and other instruments on behalf of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council, namely :—

For the words "Inspector-General of" the words "Deputy Postmaster-General" shall be substituted.

Ootacamund, July 7, 1919.

No. 578.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

POLICE.

Simla, the 12th June 1919.

No. 453.—The following notice, relating to appointments to the Indian (Imperial) Police Service in 1919 and 1920, is published for general information.

2. Not less than 50 appointments, according to the terms of the notice, will be made in England in 1919 by the Secretary of State for India, and not less than 25 will be made in India by the Government of India. Applications for appointment in India in 1919 should be addressed to the

Central Employment and Labour Board, Simla. Such applications will be accepted up to the 15th July 1919.

3. Selected candidates, whether appointed in 1919 or in 1920, will finally be graded entirely according to age; and they will draw pay as follows, under the time scale mentioned in paragraph 8 of the notice, according to their ages on the 1st August preceding their reporting themselves for duty, namely:

	Rs.
Ages 19, 20 and 21 years	350
Ages 22 and 23 years	450
Ages 24 and 25 years	450

4. In addition to the above, it is intended to appoint a number of Indians also in 1919 and 1920. A separate announcement regarding these appointments will be published later.

NOTICE.

INDIAN POLICE FORCE.

The Secretary of State for India in Council has decided not to hold any competitive examination, during the years 1919 and 1920, for admission into the Indian (Imperial) Police Service, but to make appointments by nomination as described below from among gentlemen who have rendered military service during the war.

2. *Conditions of eligibility.*—Selection will be confined to candidates who have rendered military service during the period of hostilities. Every candidate must also be a British subject of European descent, and at the time of his birth his father must have been a British subject, either natural born or naturalised in the United Kingdom. In cases of doubt whether a candidate satisfies these conditions, the decision of the Secretary of State for India in Council, and, where nomination is made in India, that of the Government of India, will be final. Candidates must have been born on or after the 2nd June 1894 and on or before the 1st August 1900, and must be unmarried. They must be certified by their Commanding Officers to be of good moral character and physically fit for service in India. They must have been educated up to a reasonable standard such as is normally required for Sandhurst and it may further be necessary to subject them to a qualifying educational test. A percentage of vacancies will probably be filled by appointment in India.

3. *Medical examination.*—Selected candidates will be required to undergo an examination by a medical board as to their physique and capacity for active out-door work in the plains of India. Instructions as to the date and time of this examination will be issued in due course.

4. *Riding tests.*—Those who have passed the medical examination and satisfy the other requisite conditions will be appointed as probationers. They will then be examined as to their ability to ride, and will be required as hitherto to obtain before appointment—

(*a*) a certificate that they are able to ride well and perform journeys on horse back, or

(*b*) a certificate of minimum proficiency in riding.

In the latter case they will be subjected after appointment to such further test in riding as may be prescribed by their Government, and will not be appointed Assistant Superintendents of Police until they shall have passed such tests to the satisfaction of their Governments.

5. *Allotment to Provinces.*—Selected candidates who have successfully passed the above-mentioned tests will be allotted, as probationers, to one or other province on a consideration of all the circumstances, including their own wishes; but the requirements of the public service will rank before every other consideration. The allotment will also be subject to the right of the Government of India to make transfers between provinces if necessary.

6. *Uniform, etc.*—It is an ordinary condition of appointment to the Police Department that a probationer should provide himself with—

(*a*) either a uniform or the cost of it, and

(*b*) not less than £30 for the purchase of a horse and saddlery in India.

7. Free passages to India will be provided for candidates who are appointed in England, but any probationer resigning his appointment within three years on any ground but that of health, supported by a medical certificate, will be required to refund the cost of his passage.

8. *Salary.*—His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has been pleased to sanction revised rates of pay for officers of the Imperial Police of the rank of Deputy Inspector General and downwards with effect from the 1st January 1919. From that date onward there will be two scales of pay, a senior and a junior. Officers will draw pay in the senior or the junior scale according as they are holding superior appointments (i.e., Superintendents of Police and upwards) or not. The scales will be as follows:—

Years of service.	Junior scale. Rs. per mensem.	Senior scale. Rs. per mensem.	Years of service.	Junior scale. Rs. per mensem.	Senior scale. Rs. per mensem.	Years of service.	Junior scale. Rs. per mensem.	Senior scale Rs. per mensem.
1st ..	350	..	10th ..	550	800	19th ..	..	1,150
2nd ..	400	..	11th ..	700	850	20th ..	..	1,250
3rd ..	400	..	12th ..	750	900	21st ..	..	1,300
4th ..	450	500	13th ..	800	950	22nd ..	..	1,300
5th ..	450	600	14th ..	850	1,000	23rd ..	..	1,350
6th ..	500	650	15th ..	900	1,050	24th ..	..	1,350
7th ..	500	650	16th ..	..	1,100	25th and over.	..	1,400
8th ..	550	700	17th ..	..	1,150			
9th ..	(a) 600	750	18th ..	..	(b) 1,200			

(a) *Efficiency bar.*—An officer who is not considered fit for a superior appointment will not be allowed to rise above Rs. 600 in the Junior scale.

(b) *Efficiency bar.*—An officer who is not considered fit to hold charge of a first class district will not be allowed to rise above Rs. 1,200.

The scale for Deputy Inspectors General of Police commences at Rs. 1,800 a month and rises to Rs. 2,000 by annual increments of Rs. 100.

Officers at present entitled to exchange compensation allowance will retain this right to draw the allowance whenever the rate of exchange renders it admissible again in the future.

9. *Period of probation.*—Probationers will be required to qualify by passing the necessary departmental examinations (as well as the riding test if necessary vide rule 4) within two years of their arrival in India or date of appointment if nominated in India.

10. *Liability of probationers to removal.*—Any probationer who may fail to pass the prescribed examinations within two years, or be found unfit for police duty, will be liable to removal from the service. Any probationer so removed from the service will be furnished with a free passage to England, provided he utilizes such passage within three months from the date of such removal.

11. *Promotion after probation.*—No probationer will be eligible for promotion, either acting or substantive, until he has passed the prescribed departmental examinations including the riding test.

12. *Leave, pension, and provident fund.*—Officers joining the Indian Police under these conditions will be eligible for leave and other concessions in accordance with the provisions of the Civil Service Regulations and other regulations which may be issued from time to time.

13. *Articles of agreement.*—Probationer will be required to sign articles of agreement, describing the terms and conditions of their appointment before the appointment is made.

Ootacamund, July 1, 1919.

No. 679.—Under the provisions of section 6 of the Indian Registration Act, XVI of 1908, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, from and after the 1st August 1919, the two villages hereinafter named in column 2, which now form part of the registration sub-districts mentioned against them in column 3 in the district of Ramnad, be transferred to, and form part of the registration sub-districts mentioned against them in column 4 in the same district. The limits of the villages shall be the limits which shall, from time to time, be determined for administrative purposes.

Serial number (1)	Name of village. (2)	Sub-district to which the village is now attached. (3)	Sub-district to which the village is transferred. (4)
	ARUPPUKOTTAI TALUK.		
	Sivaganga Zamin (Inam).		
1	Pullanvel	Tirukuli	Manamadura.
	TIRUPPATTUR TALUK.		
	Sivaganga Zamin (Inam).		
1	Kurichiyayal	Devakottai	Karaikudi.

Ootacamund, July 4, 1919.

No. 680.—Whereas there is reason to believe that that section of the tribe of Valayas which resides in the villages of Karamattampatti, Tekkalur, Sevvandampalaiyam, Giddempalaiyam, Mudumpatti and the hamlets of Moppiripalaiyam other than Valayapalaiyam in the Palladam taluk of the Coimbatore district is addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences, the Governor in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 6 of the Criminal Tribes Act, 1911, hereby declares that the said section of Valayas is a criminal tribe for the purposes of the said Act.

Under section 10 of the said Act, the Governor in Council further directs that every registered member of the said criminal tribe shall, in the prescribed manner, report himself at fixed intervals and shall also notify his place of residence and any change or intended change of residence and any absence or intended absence from his residence.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

(Miscellaneous.)

MARRIAGE LICENCE.

Ootacamund, July 4, 1919.

No. 74.—Under section 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the Governor in Council sanctions the issue of a license to M. R. Ry. Stephen Devaprasatham of the Ceylon and India General Mission, residing at Andiyur in the taluk of Bhavani in the district of Coimbatore to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians in accordance with the provisions of the said Act within the territories under the administration of the Government of Madras.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Octacamund, July 8, 1919.

No. 34.— Statement of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure of the Government of Madras for April 1919.

REVENUE.	Current year. April 1919.	Current year. April 1919 to	Current year. Budget proportion.	Current year. Budget estimate, 1919–1920	Previous year. April 1918.	Previous year. April 1918 to	Actuals, 1918–1920, compared with Budget proportion figure under.	EXPENDITURE.	Current year. April 1919.	Current year. April 1919 to	Current year. Proportionate altered grant.	Current year. Budget estimate, 1919–1920	Previous year. April 1918	Previous year. April 1918 to	Actuals, 1918–1920, compared with proportion thereof to altered grant plus or minus.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Civil Receipts.								**Civil Charges.**							
I.—Land Revenue	33,49,600	..	46,25,000	2,00,78,000	41,62,000	..	— 5,81,000	1. Refunds and Drawbacks ..	31,413	..	18,000	2,10,000	34,736	..	+ 8,413
IV.—Stamps	6,48,682	..	6,33,000	32,50,000	8,32,000	..	+ 8,000	2. Assignments and Compensations ..	14,028	..	81,000	3,10,000	21,268	..	— 6,972
								3. Land Revenue	10,01,842	..	10,14,000	1,01,52,000	9,64,038	..	+ 37,804
V.—Excise	18,31,657	..	13,91,000	1,24,00,000	16,22,762	..	+ 3,10,007	4. Stamps	18,613	..	13,000	1,31,000	18,697	..	+ 3,613
								5. Forest	83,280	..	83,000	11,73,000	79,121	..	+ 80
								7. Excise	9,402	..	6,000	55,000	2,782	..	+ 610
VIII.—Income-tax	5,31,829	..	8,22,000	38,96,000	3,20,644	..	+ 2,11,185	10. Income-tax	2,20,597	..	2,65,000	31,88,000	3,15,507	..	— 19,103
IX.—Forest	2,39,218	..	2,33,000	49,38,000	2,02,214	..	+ 6,218	11. Forest	1,54,881	..	1,54,000	16,20,000	1,66,456	..	— 11,581
X.—Registration	1,40,620	..	1,26,001	47,10,000	1,00,500	..	+ 39,051	12. Registration	..	..	..	4,36,000	..	..	..
XII.—Interest	65,349	..	76,000	6,28,000	49,100	..	— 10,560	13. Interest on Ordinary Debt ..	1,80,547	..	1,84,000	17,29,000	1,69,191	..	+ 11,356
XVI-A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law.	87,650	..	83,000	10,01,000	90,389	..	— 2,739	14. General Administration	7,18,726	..	6,67,000	68,74,000	7,07,311	..	+ 11,415
								15-A. Law and Justice—Courts of Law.	2,14,007	..	1,94,000	18,93,000	1,80,618	..	+ 33,389
XVI-B.—Law and Justice—Jails.	6,647	..	20,000	7,08,000	41,564	..	— 34,917	15-B. Law and Justice—Jails ..	10,87,000	..	1,36,01,000	8,28,173	..	..	+ 2,810
XVII.—Police	47,847	..	40,000	8,48,000	48,035	..	+ 7,847	16. Police	6,83,134	..	6,83,000	49,000	6,79,000	..	+ 4,134
XVIII.—Ports and Pilotage ..	..	..	..	1,000	..	..	..	21. Ports and Pilotage	890	..	1,000	2,000	1,030	..	— 140
XIX.—Education	61,318	..	8,000	6,20,000	8,188	..	+ 53,130	23. Education	3,00,880	..	3,00,000	1,28,98,000	2,44,492	..	+ 56,388
XX-A.—Medical	62,358	..	7,000	2,75,000	24,038	..	+ 38,320	24. Medical	2,00,301	..	2,02,000	18,67,000	1,51,124	..	— 697
XX-B.—Sanitation	1,942	..	1,000	18,000	1,840	..	+ 102	24-A. Medical	46,003	..	46,000	24,30,000	44,010	..	+ 93
XXII.—Agriculture	14,319	..	14,000	6,74,000	14,803	..	+ 319	24-B. Sanitation	6,069	..	6,000	82,000	8,065	..	+ 69
XXI-A.—Agriculture	33,046	..	38,000	13,56,000	87,398	..	— 41,352	25. Political	1,23,398	..	1,27,000	20,42,000	81,519	..	+ 38,567
XXI-B.—Scientific and Miscellaneous Departments.								26-A. Agriculture	75,280	..	1,05,000	29,72,000	80,983	..	— 29,714
								26-B. Scientific and Miscellaneous Departments.							
XXII.—Receipts in aid of superannuations, etc.	10,681	..	13,000	1,47,000	71,804	..	— 881	29. Superannuations, etc.	8,56,248	..	2,98,000	87,86,000	8,16,952	..	+ 1,289
								30. Stationery and Printing	41,744	..	46,000	14,84,000	34,000	..	+ 4,324
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing.	10,425	..	12,000	5,41,000	11,513	..	— 1,475	31. Miscellaneous	35,431	..	35,000	18,22,000	57,059	..	+ 431
XXV.—Miscellaneous ..	6,162	..	8,000	2,84,000	8,516	..	— 2,338	33. Famine Relief—							
XXIX.—Major Works—								Civil Officers	12,624	..	16,000	27,000	..	..	— 4,376
Direct Receipts ..	4,710	..	6,000	1,81,000	6,020	..	— 1,294	Public Works Officers	8,195	..	24,000	23,000	..	..	+ 14,614
XXX.—Minor Works and Navigation—								40. Major Works—							
Civil Officers ..	1,966	..	2,000	21,000	1,444	..	— 34	Working Expenses	50,185	..	50,000	8,82,000	66,052	..	— 9,795
Public Works Officers.	7,526	..	12,000	2,90,000	9,331	..	— 3,974	Interest on Debt	..	..	..	16,69,000	..	..	..
								42. Minor Works and Navigation—							
XXXI.—Civil Works—								Civil Officers	12,994	..	18,000	3,40,000	12,400	..	— 5,006
Civil Officers ..	356	..	1,000	18,000	4,014	..	— 614	Public Works Officers	1,43,316	..	2,28,000	38,80,000	2,08,475	..	— 65,743
Public Works Officers.	15,079	..	21,000	4,26,000	26,655	..	+ 74	55. Civil Works—							
								Civil Officers	20,872	..	22,000	86,84,000	40,383	..	— 878
								Public Works Officers	6,81,319	..	5,40,000	68,87,000	6,88,314	..	+ 31,000
Total, Revenue ..	72,00,531	..	74,46,000	5,35,51,000	72,67,950	..	— 1,66,413	Total, Expenditure ..	56,49,516	..	47,34,000	5,50,22,000	52,80,569	..	+ 9,15,950

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Acting Chief Secretary.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Ootacamund, June 24, 1919.

No. 219.—Under article 300 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. H. A. Perrie, fourth-grade Appraiser, Madras Custom-house, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from 1st July 1919.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Ootacamund, July 4, 1919.

No. 220.—Under article 837 of the Civil Service Regulations, M.R.Ry. K. Rangaswami Ayyangar Avargal, Deputy Collector, fourth grade, is granted an extension of leave on private affairs for three months from 27th June 1919.

CANCELLATION OF LEAVE.

Ootacamund, June 24, 1919.

No. 221.—Notification No. 197, dated 14th June 1919, granting privilege leave for six weeks to M.R.Ry. M. Muniswami Nayudu Garu, published on page 744 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th June 1919, is cancelled.

APPOINTMENTS.

Ootacamund, June 27, 1919.

No. 222.—The following appointments in the Salt, Abkari and Customs department are ordered :—

Sergeant Robert Edward Willmott and Mr. Ewart Virtue Miller are appointed as probationary Inspectors in the Salt, Abkari and Customs department.

POSTINGS.

Ootacamund, July 4, 1919.

No. 223.—The following postings of deputy collectors are ordered :—

M.R.Ry. Vriddachalam S. Somasundaram Pillai Avargal, to general duty, Trichinopoly.

M.R.Ry. Yedapadi Venkatasubba Srinivasa Ayyar Avargal, from general duty, Trichinopoly to general duty, Ramnad.

[*Note.*—This cancels the posting of M.R.Ry. V. S. Somasundaram Pillai Avargal, to general duty, Madura, and of M.R.Ry. S. V. Natesanam Avargal, to general duty, Ramnad, ordered in notification No. 216, dated 26th June 1919, published at page 820 of part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 1st July 1919.]

PROMOTIONS.

Ootacamund, June 24, 1919.

No. 224.—The following promotions in the Madras Custom-house are ordered :—

M.R.Ry. Mysore Muniswami Nayudu Garu, fifth-grade Appraiser, to act as fourth-grade Appraiser, *vice* Mr. H. A. Perrie granted leave.

Mr. Arthur Wilfrid Kennedy, Preventive Officer on Rs. 150 sub. *pro tem.*, to act as fifth-grade Appraiser, *vice* M.R.Ry. M. Muniswami Nayudu Garu.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Ootacamund, June 5, 1919.

No. 225.—In exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 43, sub-section (1) of the Income-tax Act VII of 1918, the Governor in Council directs that the following addition shall be made to rule 33 (i) of the rules published in the Financial (Separate Revenue) Department Notification No. 23, dated 28th May 1918, on pages 570—581 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 4th June 1918 :—

"If the tax on the average net profits during the period covered by the last preceding valuation is less than the average of the tax deducted at the source from the interest income derived from investments in the same period, a refund of the amount by which such deduction from interest exceeds the tax payable on the average net profits should be allowed."

Ootacamund, June 14, 1919.

No. 226.—In the notifications specified below which were published under the Madras Estates Land Act I of 1908 in respect of the villages noted against each, the words "Special Settlement Officer, No. V Party," "Special Settlement Officer of Party V" or "Special Settlement Officer in charge of Revenue Settlement Party No. V" include any officer in charge of Revenue Settlement Party No. V.

Notification number.	Date and page of the *Fort St. George Gazette* in which the notification was published.	Name of the village to which the notification applies.	
241	Part I, page 1036, dated 10th June 1913	Baruva ...	
656	" " 1689 " 8th December 1914	Pedda Tungam ...	
249	" " 484 " 8th June 1915	Tandipuram ...	
157	" " 339 " 13th April 1915	Villages of Hemma estate.	
25	" " 63 " 11th January 1916	Polsai ...	Ganjam district.
42	" " 113 " 25th January 1916	Korlam. ...	
13	" " 26 & 27 " 2nd January 1917	Sandhikottaru and seven other villages of the Mandasa estate.	
28	" " 130 " 28th January 1919	Jhadobondha.	
69	" " 347 " 4th March 1919	Konitivada ...	Kistna district.
		Padamamidipalli ...	
		Ravipadu ...	
		Kalagampadi ...	
		Gollaprolu ...	Godavari district.
352	" " 1066 " 14th August 1917	Yadlarupadu ...	Nellore district.

Ootacamund, July 3, 1919.

No. 227.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

SEPARATE REVENUE—EXCESS PROFITS DUTY.

Simla, the 23rd June 1919.

No. 1549-F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) and clauses (*b*), (*c*) and (*d*) of sub-section (2) of section 12 of the Excess Profits Duty Act, 1919 (X of 1919), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following rules:—

Short title. 1. These rules may be called the Excess Profits Duty Rules, 1919.

Definitions. 2. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*a*) "the Act" means the Excess Profits Duty Act, 1919 (X of 1919);
(*b*) "section" means a section of the Act;
(*c*) "Board" means a Board of Referees appointed under section 5; and
(*d*) "duty" means excess profits duty.

Changes of Ownership.

Where change of ownership has occurred between 1st of April 1912 and the beginning of the accounting period. 3. Where between the 1st April 1912 and the beginning of the accounting period there has been a change of ownership of the business, the standard profits shall be determined in accordance with clause (*a*) of sub-section (*d*) of section 6, except in cases where the person by whom duty is payable in respect of the business makes an application that the provisions of the Act shall apply as if there had not been a change of ownership.

Limitation for and contents of application under rule 3. 4. (*1*) An application under rule 3 shall be presented to the Collector at the time of furnishing the particulars referred to in section 11;

Provided that the Collector may receive an application after that date if he is satisfied that the applicant had sufficient cause for not presenting it before that date.

(2) An application shall state which of the options specified in clause (1) of sub-section (1) of section 6 the applicant elects for the determination of the standard profits of the business.

5. Where there has been a change of ownership during the accounting period the duty shall be assessed separately for the portions of the accounting period corresponding to the different ownerships. The duty may be assessed for each portion of the accounting period on any person owning or carrying on the business immediately before the end of such portion, and each of such portions shall be deemed to be the accounting period for the purposes of the proviso to section 4 and of clause (2) and the first proviso to clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 6; and in all such cases the provisions of section 6 shall apply for the determination of the standard profits of the business as if there had not been a change of ownership.

When change of ownership has occurred during the accounting period.

Rule 6. On receipt of an application under rule 4 and in the case of an assessment under rule 5, the Collector shall determine the standard profits of the business according to the method desired by the person by whom duty is payable and may make such modifications in applying the Act and these rules as may be necessary to make the basis on which the standard profits are determined the same as that on which the profits of the accounting period are ascertained.

Method of assessment.

7. Where under rule 5 duty is assessed on a person in respect of the profits of a business for a period of less than one year, the standard profits of the business shall be proportionately reduced and the proviso to section 4 shall be construed as if there were substituted for the amount of thirty thousand rupees a proportionately reduced amount.

Modification of standard and minimum profits.

8. Where there has been a change of ownership after the end of the accounting period and before the 1st of April 1919, the duty may be assessed on any person owning or carrying on the business at the end of the accounting period.

Where change of ownership has occurred after the end of the accounting period and before the 1st of April 1919.

Liability in special cases.

[Modification of section 31 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

9. In the case of any agent of any person residing out of British India being in receipt on behalf of such person of any profits chargeable to duty under the Act, the duty may be assessed upon and recovered from such agent in like manner and to the same amount as it might be assessed upon and recovered from any such person if resident in British India and in direct receipt of such profits, and all the provisions of the Act and these rules shall apply accordingly.

Agents.

[Modification of section 32 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

10. In the case of profits chargeable under the Act which are received by an Administrator-General, an Official Trustee or by any receiver or manager (including any person whatever his designation who in fact manages property on behalf of another) appointed by or under any order of a Court, the duty may be assessed upon and recovered from such Administrator-General, Official Trustee, receiver or manager in the like manner and to the same amount as it might be assessed upon and recovered from any person on whose behalf such profits are received, and all the provisions of the Act and these rules shall apply accordingly.

Administrators-General, etc.

[Modification of section 33 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

11. (1) In the case of any person residing out of British India, all profits or gains accruing or arising to such person, whether directly or indirectly, through or from any business connexion in British India shall be deemed to be profits accruing or arising within British India, and, subject to the provisions of the Act and these rules, shall be chargeable to duty in the name of the agent of any such person, and such agent shall be deemed to be for all the purposes of the Act and these rules the person by whom such duty is payable:

Provided that any arrears of duty may be recovered also in accordance with the provisions of these rules from any assets of the non-resident person which are, or may at any time come, within British India.

Non-residents.

(2) Where a person not resident in British India, and not being a British subject or a firm or company constituted within His Majesty's dominions or a branch thereof, carries on business with a person resident in British India, and it appears to the Collector or the Chief Revenue-authority, as the case may be, that, owing to the close connexion between the resident and the non-resident person and to the substantial control exercised by the non-resident over the resident, the course of business between those persons is so arranged that the business done by the resident in pursuance of his connexion with the non-resident produces to the resident either no profits or less than the ordinary profits which might be expected to arise in that business, the profits derived therefrom or which may reasonably be deemed to have been derived therefrom shall, subject to the provisions of the Act and these rules, be chargeable to duty in the name of the resident person who shall be deemed to be, for all the purposes of the Act and these rules, the person by whom such duty is payable.

[Modification of section 34 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

12. Any person employed by or on behalf of a person residing out of British India, or having any business connexion with such person, upon whom the Collector has caused a notice to be served of his intention of treating him as the agent of the non-resident person shall, for the purpose of the Act and these rules, be deemed to be such agent:

Agent to include persons treated as such.

Provided that no person shall be deemed to be the agent of a non-resident person, unless he has had an opportunity of being heard by the Collector as to his liability.

Demand.

[Modification of section 18 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

13. When the Collector has assessed the amount of duty to be paid by a person under section 13, he shall serve on the person a notice of demand in Form I set out in the schedule to these rules specifying the sum so payable.

Notice of demand.

Petitions, Appeals, Reference and Revision.

14. (*1*) Any person (other than a person who has knowingly and wilfully failed to furnish any particulars referred to in section 11) objecting to the amount at which he is assessed under section 13 or denying his liability to be assessed under the Act may by petition apply, and any person dissatisfied with a decision of the Collector under section 7 may appeal to the Chief Revenue-authority.

Petitions against assessment, and appeals under section 8.

[Modification of section 23 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

(*2*) Any person entitled to prefer a petition under sub-rule (*1*) and desiring to prefer both a petition and an appeal shall ordinarily do so at one and the same time.

(*3*) A petition or an appeal or a petition and an appeal shall ordinarily be presented within thirty days of the receipt of the notice of demand:

Provided that the Chief Revenue-authority may receive any petition or appeal after the expiry of that period if it is satisfied that the petitioner or the appellant had sufficient cause for not presenting it within that period.

(*4*) A petition shall be made as nearly as may be in Form II set out in the schedule to these rules, and shall be signed and verified by the petitioner in the manner therein provided.

(*5*) An appeal shall be made as nearly as may be in Form III set out in the schedule to these rules, and shall state which of the matters specified in section 8 the appellant elects.

(*6*) The appeal shall be accompanied by four copies of a concise statement of any facts upon which the appellant relies to support the matters alleged therein.

(*7*) The appeal and the statement shall be signed and verified by the appellant as provided in Form III.

15. (*1*) On receipt of a petition or an appeal or a petition and an appeal under rule 14 (such appeal not being one which the appellant desires to be referred to a Board), the Chief Revenue-authority shall fix a day and place for the hearing of the petition, and on the day and at the place so fixed, or on the day and at the place, if any, to which it may have adjourned the hearing, shall hear the petition or appeal or the petition and appeal and pass such order thereon, conformably to the provisions of section 8, as it thinks fit, and shall communicate such order to the Collector.

Hearing of petitions and appeals by the Chief Revenue-authority.

[Modification of section 29 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

(*2*) When both a petition and an appeal have been preferred by one person and such person desires that the appeal be referred to a Board, the Chief Revenue-authority shall adjourn the hearing of the petition until receipt of the decision of the Board on the appeal, and shall then proceed to hear and to pass such order on the petition, conformably to the provisions of section 8, as it thinks fit, and shall communicate such order to the Collector.

(*3*) When only an appeal has been preferred and such appeal has been referred to a Board under section 8, the Chief Revenue-authority shall, on receipt of the decision of the Board thereon, communicate such decision to the Collector.

(*4*) The Collector on receipt of such order or decision as aforesaid shall, if necessary, serve on the person by whom duty is payable a revised notice of demand as nearly as may be in Form I set out in the schedule to these rules.

16. Where the appellant desires that his appeal be referred to a Board, the Chief Revenue-authority shall obtain from the Collector a copy of the application made to him under section 7 together with a statement of his decision thereon and of the reasons for that decision, and shall forward such statement to the Board together with the appeal and any documents submitted therewith by the appellant.

Forwarding of documents to the Board.

17. The Board shall thereupon fix a day and place for the hearing of the appeal, and shall give at least seven days' notice to the appellant of the day and place so fixed. On such day and thereafter from time to time the Board may adjourn the hearing of the appeal as it thinks fit.

Hearing and adjournment.

18. (*1*) In any proceeding before the Board the Collector may appear in person or by any representative appointed by him in writing, and, subject to the directions of the Board, the Collector or such representative may be heard on the question arising for determination.

Appearance in appeals and petitions.

(*2*) In any proceeding before the Chief Revenue-authority or the Board a petitioner or appellant may appear either in person or by a representative appointed by him in writing.

19. The Collector, the Chief Revenue-authority and the Board shall, for the purposes of any inquiry under the Act or these rules, have the same powers as are vested in a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, when trying a suit, in respect of the following matters:—

Power to take evidence on oath, etc.

[Modification of section 27 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

V of 1908.

(*a*) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath or affirmation;
(*b*) compelling the production of any document, and
(*c*) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses;

and any proceeding before a Collector, a Chief Revenue-authority or a Board under the Act or these rules shall be deemed to be a 'judicial proceeding' within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code.

XLV of 1860.

20. The Chief Revenue-authority may of its own motion call for the record of any assessment proceeding which has been taken by any officer subordinate to it, and may make such inquiry and pass such order thereon as it thinks fit.

Revision.

[Modification of section 29 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

Provided that it shall not pass any order enhancing the sum payable by an assessee without hearing him or giving him a reasonable opportunity of being heard either in person or by a representative appointed by him in writing.

21. If the Collector or Chief Revenue-authority in making any assessment under the Act is satisfied that any person by whom duty is payable has deliberately furnished inaccurate particulars in connexion with any business to which the Act applies, and has thereby caused the standard profits of the business or the profits during the accounting period to be calculated respectively above or below their real amount, the Collector or the Chief Revenue-authority may direct that such person shall pay either on the difference between the amount of profits liable to duty as finally ascertained and the amount of such profits calculated according to the particulars originally returned by him or, if according to such particulars no duty was payable, on the whole amount of profits liable to duty as finally ascertained, a duty at a rate not exceeding one and a half times the rate which would otherwise have been payable:

Penal assessment.

[Modification of section 30 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

Provided that no such order shall be made unless the person has been heard or has been given a reasonable opportunity of being heard:

Provided further that no prosecution for an offence against the Act shall be instituted in respect of the same facts on which a penal assessment is made under this rule.

[Modification of section 35 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

Rectification of mistake.

22. The Collector may at any time within one year from the date of any demand made upon a person by whom duty is payable rectify any mistake in connexion therewith which has been brought to his notice by such person and make a refund to such person in respect thereof.

Recovery of Duty.

[Modification of section 36 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

Tax when payable.

23. The amount of duty or of each instalment of duty specified as payable in a notice of demand under rule 13 or sub-rule (4) of rule 15, or in an order under rule 20 or rule 21 shall be paid within the time, at the place and to the person mentioned in the notice or order, and any person failing so to pay shall be deemed to be in default:

Provided that when a person has presented a petition or an appeal under rule 14 the Collector may treat the person as not being in default so long as such petition or appeal is undisposed of.

[Modification of section 38 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

Mode and time of recovery.

24. (*1*) When a person is in default in making payment of duty or, where instalments have been fixed, of any instalment of duty, the Collector in his discretion, may recover from him a sum not exceeding one and one-tenth times the amount of the duty or instalment, as the case may be, either as if it were an arrear of land revenue, or by any process enforceable for the recovery of an arrear of any municipal tax or local rate imposed under any enactment for the time being in force in any part of the territories administered by the Local Government to which the Collector is subordinate.

(*2*) The Local Government may direct by what authority any powers or duties incident under any such enactment as aforesaid to the enforcement of any process for the recovery of a municipal tax or local rate shall be exercised or performed when that process is employed under sub-rule (*1*) for the recovery of duty.

(*3*) Save in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (*1*) of rule 11, no proceedings for the recovery of any sum payable under the Act or these rules shall be commenced after the 31st of March 1921.

Penalty.

[Modification of section 41 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

Disclosure of information by public servant.

25. All particulars contained in any statement or return made or furnished under the provisions of the Act or these rules shall be treated as confidential, and if a public servant discloses any particulars contained in any statement or return so made or furnished, he shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months, and shall also be liable to fine:

Provided that no prosecution shall be instituted under this rule except with the previous sanction of the Local Government.

Miscellaneous.

[Modification of section 43 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.

Receipts and their contents.

26. When any money is paid under the Act or these rules to the Collector or is recovered thereunder by him, he shall give a receipt in duplicate for the same, specifying—

(*a*) the date of payment or recovery of the money;
(*b*) the amount paid or recovered;
(*c*) the person by whom, and the business in respect of which, the duty was payable;
(*d*) the period in respect of which the duty was payable; and
(*e*) the instalment of duty paid.

[Modification of section 46 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

Service of notice.

27. A notice or requisition under the Act or these rules may be served on the person therein named either by post or by the delivery or tender to him of a copy of the notice or requisition in the manner provided by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the service of summons.

[Modification of section 47 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

Power to declare principal place of business.

28. (*1*) When a person by whom duty is payable has several places of business in territories subject to different Local Governments, the Governor-General in Council may declare which of those places shall, for the purposes of the Act, be deemed to be his principal place of business.

(*2*) When a person by whom duty is payable has several places of business in the territories subject to a single Local Government, that Government may declare which of them shall, for the purposes of the Act, be deemed to be his principal place of business.

(*3*) The powers referred to in this rule may be delegated to, and exercised by, such officers as the Governor-General in Council or the Local Government, as the case may be, may appoint in this behalf.

[Modification of section 48 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

Powers exercisable from time to time.

29. All powers conferred by, or conferrable under, the Act may be exercised from time to time as occasion requires.

[Modification of section 50 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

Delegation of certain powers of Local Government.

30. The Local Government may, by notification in the local official Gazette, delegate to the Chief Revenue-authority all or any of the powers conferred on it by the Act for the appointment of officers to exercise or perform the powers or duties of Collectors or Commissioners, and all or any of the powers referred to in rule 24 and the proviso to rule 25.

[Modification of section 51 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

Statement of case by Chief Revenue-authority to High Court.

31. (*1*) If in the course of any assessment under the Act or these rules or any proceeding in connexion therewith, other than a proceeding under section 12, or sub-section (*2*) of section 17, or rule 26, a question has arisen with reference to the interpretation of any of the provisions of the Act or of these rules, the Chief Revenue-authority or a reference from the Board or from any Revenue Officer subordinate to such Chief Revenue-authority or on its own motion may draw up a statement of the case and refer it, with its own opinion thereon, to the High Court, and shall so refer any such question on the application of a person by whom duty is payable unless it is satisfied that the application is frivolous or that a reference is unnecessary.

(*2*) If the High Court is not satisfied that the statements contained in the case are sufficient to enable it to determine the questions raised thereby, the Court may refer the case back to the Chief

Revenue-authority by which it was stated, to make such additions thereto, or alterations therein, as the Court may direct in that behalf.

(3) The High Court upon the hearing of any such case shall decide the questions raised thereby and shall deliver its judgment thereon containing the grounds on which such decision is founded and shall send to the Chief Revenue-authority by which the case was stated a copy of such judgment under the seal of the Court and the signature of the Registrar; and the Chief Revenue authority shall dispose of the case accordingly, or, if the case arose on reference from the Board or any Revenue Officer subordinate to such Chief Revenue-authority, shall forward a copy of such judgment to the Board or such officer; and the Board or such officer shall dispose of the case conformably to such judgment.

(4) Where a reference is made to the High Court on the application of a person by whom duty is payable, costs shall be in the discretion of the Court.

Bar of suits in Civil Court.

32. No suit shall be brought in any Civil Court to set aside or modify any assessment made under the Act or these rules, and no prosecution, suit or other proceeding shall lie against any Government officer for anything in good faith done or intended to be done under the Act or these rules. [Modification of section 32 of Act VII of 1918 as applied.]

THE SCHEDULE.

[See Rules 13, 19 and 15.]

Form I.

Notice of demand under Rule 13.

Income-Tax Office.
1919.

To

Notice is hereby given that you have been assessed under the Excess Profits Duty Act, 1919 (X of 1919), in the amount and according to the particulars specified below:—

	Rs.
(1) Profits of the accounting period as ascertained in accordance with section 5 (a) / section 5 (b)	..
(2) Standard profits— section 6 (1) (a) / section 6 (1) (b) (i); or section 6 (1) (b) (ii) / section 6 (1) (b) (iii)	..
(3) Excess profits	..
(4) Deduct allowances under section 7, viz.:	..
(5) Net amount of excess profits	..
(6) Excess profits duty at 50 per cent	..
(7) Deduction when (1)—(6) is less than Rs. 30,000 (section 4)	..
(8) Deduction, if any, for income-tax adjustment (section 20 proviso)	..
(9) Net amount payable	..

2 You are hereby required to pay the abovementioned duty to the Collector in this office in equal instalments of within the periods specified below, or to apply by petition, or by appeal under section 6 of the Act, or by both to the Chief Revenue-authority within thirty days from the date of service of this notice to have the assessment reduced or cancelled:—

1st instalment.
2nd instalment.
3rd instalment.

3 Petitions or appeals must, as nearly as circumstances admit, be in the forms prescribed for the same.

4. In case of default in payment of any of the instalments on due date, a sum not exceeding one and a half times the amount of the instalment may be recovered from you under Rule 24.

Collector of Income-tax.

Form II.

Petition against assessment to excess profits duty under rule 14 of the Excess Profits Duty Rules, 1919.

To

The Chief Revenue-authority.

The ——— day of ———, 19.

The petition of ——— Sheweth as follows:—

1. Under the Excess Profits Duty Act, 1919 (X of 1919), the petitioner has been assessed by the Collector of Income-tax, ———, in the sum of Rs. , in respect of the business styled as ———.

2. A copy of the statement sent by the petitioner to the Collector showing which of the options under sections 5 and 6 of the Act he elected for the determination of the profits of the business for the accounting period and the standard profits respectively is presented herewith. The excess profits of the business calculated accordingly are ——— rupees (as will appear from the documents of which a list is presented herewith).

*3. The petitioner further made an application to the Collector under section 7 of the Act (of which a copy is presented herewith) requesting that allowances should be made in calculating the amount of the duty.

The Collector made _____ the following allowances, viz. no allowances

*4. The petitioner is preferring a separate appeal under section 9 of the Act against the decision of the Collector on the above-mentioned application.

5. The petitioner therefore prays that he may be assessed on the difference between the profits in the accounting period and the standard profits as stated in this petition * (subject to such allowances as may be made on his appeal).

Signature _____

I, _____ petitioner in the above petition do solemnly declare that what is stated therein is true to the best of my information and belief.

Signature _____

* When no application has been made under section 7 of the Act or when no appeal is preferred against an order disposing such application, paragraphs 3 and 4 and the words in brackets in paragraph 5 should be omitted. When such application has succeeded in whole or in part and no appeal is preferred paragraph 4 should be omitted and the words "subject to the allowances made by the Collector" should be substituted for the words in brackets in paragraph 5.

FORM III.

Appeal under section 9 against a decision of the Collector under section 7 of the Excess Profits Duty Act, 1919 (X of 1919).

To

The Chief Revenue-authority,

The _____ day of _____ 19

The petition of _____ Sheweth as follows :—

1. Under the Excess Profits Duty Act, 1919 (X of 1919), the appellant has been assessed by the Collector of Income-tax, _____, in the sum of Rs. _____, in respect of the business styled as _____.

2. A copy of the statement sent by the appellant to the Collector showing which of the options under sections 5 and 6 of the Act he elected for the determination of the profits of the business for the accounting period and the standard profits respectively is presented herewith. The assessable profits of the business calculated accordingly are _____ rupees (as will appear from the documents of which a list is presented herewith).

3. The appellant further made an application to the Collector under section 7 of the Act (of which a copy is presented herewith) requesting that allowances should be made in calculating the amount of the duty as follows :—

The Collector made _____ the following allowances, viz. no allowances

The appellant therefore prays that the question of the grant of the allowances applied for by him under section 7 of the Act may be determined by _____ as provided in section 9 of the Act. the Chief Revenue-authority / a Board of Referees

Signature _____

I, _____ appellant named in the above appeal, do solemnly declare that what is stated therein and in the † statement of facts therewith submitted is true to the best of my information and belief.

Signature _____

† NOTE.—Cf. Rule 14 (c) —"The appeal shall be accompanied by four copies of a concise statement of any facts upon which the petitioner relies to support the matters alleged therein."

No. 228.—The following press communiqué of the Government of India is republished :—

PRESS COMMUNIQUÉ.

Simla, the 24th June 1919.

In their Notification No. 1180-F., dated the 9th May 1919, the Government of India published a draft of certain rules which they proposed to make under the Excess Profits Duty Act, 1919. They have received criticisms and suggestions from various local Governments and commercial bodies, and the rules as finally determined have been published in their Notification No. 1848 F., dated the 23rd June 1919. The following are the principal modifications which have been made :—

(*a*) the time within which an application under Rule 3 has to be made has been considerably extended ;

(*b*) provision has been made in Rule 13 (1) for the appearance of a petitioner or appellant before the Chief Revenue authority or Board of Referees in person or by his representative ;

(c) the penalty for default in making payment of duty has been reduced from one half to one-tenth of the amount due; and

(d) certain further particulars have been added to the form of receipt and it has also been prescribed that this shall be given in duplicate, which it is understood will be a convenience to assessees.

3. From the letters which have been received on this subject it appears that certain points in connexion with the Act and the rules require some elucidation. It does not for example seem to be generally appreciated that a change in the partnership constitutes of a firm is a change of ownership of the business. There is also an apprehension that a person whom the Collector has decided to treat as the agent of a non-resident person under Rule 12 has no remedy. This however is not the case, because he can, under clause (1) of Rule 14, prefer a petition to the Chief Revenue-authority denying his liability to assessment. In this connexion it has been represented that Form II attached to the rules is not appropriate for a petitioner denying such liability. The rule prescribes that petitions or appeals shall be preferred "as nearly as may be" in this form and it has consequently not been thought necessary to provide either by an addition to this form or by a separate form for petitions of this nature, as the grounds on which these will be based will probably be peculiar to each particular case. It has also been suggested that an appeal should lie against an order of the Collector under section 14 of the Act regarding the instruments in which the duty is to be paid. A discretion in this matter is allowed by the Act to the Collector and it contains no provision for such an appeal; but in order to ensure that the manner of its application is uniform throughout the country instructions will be given to Collectors that 15th October 1919, and the 5th January and the 15th March 1920 should be fixed as the dates for payment of instalments. In regard to the constitution of Boards of Referees under section 8 of the Act, it may be noted that the Government of India do not contemplate that the appellant should be consulted as of right regarding the non-official members of the Board in every particular case, but they are confident that the local Governments who will form the Boards will be prepared to consider any reasonable objections adduced by appellants to the personnel selected to consider their case.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Ootacamund, June 25, 1919.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 1·0 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the burial ground of Roman Catholics in Salempalem; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar, Divi, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar, Divi, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Kistna district, Divi taluk, Salempalem village.

	Acres.
Personal inam, dry, No. 14-1-2, belonging to Bommagunti Purushottam and Prabhala Varalakshmamma, wife of Narasimhum of Mantipalem, bounded on the north by No. 14 C-1, east by No. 19; south by No. 14 D; west by No. 14 C-1	1·0

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 5·93 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for extension of village-site and construction of a fresh water tank, and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Masulipatam, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Masulipatam, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Kistna district, Divi taluk, Lingareddipalem village.

	Acres.
Assessed ryotwari, dry, No. 2926-1, belonging to Repalli Venkata Krishnayya, bounded on the north by No. 2918; east by No. 2924; south by No. 2931; west by No. 2974	1·55
Assessed ryotwari, dry, No. 2925-1, belonging to Repalli Venkata Krishnayya, bounded on the north by No. 2920, east by No. 2931; south by No. 2911; west by No. 2974	0·26
Assessed ryotwari, dry, No. 2924-1, belonging to Repalli Venkata Krishnayya, bounded on the north by No. 2918; east by No. 2926, south by No. 2924; west by No. 2974	1·65
Assessed ryotwari, dry, No. 2923-2, belonging to Repalli Venkata Krishnayya, bounded on the north by No. 2919; east by No. 2921; south by No. 2926, west by No. 2923	1·19
Total ..	5·93

A. F. G. MOSCARDI,
Temp. Addl. Secretary to Government.

REVENUE (SPECIAL) DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

Ootacamund, July 1, 1919.

No. 269.—Under section 3 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. T. Nataraja Pillai Avargal, President of the Lalgudi Union, as an Honorary Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies and to confer on him so much of the powers of a Registrar as are covered by rule XII of the rules issued under the Act in respect of disputes arising in the societies in the Trichinopoly district and transferred to him by the Assistant Registrar, Coimbatore. M.R.Ry. Nataraja Pillai Avargal will hold office until the 31st December 1920.

No. 270.—Under section 3 of the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R Ry. Rao Bahadur V. Ramaswami Ayyangar Avargal, the President of the Dharmapuri Urban Bank, an Honorary Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, and to confer on him so much of the powers of a Registrar as are covered by rule XII of the rules issued under the Act in respect of disputes arising in the Uttangarai, Dharmapuri and Krishnagiri taluks of the Salem district and transferred to him by the Assistant Registrar, Salem. M.R Ry. Rao Bahadur V. Ramaswami Ayyangar will hold office until 31st December 1920.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Ootacamund, June 27, 1919.

No. 268.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3, clause (*a*) of the Madras Agricultural Pests and Diseases Act, 1919, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the 'stem weevil' (*Sphenoptera affinis*) and the 'pink boll worm' (*Gelechia gossypiella*) are insect-pests in respect of Cambodia cotton. In order to eradicate these insect-pests the Governor in Council directs, under section 3, clauses (*b*) and (*c*) of the Act that all Cambodia cotton plants in the Coimbatore district exclusive of the Kollegal taluk be pulled completely out of the ground and allowed to wither before the 1st August in each year.

Ootacamund, July 3, 1919.

No. 271.—In pursuance of section 3 of the Articles of Commerce Ordinance (No. IX of 1914) read with the Emergency Legislation Act, 1915 (No. I of 1915), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that rice is being unreasonably withheld from the market in the district of South Kanara.

No. 272.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

PURCHASE SCHEMES.

Simla, the 14th June 1919.

No. 4133.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following entries shall be deleted, with effect from the 15th June 1919, from the schedule appended to the Notification in this Department No. 138-D., dated the 18th January 1918, as subsequently amended viz :—

"(*a*) Avaram bark."
"(*a*) Konnam bark."

CUSTOMS—WAR.

Simla, the 14th June 1919.

No. 4135.—The following Royal Proclamation is published for general information :—

By the King.

A PROCLAMATION

RELATING TO THE IMPORTATION OF CERTAIN ARTICLES INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS by Section forty-three of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876, it is provided that the importation of arms, ammunition, gunpowder, or any other goods may be prohibited by Proclamation :

AND WHEREAS by certain Proclamations entitled Prohibition of Import Proclamations the importation of certain goods has been prohibited accordingly :

AND WHEREAS it is expedient that the importation into the United Kingdom of certain other goods should be prohibited :

NOW, therefore, We, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, in pursuance of the said Act and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby proclaim, direct and ordain as follows :—

As from and after the date hereof, subject as hereinafter provided, the importation into the United Kingdom of the following articles is hereby prohibited, viz.—

Potash salts, namely, Potassium carbonate, bicarbonate, chlorate, perchlorate, chloride or muriate, chromate and bichromate, cyanide, ferrocyanide or yellow prussiate, hydrate or caustic, nitrate, permanganate, sulphate, including potash alums and potash mineral salts and mixtures containing any of these substances.

Saccharin and mixtures containing saccharin and other substances of like nature and use.

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that this prohibition shall not apply to any such goods which are imported under licence given by or on behalf of the Board of Trade, and subject to the provisions and conditions of such licence

This Proclamation may be cited as the Prohibition of Import (No. 31) Proclamation, 1919

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Eighth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and in the Tenth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FORESTS.

Simla, the 20th June 1919.

No. 871-98-11.—The services of Mr. C. J. F. Van Haeften, Probationary Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests on the Madras list, are placed at the disposal of the Superintendent of Port Blair, for employment in the Andamans Forest Department, with effect from the afternoon of the 30th May 1919.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

Simla, the 21st July 1919.

No. 4283.—The following Supplement to the War Trade Department list, dated the 2nd May 1919, on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom is published for general information:—

BOARD OF TRADE,
EXPORT LICENCE DEPARTMENT,
WESTMINSTER, S.W. 1.
9th May 1919.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE LIST OF EXPORT PROHIBITED GOODS, ETC., OF THE 2ND MAY 1919.

The List of Export Prohibited Goods, etc., dated the 2nd May 1919, has been further amended by notice published in the "Board of Trade Journal" of the 8th May, as follows:—

LIST A AND B

Substitute the following for the paragraph "Guarantees against Re-Export, etc.":—

Consignment to Importing Associations, etc., (or in the case of Denmark Guarantees against Re-Export) are not required for the following Export Prohibited Goods:—

Drugs, etc., the following:—	Iron and steel manufactures prohibited by name on List A. or B. (except arms and munitions, and their components and accessories).
Barium sulphate,	
Betanaphthol,	
Opium and its alkaloids and preparations.	Medicines, proprietary and patent, containing quinine, cocaine, santonic, and liver oil, opium or opium alkaloids.
Dyes and dyestuffs.	
Fruit, fresh, and fruit juice unsweetened,	Spirits, potable.
Iron, pig.	Steel, scrap
Iron, scrap.	

The following headings should be *deleted*:—

Heading.

(a) Henbane.	(A) Silk yarn, artificial.
(A) Iron billets, blooms and slabs.	(A) Steel billets, blooms and slabs.
(A) Iron ore.	(A) Steel ingots.
(A) Iron sheet bars.	(A) Steel sheet bars.
(A) Malt extract and preparations containing malt extract.	

The following headings should be *amended*:—

Delete:—	*Substitute*:—
(A) Cocoa, raw, and manufactures thereof, except cocoa butter.	(A) Cocoa, raw, and manufactures thereof, except cocoa butter and cocoa powder. (Cocoa powder now comes under List C.)
(A) Potassium permanganate.	(A) Potassium permanganate.

The following headings should be *added*:—

(A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifle and shot gun cartridges. (See, however, Appendix No. 4 contained in this supplement)

Substitute the following for:—

APPENDIX No. 1-A.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR EXPORT OF LIST "C" GOODS TO NORWAY, SWEDEN, DENMARK, HOLLAND AND SWITZERLAND.

An Open General Licence has been issued allowing goods on Section "C" of the prohibited List, including goods on Sections "A" or "B" which have been transferred to Section "C" by open general licence (Appendix No. 1, but not including any goods contained in Section "D" to be exported freely *by freight* from this country to Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland and Switzerland, on the following terms:—

Norway and Sweden.—Individual guarantees in respect of exports are no longer required, but the goods must be consigned to the appropriate Import Associations. In order that the method of consignment may be checked, an arrangement has been made whereby shippers are to forward the

* These headings now come under List "C." See, however, List of Free Goods.

Customs Shipping Bills or Specifications (whichever are required under Customs regulations) to the Export Licence Department, 4, Central Buildings, Westminster, S. W. 1 (in envelopes marked "Shipping Section") for approval. Should the exporter actually have received a guarantee against re-export in respect of the transaction, it should be forwarded with the Shipping Bill or specification, and if the guarantee has previously been sent to this department, the reference number of the relative papers should be furnished. The Shipping Bills or Specifications will be amended, if necessary, and returned to the shippers stamped "approved." Upon the production of approved Shipping Bills or Specifications shipment will be allowed by H. M. Customs without any form of guarantee, subject to the usual Customs formalities. This procedure will not apply to any individual licences which have already been issued, or which may hereafter be issued in special cases.

Should exporters prefer, they may forward to this department a duplicate of the usual advice sent to their shipping agents in lieu of a Shipping Bill or Specification. The advice will then be stamped and returned to them or to their shipping agents if requested) for production to the Customs with the usual Shipping Bill or Specification. Documents addressed to the Shipping Branch of the Export Licence Department will be dealt with at once and will be despatched to exporters by return post.

Denmark.—The usual certificates from the Danish Associations must be produced to the Customs at the time of shipment. Where goods covered by one certificate are to be shipped in instalments special arrangements should be made with the Customs on shipment of the first instalment. The certificates need not be produced to the Customs in any case where individual licences have been or may be issued by this department in special cases.

Holland. All goods may be consigned to the Netherland Overseas Trust for account of sub-consignee without the prior production of an N.O.T certificate, though exporters who actually hold certificates should hand them to the Customs at the time of shipment. The same procedure will apply to outstanding licences.

Switzerland.—All consignable goods may be consigned to the Société Suisse de Surveillance Economique for account of the sub-consignee without prior production of any form of certificate, though exporters who actually hold certificates should hand them to the Customs at the time of shipment. A list of consignable goods is given in the "Board of Trade Journal" of the 8th May (the list will be printed in the next issue of the List of Export Prohibited Goods). The same procedure will apply to outstanding licences.

In cases where the Associations specified above refuse generally or specifically to accept consignment and exporters make a declaration to the Customs to this effect, the goods may be consigned to the Inter-Allied Trade Committees in Christiania, Stockholm, Copenhagen, or The Hague, as the case may be, on account of the sub-consignee without the prior production of any document. In the case of Switzerland, consignment of such goods should be made to the British Legation at Berne. Non-consignable goods, not on the "free" list, should also be consigned to the British Legation at Berne.

The local Inter-Allied Trade Committee (or the British Legation, as the case may be) will endorse the Bills of Lading (without any financial liability) on receipt of satisfactory guarantee from the importer.

Further information will be given as soon as it is known which of the above-mentioned Associations are prepared to accept consignment. Meantime consignors should get into touch with consignees in respect of goods which will be ready for shipment in the next few weeks, with a view to ascertaining whether the appropriate Association will accept consignment or not.

Applications for licences should continue to be made to the Export Licence Department (4, Central Buildings, Westminster, S.W. 1) for all goods on Sections "A," "B" or "D" of the Prohibited List. Application should also be made for the following goods on Section "C":—

(a) goods to be despatched by parcel post;
(b) goods intended for the personal use of the recipient;
(c) isolated trade transactions not exceeding £5 in value.

In each case [except as regards (b) and (c) above for which guarantees are usually waived] exporters should state whether the appropriate Importing Association is willing to accept consignment of the goods, and if the Association has refused to accept consignment, generally or specifically, that fact should be stated.

APPENDIX No. 2.

LIST OF FREE GOODS.

Add the following:—

Fancy hand-bags for ladies' use.
Fancy goods of abesto, vulcanite and xylonite.
Henbane (*Hyoscyamus*).
Toilet requisites, excluding soap.

Amend the following headings:—

Delete:—	*Substitute*:—
Iron and steel manufactures, etc.	Iron and steel manufactures, except manufactures of high-speed steel (*i.e.*, goods made wholly or mainly of steel containing tungsten or (molybdenum), arms and munitions and their components and accessories, and articles prohibited by name on List A or B. (Under this definition free export is allowed of tinplate, terne-plates, black plates, galvanised plates and sheets, etc.)
Medicines, proprietary and patent, etc.	Medicines, proprietary and patent, except such as contain quinine, cocaine, santonin, cod liver oil, opium or opium alkaloids. (Medicines, etc., containing malt and malt extract are now included on the free list.)

Add the following :—

APPENDIX No. 4.

Open General Licence for export of cartridges, charges, etc., to certain destinations.

An open General Licence has been issued for the export of cartridges, charges, etc., and industrial explosives to the destinations given below, to which, therefore, exports may be made subject to the usual Customs formalities without applications for specific licences to the Export Licence Department :—

America: Canada and Newfoundland, United States, West Indies, Colombia, Peru, Chile, Argentine, Uruguay, Brazil.

Africa: Gold Coast, Belgian Congo, Union of South Africa, Portuguese East Africa, Egypt, Mauritius.

Asia: Cyprus, India, Ceylon, Hong Kong, Straits Settlements, Japan, Korea, Russia.

Australia and New Zealand.

Europe: France, Belgium, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Italy, Serbia.

The issue of this licence does not relieve exporters from the necessity of obtaining import permits from the country of destination in cases where local regulations render such a course necessary.

No. 4236.—The following extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 8th May 1919, are published for general information :—

BOARD OF TRADE.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

Further Relaxations.

The President of the Board of Trade, after duly considering the recommendations of the Consultative Council on Imports, has given the following further directions in regard to the Prohibitions of Import :—

The restrictions on the importation of the following goods are to be removed

(76) Drawn thread work

(77) Men's and boy's clothing.

(78) Cotton duck packing and other descriptions of packing.

(79) Granite setts and kerbs.

(80) The following implements :—

Hand cultivators.	Potato planters.
Hand drills.	Furrows and root weeders.
Seeders.	Pea harrestors.
Seed-cleaning machines.	Manure scoops.
Horse hoes.	Hay rakes.
Potato diggers.	Corn planters.

(81) Malleable tube fittings.

(82) Pressure regulators, lubricators, greasecups, injectors and ejectors, pump and engine governors, pressure and vacuum gauges.

(83) Expansion joints, iron or brass.

(84) Pressed steel union couplings.

(85) Water gauge fittings.

(86) Steam traps.

(87) Metallic steam packing.

(88) Brass wire, copper wire, copper-clad wire, prosphor wire, coppered steel spring wire, tinned mattress wire, wire, leading to nickelled copper, steel wire coppered and flattened.

(89) Wire rope sockets, drop forged steel.

(90) Copper rods and steel and iron wire rods.

(91) Antimony, crude, regulus and sulphide.

(92) Ampoule files.

(93) Lead capsules for whiskey and other bottles.

(94) Gas irons.

(95) Cattle de-horning instruments.

(96) Mathematical instruments and screws for same.

(97) Gil cases

(98) Spectacle cases of metal.

(99) Hand stamps for numbering and dating, and stapling presses.

(100) Tinned iron spoons and forks.

(101) Rat and mouse traps, wood, with wire springs, etc.

(102) Electrotypes, zinc plates for manufacture of printing plates and mirrors, also copper plates and brass plates.

(103) Empty fruit and vegetable baskets.

(104) Bronze powder.

(105) Waste or scrap rubber.

(106) Gramophones and all musical instruments except harmoniums, organs, pianos, pianolas, and instruments of a similar nature.

LICENCES GRANTED EXCEPTIONALLY.

The importation of the following articles is to be licensed only exceptionally, as and when required :—

(107) Binder twine.

(108) Dressed granite.

(109) Tractors and tractor ploughs.

(110) Arch supports.

(111) Belts for bags and cases.

(112) Chains.
(113) Cycle bells.
(114) Lasers for braces.
(115) Hooks and eyes and press buttons.
(116) Fabrics from mosquito gauze.
(117) Taper pins.
(118) Metal tips for penholders.
(119) Brass rods, tape and strip, brass-coated tubes, brass or copper tubes and brass hose clamps.
(120) Nickel wire, wire paper clips, wire nails and extras, bank wire, wire protector steels.
(121) Horse shoe nails, wire shoe nails, wire hob nails, felt nails (iron and steel), cut nails (iron or steel).
(122) Iron and steel valves, cocks for gas, water and steam and iron foot valves.
(123) Metal fittings for corsets and suspenders.
(124) Scissors of all descriptions under 6 inches.
(125) Surgical and medical instruments.
(126) Spring washers.
(127) Semi rotary pumps.
(128) Steel and iron wire, wire hele ties and galvanised wire
(129) Guns and rifles.
(130) Cartridges.
(131) Methyl alcohol.
(132) Gin.
(133) The following kinds of glass and glassware:—
Scientific (see below for descriptions).
Machinery.
Optical
Miners' lamp glasses and miners' electric lamps.

IMPORTS RESTRICTED.

The importation of the following articles is to be restricted as shown:—
(134) The restrictions on oilcloth are to remain, but licences are to be given freely for all but table baize, blind cloth and leather cloth
(135) The restrictions on woollen goods are to be maintained, but licences are to be given freely for cloth 14 oz. and over and 54 inches wide.
(136) Ladies' apparel, including corsets, is to be admitted at the rate of 25 per cent of 1916 importations.
(137) Buttons are to be admitted at the rate of 100 per cent, of 1919 importations.
(138) Trimmings, webbing, fringes, braids, wicks, galloons, tapes, Vinca plaits, upholstery and dress cords, are to be admitted at the rate of 100 per cent of 1916 importations.
(139) Worked marble is to be admitted at the rate of 100 per cent of 1916 importations.
(140) No further licences are to be issued beyond those which have been recommended by the Agricultural Machinery Department for:—

Binders	Mowers.
Cultivators (horse).	Ploughs (horse).
Cultivators (tractor).	Rampers.
Sprayers.	Reaping attachments.
Drills.	Silo fillers.
Hay loaders	Todders
Harrows, potato.	Tractor hitches.
Harrows (disc).	Trussers.
Harrows (spring).	

(141) The importation of gun metal, brass or bronze valves for gas, water and steam, is to be restricted to 150 per cent of 1916 imports.
(142) Harmoniums, organs, pianos, pianolas, and instruments of a similar nature, should be admitted at the rate of 25 per cent of 1915 imports, the ration to be based on number of instruments.
(143) Glassware (including bottles and jars) other than scientific glass and glassware (see below), machinery glass and glassware, optical glass and manufactures thereof, miners' lamp glasses and miners' electric lamps, are to be admitted at the rate of 50 per cent of 1913 imports.

In accordance with the above, general licences have been issued for the articles mentioned in items 75 to 108. Applications for special licences should be made as usual to the Department of Import Restrictions, 22, Carlisle Place, London, S.W.1.

DESCRIPTIONS OF SCIENTIFIC GLASSWARE.

The following list of articles indicates what is included under the heading of Scientific Glassware:—

A

Chemical, Medical, Surgical, Bacteriological, Light Fur nace made—ungraduated.
Basins.
Beakers.
Cones.
Dishes, Crystallising.
" Petri.
Flasks.
Retorts.

Heavy Furnace made—ungraduated.
Aberdalian Towers.
Air Pump Receivers.
Aspirators
Bar rs—heavy.
Blocks, glass.
Bottles, Culture.
" Dropping.
" Gas Exploding.
" Specimen.
" Weighing.

Bowls, Glass
Cups, Eye.
" Feeding.
Cylinders.
Dessicators.
Douche Vessels.
Filtering Apparatus.
Flasks, heavy (e.g., Filter, Woodheads).
Funnels.
Glasses, Nessler's,
" Sediment.
" Test
Jars, Bell,
" for Wulff's Apparatus.
" Draining.
" Gas.
" Hydrometer.
" Museum
" Specimen.
" Surgical.
Kipp's Apparatus.
Mercury Measuring.
Mortars and Pestles
Percolators.
Spirit Lamps.
Surgical Trays.
Troughs.
Vessels.
Furnace-made and Lamp-worked.
Bottles, Gas Washing.
Bulbs, Nitrogen
Fat Extraction Apparatus.
Flasks, Various.
Funnels, Separating.
Kjeldahl's Apparatus.
Tubes Fumed-tip.
Vapour Density Apparatus.
Vacuum Flasks (including Vacuum Food Containers)
Vacuum Tubes
Lamp-blown (Chemical and Physical)—ungraduated.
Bulbs, Absorption.
" Gas Absorption
Burettes.
Connectors.
Distillation Apparatus.
Fat Extraction Apparatus.
Filtering Apparatus.
Funnels, Separating.
Glasses, Sand.
Gasholdcrpans,
Pipettes.
Pumps, Air.
" Filter.
Pykmometers.
Regulators, Gas.
Stopcocks and Taps.
Tube, Vacuum.
Vials, Serum.
Lamp-blown (Medical and Bacteriological) ungraduated.
Ampoules
Applicators
Bottles, Drop.
" Serum.
Breast Reflectors.
Bulbs, Vacuum
Cathetor Moulds.
Dilators.
Ear pipes.
Eye Cups
Flasks, Test.
Inhalers.
Nasal Douches.
Nozzles.
Rectal Pipes.
Rods
Sprays.
Tubes, Vacuum.
Water Testing Apparatus.
Graduated Essential Glassware.
Albuminometers.
Albuminometers
Albuminometers.
Burettes.
Cylinders, Measuring.
Eudiometers
Flasks, Measuring.
Glasses, Nessler.
Manometers.
Measures, Conical.
Nitrometers.
Photosynthesometer.
Pipettes.
Polarimeter.
Rain Gauge Measures.
Respirometer
Specific Gravity Bottles.
Test Mixers.
Tubes, Carbon.
" Gas Measuring.
Triplines, Medicine.
Ureameters.
Voltameters
Weighing Bottles.

B

Glass Thermometers, Hydrometers, etc., Barometers—Mercury in glass.
Hydrometers, all types, including Lactometers, Saccharometers, etc.
Hydrometers,
Thermometers, Chemical.
" Clinical.
" Glass Scale.
" High range.
" Industrial.
" Metal Scale.
" Special.
" Steam Jacketed.
" Wooden scale.

C

Glass Artificial Eyes
1. Human.
2. Other.

D

X-Ray Tubes and Valves.
X-Ray Tubes, Ordinary Gas type.
X-Ray Valves, including High Tension Rectifiers.
Hot Cathode Valves, including Wireless Telegraphy Valves.

E

Tubing and Rod.
Tubing, Clinical Thermometer.
Combustion.
Cylinder.
Eggshell
Hydrometer
Hydrometer, Flat.
Neutral
Salt Soda.
Thermometer.

Glass Syringes
1. Hypodermic.
2. Other.

No. 4483.—The following extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 15th May 1919, are published for general information.—

BOARD OF TRADE.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

Further Relaxation.

The President of the Board of Trade, after duly considering the recommendations of the Consultative Council on Imports, has given the following further directions in regard to the Prohibitions of Import:—

The restrictions on the importation of the following articles are to be removed:—

143. Photographic apparatus as follows:—
Ferrotype plates.
Camera shutters.
Positive papers.
Cinematograph cameras.

145. Boxboards cut to length for packing cases for foodstuffs, except those packed in tins and bottles.

146. Motor car jacks and track jacks.

147. Files.
148. Bronze castings (machine or phosphor bronze).
149. Foundry flasks.
150. Springs for the upholstery trade.
151. Wire hooks for hats and coats.
152. Collapsible tubes, tin or lead, for medicinal and other purposes.
153. Combination moulds and ladles.
154. Emmet clothes.
155. Piercers, punches, and round-hole perforators.
156. Adjustable pipe tongs.
157. Flexible metallic tubing.
158. Meat choppers or mincing machines (hand driven).
159. Bread-making machines (hand driven).
160. Bread and meat-slicing machines (hand driven).
161. Enamelled hollow-ware.
162. Steel ferrules.
163. Plating of all descriptions, including Sparterie, but excluding Vissa plait, as from 31st May 1919.
164. Unglazed spectacle ware of all kinds.
165. Straw envelopes.
166. Watches of all kinds and parts thereof.
167. Time recorder parts.
168. Rubber manufactures other than tyres, boots and shoes, and stationery articles.
169. Typewriters and parts thereof.
170. Soap and soap stock.
171. Licences should be freely given for all medicinal bulbs and herbs, and for hyacinths, early single and double tulips, crocus, Spanish iris, gladioli, chionodoxa and scilla Siberica, and all other bulbs. Plants and trees should remain prohibited.

To be Licensed Exceptionally.

The importation of the following articles is to be licensed only exceptionally as and when required :—

172. Cameras fitted with lenses.
173. Portable shop cranes, electric hoists and steel pulley blocks, except Yale triplex pulley blocks and Yale triplex electric hoists, which are to be restored to regular pre-war importers at the rate of 100 per cent of 1913 importations.
174. All types of jacks, except motor car jacks and trunk jacks.
175. Crowbars, push bars or hand wagon movers.
176. Lead Wool.
177. Front studs for horse shoes.
178. Spring cutters.
179. Wire fence stretchers and strain-rods.
180. Steel barrows.
181. Drawing pins.
182. Steel taps.
183. Trollys and tracks for warehouse and wharf.
184. Shaft bearings, shaft bearing boxes, blocks for shafting, shaft collars, shaft couplings, shaft hangers, shaft hanger frames.
185. Iron and steel pulleys, except pressed steel pulleys, of which 200 tons (actual net weight) are to be admitted until 1st September 1919.
186. Fan blowers and forges.
187. Metal baths and fittings thereof.
188. Flat or laundry irons.
189. Cast iron pipe fittings and cast-iron pipes, rainwater pipes and soil guttering pipes, in so far as at present prohibited.
190. Aluminium hollow-ware.
191. Iron and steel welded tubes up to 2 inches in diameter.

Imports to be Restricted.

The importation of the following articles is to be restricted as shown :—

192. Photographic apparatus (except that mentioned under No. 149) is to be admitted at the rate of 33½ per cent of 1913 importations in proportionate quarterly amounts.
193. A ration of 75 per cent of 1938 importations of cut box boards is to be granted for the packing of edible goods in tins and bottles, and all other commodities in proportionate quarterly amounts.
194. Picture frame mouldings are to be admitted at the rate of 100 per cent of 1916 importations in proportionate quarterly amounts.
195. Rubber tyres are to be admitted at the rate of 50 per cent. of 1913 importations.
197. Rubber boots and shoes are to be admitted at the rate of 50 per cent of 1913 importations.
198. Sewing machines (domestic hand and treadle), and parts thereof are to be admitted at the rate of 75 per cent of 1913 importations.
199. Zinc oxide is to be admitted up to 80 per cent of 1913 importations. This is an amendment of the decision already published.
200. All upper leather which can be shown by the importers to have been purchased before 8th April 1919, is to be admitted forthwith. All other upper leather is to be admitted after 16th June.

In accordance with the above general licences have been issued for the articles mentioned in items 144 to 171 except in the case of Watches and Parts thereof made of silver or base metal, for which general licences were already in operation, and also excepting No. 145.

Applications for special licences should be made as usual to the Department of Import Restrictions, 23, Carlisle Place, London, S.W.1.

Extension of General Licences.

With reference to the announcement in the "Journal" of 23rd January, respecting the availability till 1st July of certain general licences, the Board of Trade now announce that the following general licences have been extended till 1st September:—

Aerated mineral and table waters (unsweetened), almonds, apples, bananas; bladders, casings and sausage skins, cassia lignea, cocoa (raw), coffee, fruit, canned, bottled and preserved; gum copal, gum kauri, hides, wet and dry, horns and hoofs, ivory (vegetable), nuts used as fruit, onions, pimento, rum, sugarcane, tobacco, and wood flour.

General Licences for Leather Stiffeners.

Since the last issues of the "Board of Trade Journal" the following general licence has been issued (in addition to those referred to in the notice of Import Relaxations above).—

Leather boot and shoe stiffeners.

EXPORT OF SILVER BULLION AND SILVER COIN.

THE Board of Trade (Export Licence Department) announce that licences will now be granted freely for the export of silver bullion and silver coin of foreign mintage. Licences will not, as a general rule, be granted for the export of British Silver coin.

CERTAIN LEATHER EXPORTS.

The Board of Trade announce that an open general licence has been issued for the export of the undermentioned forms of leather to all destinations, except those destinations to which goods on List C are prohibited from export:—

Sole bends of English tannage of 14 lb. and upwards.
Sole bends of 12 lb. and upwards produced from buffalo hides.
Offal, *i.e.*, bellies, shoulders, heads and tails, rough, struck, and dressed.
All leather produced in and imported from British Dominions, Possessions and Protectorates.

Shipments under the open general licence may be made without application to the Export Licence Department.

EXPORTS OF CARTRIDGES, CHARGES, ETC.

With reference to the announcement on page 826 of the "Board of Trade Journal" of the 8th instant, the Board of Trade (Export Licence Department) announce that a further open general licence has been issued for the export of Cartridges, Charges, etc., and Industrial Explosives to certain additional destinations. The complete list of destinations to which shipment may now be made without applications for specific export licences is as follows:—

British Possessions and Protectorates; French Possessions and Protectorates; United States of America; South America; Africa; Japan and Corea; Asiatic Russia; Persia; Belgium; Spain; Portugal; Greece; Italy; Serbia.

The issue of this licence does not relieve exporters from the necessity of obtaining permits from the country of destination in cases where local regulations render such a course necessary.

TRANSHIPMENT OF GOODS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The Board of Trade (Export Licence Department) announced that goods of any description (other than foodstuffs from Europe destined for extra-European destinations) may be brought to this country for transhipment to any destination to which exports are ordinarily allowed, provided that in the case of any goods on Sections "A" or "B" of the list of prohibited exports the Bills of Lading clearly shew that the goods were intended for transhipment before they left the country of origin, or that other satisfactory evidence to that effect is produced to the Export Licence Department. If these conditions are observed, it will, therefore, in future be unnecessary to obtain the provisional approval of that department before bringing goods to the country for transhipment. In the case of goods destined for the border neutral countries in Europe, the goods must be consigned to the approved Import Associations in accordance with the regulations for the time being in force in respect of direct exports from the United Kingdom.

Applications for transhipment permits should in all cases still be made on the form S. 90 to the Customs authorities at the port of arrival, and as regards any goods on Sections "A" or "B" of the list of prohibited exports, the Bills of Lading, if available, should accompany the S. 90 form.

No. 4497.—The following Board of Trade list and special supplements thereto, dated the 15th May 1919, on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom are published for general information:—

BOARD OF TRADE,
EXPORT LICENCE DEPARTMENT,
4, CENTRAL BUILDINGS,
WESTMINSTER, S.W. 1.
15th May 1919.

LIST OF EXPORT PROHIBITED GOODS, &c.

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This List is revised and issued fortnightly. Copies can be had on application to the Stationery Branch, Export Licence Department.

Orders of Council and notices issued subsequently to the date of this list are published in the "Board of Trade Journal," a weekly publication which may be obtained either directly or through any bookseller from the undermentioned branches of H.M. Stationery Office:—

London: Imperial House, Kingsway, W.C. 2;
Cardiff: 1, St. Andrew's Crescent;
Manchester: 37, Peter Street;
Edinburgh: 23, Forth Street;
or from Messrs. E. Ponsonby, Ltd., 116, Grafton Street, Dublin.

APPLICATION FORMS FOR LICENCE TO EXPORT.

Special forms are provided for certain commodities and care should be taken to make application on the proper form. The following is a list of forms which can be obtained from the Stationery Branch of the Export Licence Department:—

Application Form "A,"‡ to be used when making application to export a specific consignment of goods in general (except such goods for which special forms are provided as indicated below).

Application Form "B,"‡ for general licence to export such goods over a period not exceeding four months.

Application Form "E," for ordinary licences to export a consignment of raw cotton, cotton yarn or cotton waste.

Application Form "F," for general licence to export cotton yarn, thread, cops or twine over a period not exceeding three months.

* Application Forms "A" and "B"

Application form "G," for ordinary licence to export a consignment of cotton piece goods.

Application form "H," for general licences to export cotton piece goods, over a period not exceeding three months.

Application for licence to export coal, coke or manufactured fuel.

Applications for licences, and all correspondence relating to the export of coal, coke or manufactured fuel should in future be addressed to the Coal Mines Department (Export Branch), Holborn Viaduct Hotel, E.C. 1, and not to the Export Licence Department.

Having regard to the circumstances now existing, and subject to any further notification which it may hereafter become necessary to make, the Export Licence Department is prepared to dispense with answers being given to the undermentioned questions† which are set forth in the above mentioned forms of application "A" and "B":—

(*a*) 2, (*f*) 2, (*g*) 1 and 2, (*i*), (*j*), (*m*), (*n*) 1 and 2, (*p*) 1 and 2, (*q*), and (*s*) 1, 2, 3 and 4.‡

LISTS A AND B.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited by the Royal Proclamation of the 10th May 1917 as amended by Orders of Council of the 22nd June 1917, the 13th July 1917, the 14th August 1917, the 28th August 1917, the 18th October 1917, the 27th November 1917, the 19th December 1917, the 22nd January 1918, the 5th February 1918, the 26th February 1918, the 8th March 1918 the 12th April 1918, the 25th April 1918 the 14th May 1918, the 21th June 1918, the 22nd July 1918, the 20th July 1918, the 9th August 1918, the 27th August 1918, the 1st October 1918, the 15th October 1918, the 19th November 1918, the 29th November 1918, the 6th December 1918, the 13th December 1918, the 20th December 1918, the 24th December 1918, the 27th December 1918, the 3rd January 1919, the 7th January 1919, the 10th January 1919, the 17th January 1919, the 28th January 1919, the 31st January 1919, the 7th February 1919, the 14th February 1919, the 21st February 1919, the 28th February 1919, the 7th March 1919, the 14th March 1919, the 21st March 1919, the 28th March 1919, the 4th April 1919, the 11th April 1919, the 15th April 1919, the 25th April 1919, the 2nd May 1919, and the 9th May 1919, to be exported from the United Kingdom to the following destinations, viz.:—

List A and B.—Goods marked (A) to all destinations.

Goods marked (B) to all Ports and Destinations Abroad other than Ports and Destinations in British Possessions and Protectorates.

A licence is required to export goods marked (A) to any destination abroad.*

A licence is required to export goods marked (B) to any destination abroad* except British Possessions and Protectorates to which goods marked (B) can be exported without licence, providing the goods are not transhipped at foreign ports.

A

(*a*) Accoutrements, metal otherwise prohibited; (14-8-17).
(*A*) Aeroplane engines and their component parts.
(*A*) Aircraft of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connexion with aircraft.
Ale, see Beer.
Alumina, see Phosphate Rock.
(*A*) Ammonia, sulphate of, and mixtures containing sulphate of ammonia; (19-1-17) (23-1-18) (9-8-18) (24-1-19).
(*A*) Animals, living, for food; (12-12-18).
(*A*) Animals, pack, saddle and draught, suitable, or which may become suitable, for use in war; (8-1-18).
Apatites, see Phosphate Rock
(*A*) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
(*A*) Arms, not being Firearms and their component parts

B

Bags, see Nitrate.
Banknotes, see Notes.
(*a*) Barium sulphate; (11-6-18) (6-8-18) (20-12-18) (28-3-19).
Bark, see Cinchona.
(*A*) Barley and barley meal; (14-2-18)
(*a*) Barographs, suitable for aircraft; (9-12-18).
(*a*) Basic slag; (23-10-18)
(*a*) Bauxite.
(*A*) Bayonets and their component parts
(*a*) Beans of all kinds, including haricots; (12-12-18) (27-11-17)—(see however Appendix No. 1).

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‡ This list cancels all similar Lists and supplements issued by the Export Licence Department prior to 10th May 1919.

† Although it be desired that in any exceptional case an answer should be given to any of these questions, a notification will be addressed to the applicant concerned after the receipt of the relative application.

‡ These questions will be deleted on the appeal of application forms "A" and "B".

(A) Bean flour and meal.
(A) Beer and ale; (1-5-17).
Biscuit, meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Beets and malt; (10-5-17) (14-12-17).
Bran, see Offals of Corn.
Brass, see Copper.
(A) Bread
Brewers' grains see Grains.
(B) Bristles, of European origin; (26-6-18) (3-8-18) (2-7-18) (17-1-19).
Bronze, see Copper.
(A) Buckwheat; (12-12-18).
Bullion, see Gold; Silver.
(A) Butter.

C

(A) Cakes and Meals (which may be used as forage or food for animals), the following:—
Biscuit meal;
Calf meal;
Coconut and poonac cake;
Compound cakes and meal;
Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal;
Fish meal and concentrated fish;
Gluten meal or gluten feed;
Ground nut or earth nut cake and meal,
Hemp seed cake and meal;
Husk meal;
Linseed cake and meal;
Locust bean meal;
Maize germ meal;
Maize meal and flour;
Meat meal;
Palm nut cake and meal;
Poppy seed cake and meal;
Rape seed or colza seed cake and meal;
Sesame seed cake and meal;
Soya bean cake and meal;
Sunflower seed cake and meal;
Whale cake;
Calf meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Calfskins.
(A) Calves' stomachs; (25-5-18).
(A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts.
(A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
(A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifle and shot-gun cartridges. (See however Appendix No. 4, page 1234.)
Castings, see Arms or Plates.
Cattle foods, see Cakes and Meals.
Cattle foods, patent and proprietary, see Patent.
Cattle hides, see Hides.
Caustic Potash, see Potash.
(A) *Cement for building and engineering purposes; (14-5-18).
(A) Cheese.
(A) Chicory; (20-3-17) (27-11-17).
(A) Chick peas; (12-12-18).
Chlorate, potassium, see Potash salts.
(A) Cinchona bark, its alkaloids and their salts and preparations of any of these substances; (1-8-17) (27-11-17) (22-1-18).
(A) Coal except coal allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal; (27-11-17).
(B) *Coal tar pitch; (15-10-18).
(A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof (except solvent naphtha, creasylic acid and mixtures containing creasylic acid), suitable for use in the manufactures of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives; (26-7-18) (29-11-18) (20-12-18).

(A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations; (17-11-14).
Coconut cake, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Cocoa, raw, and manufactures thereof, except cocoa butter and cocoa powder; (18-2-17) (20-12-18).
(B) Cocoa butter; (20-12-18).
(A) Cocoa husks; (19-2-17).
(A) Cocoa shells; (18-2-17).
(A) Cod liver oil and preparations containing cod liver oil; (4-4-19).
(A) Coffee; (19-2-17).
Coin, see Gold; Silver.
(A) Coke and manufactured fuel; (18-12-17).
Combings, see Malt.
Compound cakes and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Confectionery manufactured wholly or partly of sugar; (12-3-17) (14-3-18).
(A) Copper and alloys of copper; (23-2-17) (11-4-19).
(A) Copper ore; regulus, matte, concentrate and precipitate; (27-2-17).
(A) *Copper sulphate; (22-4-18).
Corn offals, see Offals.
(B) Cotton, American; (21-3-19) (15-4-19).
Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal, see Cakes and Meal.
Crelt, see Boats.
Culms, see Malt.

D.

(A) Dari.
Dhol, see Gram.
Distillers' grains, see Grains, etc.
(B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
(A) Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dyestuffs (see also Appendix No. 1 and Appendix No. 2)

E.

Earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Eggs in shells.
(A) Egg, yolk and liquid; (8-9-16) (19-2-17).
Engines, see Aeroplanes.
Equipment web, see Web.
(A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot; (10-5-17) (12-4-18) (15-10-18).
(A) Explosives; (19-11-18) (10-4-19).

F

Fats, edible, see Oils.
(A) Feeding stuffs containing molasses; (21-2-19).
(A) Firearms and their component parts; (8-2-18) (28-11-18).
(A) Fish, except tinned, preserved or frozen fish, chinchards and sprats (27-12-18). (See also Appendix No. 1.)
(A) Salmon, tinned.
Fishmeal and concentrated fish, see Cakes and Meal.
(A) Flax, raw.
Flour, see Bean; Lentil; Malt; Maize, Pea, Rice; Rye; Wheat.
Forage and feed which may be used for animals, see Specific headings as, *e.g.*, Beans; Cakes; Hay, Oats; &c.
(A) Forage, green.
(A) Fruit and fruit preserves, except olives; (20-9-18) (15-1-17) (19-2-17) (10-1-19). (See also Appendix No. 2.)
Fuel, manufactured, see Coke.

G

(A) Gems
Gluten meal, or gluten feed, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Gold, coin and bullion.
(A) Grains, Brewers' and Distillers'; (12-12-18).
(A) Gram or dhal, (12-12-18).

(A) Grass forage; (12-12-16).
(A) Grenades and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).
Groundnut, or earthnut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Guanos, except whale guano; (2-2-17) (3-1-18)
Guns, see Cannon, Firearms, Machine.
Gun-metal, see Copper.

H

Harness, see Beasts.
(A) Hay.
(A) Holographs and their component parts; (2-7-18).
Hempseed cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals
(A) Hides, wet salted, cattle, (28-2-19).
Hosiery needles, see Needles
Husk meal, see Cakes and Meals.

I

(A) Indigo, synthetic; (6-8-18).
Iron (1-5-17) the following :—
Castings see Armour plates.
(A) Pig.
(A) Pyrites.
(A) Scrap.
See also Iron and steel manufactures, Appendix No. 2.

J

(A) Jute, raw and carded; (12-3-17).

L

(A) Lard of all kinds and imitation lard (19-2-17) (19-5-17).
Latch needles, see Needles.
(A) Leather, except chamois, shivers and seal (30-3-17) (29-11-18). See also Appendix No. 1.)
(A) Lentil flour and meal.
Lime phosphate, see Phosphate Rock.
Linseed cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Locust bean meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Lupin seed; (12-12-16).

M

(A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.
(A) Maize; (14-12-16).
(A) Maize germs; (12-12-16).
Maize germ meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Maize meal and flour, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Malt; (19-2-17).
(A) Malt dust, malt flour, culms, sprouts or combings; (12-12-16).
(a) Malt sugar (maltose) and articles and preparations containing malt sugar; (19-2-17) (28-3-17) (4-4-19).
(A) Manures, compound, containing either sulphate of ammonia, superphosphate of lime, or potash; (2-1-17) (31-1-19).
(A) Margarine; (19-2-17).
Meals, see Barley; Bean; Cakes; Lentil; Pea, Rye; Wheat.
(A) Meat of all kinds (except tinned, potted and tinned meat); (19-2-17) (7-2-18).
Meat meal, see Cakes and Meals
Metals and Ores, see Specific headings, *e.g.*, Copper, Iron, etc.
(A) Mica block, mica sheets, and mica splittings; (12-4-17) (27-11-17).
Middlings, see Offals of Corn.
(a) Milk, condensed or preserved; (15-4-19).
Milk dust and screenings, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Millet; (12-12-16).
(a) Mines and their component parts.
Molasses, see Feeding stuffs.
(A) Mustard seed; (23-2-17).

N

(A) Needles, hosiery machine, latch; (23-10-18) (18-10-17) (29-11-18).
(A) Nicotine and its compounds; (8-8-18).
(a) Nitrate bags; (17-4-19).
*Notes of the Bank of France; (27-8-18).
(A) Notes, Russian rouble; (20-2-18).
Nuts, see Ground nut, Oleaginous.

O

(A) Oats.
Offals of corn and grain which may be used as feed for animals, the following :
(A) Bran.
(A) Middlings.
(A) Mill dust and screenings.
(A) Pollard.
(A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
(A) Sharps.
(A) Oils and fats edible including blends of two or more edible oils or fats, except the following (which come under list C):—
Hemp seed oil; Kapok seed oil; Mowra oil; Murah seed oil; Niger seed oil; Olive oil; Poppy seed oil; Rape seed oil; Shea butter; Sunflower oil; Dripping; Premier jus; (7-8-19) (28-3-19).
Oil, cod liver, see Cod Liver Oil.
(A) Oleaginous kernels, nuts, seeds, and products of all kinds; (12-3-17) (21-11-17).
(A) Oleo-margarine; (19-2-17).
(A) Onions.
(A) Opium and its preparations.
(A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Ordnance, see Cannon; Carriages.

P

Palmnut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.
(A) Pea flour and meal.
(A) Peas; other than split peas (2-2-17) (16-6-19).
(a) Periscopes and their component parts; (10-5-17).
(A) Phosphate rock, namely :—Apatites; Phosphates of lime and alumina; (5-2-17).
(A) Pigeon peas; (12-12-16).
Pistols, see Firearms
Pollard, see Offals of Corn.
Poonac cake, see Cakes and Meals.
Poppy seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
(A) Potash, muriate sulphate, and crude manurial potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances; (19-2-17) (17-1-19).
(a) Potash salts, and mixtures containing such potash salts, not otherwise prohibited; (19-2-17).
Potassium bicarbonate, chlorate, cyanide, perchlorate, prussiate, see Potash salts.
(A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate; (22-6-17).
(a) Potassium permanganate.
(A) Potatoes; (7-8-18).
(A) Poultry; (4-7-16) (29-9-16) (13-2-17).
Preserves, see Fruit.
(A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
Pyrites, see Iron.

Q

Quinine, see Cinchona.

R

(A) Range finders and their component parts.
Rai seed, or rai-a seed cake, and meal, see Cakes.
(A) Rennet powder, rennet extract, and other preparations of rennet; (4-7-16).
Rice meal (or bran) and dust, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Rice and rice flour; (31-3-19).
Rifles, see Firearms.
Russian rouble notes, see Notes.
(A) Rye, rye flour and meal,

* Notes of the Bank of France are prohibited in all destinations except to destinations in France.

S

Salmon, tinned, see Fish
(A) Sausages, except tinned sausages; (2-2-17) (7-2-19).
Screenings, see Offals of Corn.
Scrap metal, see Iron; Steel.
(B) Searchlights, and their component parts; (1-3-17).
Seeds, see Lupin, Mustard.
Seeds, oleaginous, see Oleaginous
(A) Semolina.
Sesame seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Sharps, see Offals of Corn.
Signalling apparatus, see Submarine.
(A) Silk, raw, thrown and waste; (15-1-17) (21-3-19)
(A) Silver bullion, specie and coin; (12-4-18) (29-11-18).
Skins, see Oils; Hides.
Solder, see Copper
Soya bean cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals
Spirits, see Whisky.
Steel, scrap; (1-3-17) (10-6-17) See also Iron and steel manufactures, Appendix No. 2
(A) Straw.
(A) Submarine sound signalling apparatus.
(A) Sugar, cane and beet; (10-5-17) (14-3-19), see also Confectionery; Malt Sugar.
Sunflower seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Superphosphates.
(A) Swords and their component parts.

T

(A) Tea other than green tea; (28-6-16) (19 2-17) (2-7-18) (16-2-19) (28-2-19).
(A) Telegraphs and telephones, wireless, and instruments and material for wireless, telegraphic and telephonic apparatus, including valves; (15-1-17) (15-2-17) (28-8-17) (14 2-19).
(B) Tomato pulp; (19-2-17) (15-1-19).
(B) Torpedoes and their component parts.
(B) Torpedo nets.
(B) Torpedo tubes.

U

(A) Uniform clothing, naval, military and Air Force; (15-10-18) (7-2-19).

V

Valves for wireless telegraphic apparatus, see Telegraphs.
(A) Vegetables, fresh, of all kinds; (29-2-16) (12 12-16) (15-1-17) (10-5-17) (20-12-18).
Venison, see Game.
(A) Vessels; (18-12-17).

W

(B) Web equipment.
(A) Whalebone; (5-5-17).
Whale cake, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Whale fins; (1-5-17)
(A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal, and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing wheat, wheat flour, or wheat meal.
(A) Whisky.
Wool and Woollen Goods:—
(A) Wool, raw, and mixtures thereof; (5-9-16) (18-10-17).
See also Appendix No. 1 for camel hair, cashmere, alpaca and mohair.
(A) Wool tops and mixtures thereof; (18-10-17).
(A) Wool noils and wool waste and mixtures thereof; (18-10-17).
(A) Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof; (18-10-17).

Y

Yarns, see Wool.
(A) Yeast; 5-9-16) (22-6-17) (28-2-19).
Yellow metal, see Copper.

LIST C.

By Order of Council dated 1st October 1918, as amended by Order of Council of the 24th December 1918, the 7th January 1919, the 7th February 1919, the 11th February 1919, the 28th February 1919, the 11th April 1919, the 14th April 1919, and the 9th May 1919, ALL GOODS [other than (1) printed matter and (2) personal effects accompanied by their owners] are prohibited from export to All Destinations in European and Asiatic Russia (except Russian ports on the Black Sea) and in other Foreign Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, Belgium, Portugal, Greece, Serbia, Roumania, Jugo-Slavia,* Montenegro,* Albania,* Iceland and the Faroe Islands, Spain, Morocco, Turkey, Bulgaria, Palestine and Syria as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive, and as far east as the Hedjaz railway, inclusive, Czecho-Slovakia, Alsace-Lorraine and the portions of § Austria-Hungary in the occupation of the Armies of the Associated Governments, occupied Rhineland territory and to all Ports in any such Foreign Countries.

All Goods not included in List A or B in the List of Prohibited Goods come under List C, with the following exceptions, which may be exported to all non-enemy destinations and enemy destinations with which trading is permitted without license:—

(1) Printed matter;
(2) Personal effects accompanied by their owners;
(3) Goods contained in the export free list (see APPENDIX No. 6, p. 854).

Licences are required to export List C goods to the following destinations only:—

(i) ‡ Norway; (ii) ‡ Sweden; (iii) ‡ Denmark; (iv) ‡ Holland; (v) ‡ Switzerland; (vi) Russia (European, as constituted before the War, except Russian Black Sea Ports);
(vii) All enemy territory as constituted before the War, except the following destinations, to which goods coming under List C may be exported without licence, ‖ Occupied Rhineland territory (including Luxembourg),* Bosnia*, Herzegovina, * Dalmatia, Czecho-Slovakia, * Turkey, † Bulgaria, * Russian Black Sea Ports, § German-Austria, * and the parts of Austria-Hungary occupied by the Allied Forces.

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* See, however, List P, page 853. † See, however, Lists D and E, page 852.
‡ See, however, Appendix No 1 A, page 849.

§ GERMAN-AUSTRIA AND OCCUPIED TERRITORIES IN AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

The territory comprised in German-Austria consists of the following provinces of Austria:—

Upper Austria.	Styria.	Tyrol (the northern or Innsbruck portion).
Lower Austria.	Carinthia.	Vorarlberg.
Salzburg.		

The principality of Liechtenstein lying between Vorarlberg and Switzerland is also included. The remaining Austrian provinces, south of those mentioned above, and portions of territory in the south and east of Hungary are in the occupation of the Armies of the Associated Governments.

To the provinces of German-Austria as defined above, and to the occupied territories in both Austria and Hungary goods on prohibited List C (except such as may be on List D—and free goods (see page 854) may be exported without license; goods on Lists A and B required export licenses.

‖ Goods on List C may only be exported to the occupied Rhineland territory (including Luxembourg) without license via Ijmuiden provided they are consigned to the Standard Bank of South Africa, Rotterdam.

LIST D.

By Order of Council dated 21st March 1919, as amended by Order of Council of the 14th April 1919, and the 25th April 1919, all goods on List D* are prohibited from export to Turkey, Bulgaria, ports on the Black Sea (not including Roumanian ports) and German-Austria, Jugo Slavia, Montenegro and Albania.

Aircraft of all kinds, including aeroplanes, airships, balloons and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connexion with aircraft.
Apparatus which can be used for the storage or projection of compressed or liquefied gases, flame, smoke or other destructive agents capable of use in warlike operations and their component parts.
Armour plates.
Armoured motor-cars.
Arms of all kinds, including arms for sporting purposes and their component parts.
Barbed wire and implements for fixing and cutting same.
Camp equipment, articles of, and their component parts.
Clothing and equipment of a distinctively military character.
Electrical appliances, adapted for use in war and their component parts.
Explosives specially prepared for use in war.
Field-glasses.
Gases for war purposes.
Guns and machine guns.
Gun mountings.
Limbers, military wagons of all descriptions.
Harness or horse equipment of a military character.
Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.
Mines, submarine, and their component parts.
Projectiles, charges, cartridges and grenades of all kinds and their component parts.
Range-finders and their component parts.
Searchlights and their component parts.
Submarine sound signalling apparatus.
Materials for wireless telegraphs.
Torpedoes.
Warships, including boats and their component parts of such a nature that they can only be used on a vessel of war.

List E.*—In addition to the goods contained in List D, the following goods are prohibited from export to Bulgaria.

All articles for use in transportation on land.
Saddle or pack animals, vehicles, motor-cars, bicycles, and their component parts.
Locomotives and rolling stock.
Telegraphs and telephones and their component parts, and materials for use therewith.

List C goods, other than those included in the foregoing Lists D and E, may be exported without licence to Turkey, Bulgaria, and Ports on the Black Sea.

APPENDIX No. 1.

GENERAL LICENCES FOR EXPORTS.

An Open General Licence has been issued, permitting the exportation of the following goods (without application to the Export Licence Department) to all destinations except those foreign destinations to which goods on list C (see page 951) are prohibited from export.

Alpaca, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Beans, imported, other than Soya, Locust or Chinese horse beans.
Bird seed.
Blanc-mange powder.
Boot polish.
Browning.
Cake mixtures.
Camel hair, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Cashmere, and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Cement for building and engineering purposes.
Chilies.
Custard powder.
Egg, liquid, preserved, not including freeze liquid egg.
Egg substitute and powder.
Egg yolk, dried.
Egg products, dried.
Floor polishes furniture polishes and creams, and motor polishes containing wax.
Ginger beer powder.
Glue.
Health salts.
Koffin.
Leather, the following:
All leather produced in or imported from British Dominions, possessions and protectorates.
East Indian tanned hide or kip and calf leather, rough and dressed.
Horse hide leather, all descriptions, rough, stuck hid dressed.
Harness leather, dressed, including bag and case hides, and enamelled and japanned hides.
Sheep and lamb leather, dressed, of all descriptions.
Mineral tanned sole leather.
Offal, i.e., bellies, shoulders, heads, and tails, rough, stuck, and dressed.
Sole bends of English tannage of 14 lb. and upwards.
Sole bends of 12 lb. and upwards produced from buffalo hides.
Lentil.
Lactogol.
Lemonade powder.
Lime juice cordial.
Mango chutney, tomato chutney, and tomato ketchup.
Mapleton's nut food.
Marmite.
Metal polishes.
Mixtures and preparations containing not more than 16 per cent sealing colour, not otherwise prohibited.
Mohair and noils, waste and yarns thereof.
Pairlay flour.
Paint, other than gold paint.
Phenalgin.
"Phonio" animal food.
Pudding powder.
Puddings.
Shammony resin.
Soap powders.
Strapping, leather, for breeches.
Vanilla custard.
Varnishes of all kinds.

* Many goods on the above list are already on List A or B.

A further Open General Licence has been issued for coal-tar pitch and sulphate of copper. These goods now require specific licence only for (a) foreign destinations to which goods on List "C" are prohibited from Export, and (b) for France and French Possessions.

APPENDIX No. 1-A.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR EXPORT OF LIST C GOODS TO NORWAY, SWEDEN, DENMARK, HOLLAND AND SWITZERLAND.

An Open General Licence has been issued allowing goods on Section C of the Prohibited List, including those shown in Appendix No. 1 (page 852), but not including any goods contained in Section I (page 853), to be exported freely by *freight* from this country to Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland and Switzerland, on the following terms:—

Norway and Sweden.—Individual guarantees in respect of exports are no longer required, but the goods must be consigned to the appropriate Import Associations. In order that the method of consignment may be checked, an arrangement has been made whereby shippers are to forward the Customs Shipping Bills or Specifications (whichever are required under Customs regulations) to the Export Licence Department, 4, Central Buildings, Westminster, S.W. 1 (in envelopes marked "Shipping Section") for approval. Should the exporter actually have received a guarantee against re-export in respect of the transaction, it should be forwarded with the Shipping Bill or specification, and if the guarantee has previously been sent to this Department, the reference number of the relative papers should be furnished. The Shipping Bills or Specifications will be amended, if necessary, and returned to the shippers stamped "approved." Upon the production of approved Shipping Bills or Specifications, shipment will be allowed by H.M. Customs without any form of guarantee, subject to the usual Customs formalities. This procedure will not apply to any individual licences which have already been issued, or which may hereafter be issued in special cases.

Should exporters prefer, they may forward to this Department a duplicate of the usual advice sent to their shipping agents in lieu of a Shipping Bill or Specification. The advice will then be stamped and returned to them (or to their shipping agents if requested) for production to the Customs with the usual Shipping Bill or Specification. Documents addressed to the Shipping Branch of the Export Licence Department will be dealt with at once and will be despatched to Exporters by return post.

Denmark.—The usual certificates from the Danish Associations must be produced to the Customs at the time of shipment. Where goods covered by one certificate are to be shipped in instalments, special arrangements should be made with the Customs at the time of shipment. The certificates need not be produced to the Customs in any case where individual licences have been or may be issued by the Export Licence Department in special cases.

Holland.—All goods may be consigned to the Netherlands Overseas Trust for account of the sub-consignee without the prior production of an N.O.T. certificate, though exporters who actually hold certificates should hand them to the Customs at the time of shipment. The same procedure will apply to outstanding licences.

Switzerland.—All consignable goods may be consigned to the Societe Suisse de Surveillance Economique for account of sub-consignee without prior production of any form of certificate, though exporters who actually hold certificates should hand them to the Customs at the time of shipment. The same procedure will apply to outstanding licences. A list of consignable goods is issued as a supplement to the List of "Export Prohibited Goods."

In cases where the Associations specified above refuse generally or specifically to accept consignment and exporters make a declaration to the Customs to this effect, the goods may be consigned to the Inter-Allied Trade Committees in Christiania, Stockholm, Copenhagen or The Hague, as the case may be, on account of the sub-consignee without the prior production of any document. In the case of Switzerland, consignment of such goods should be made to the British Legation at Berne. Non-consignable goods, not on the "free" list, should also be consigned to the British Legation at Berne.

The local Inter-Allied Trade Committee (or the British Legation, as the case may be) will endorse the Bills of Lading (without any financial liability) on receipt of satisfactory guarantees from the importer.

Further information will be given as soon as it is known which of the above-mentioned organisations are prepared to accept consignment. Meantime consignors should get into touch with consignees in respect of goods which will be ready for shipment in the next few weeks, with a view to ascertaining whether the appropriate Association will accept consignment or not.

Applications for licences should continue to be made to the Export Licence Department (4, Central Buildings, Westminster, S.W.1) for all goods on Sections A, B or D of the Prohibited List. Applications should also be made for the following goods on Section C:—

(c) goods to be despatched by parcel post;
(d) goods intended for the personal use of the recipient;
(e) isolated trade transactions not exceeding £5 in value.

In each case [except as regards (b) and (c) above, for which guarantees are usually waived] exporters should state whether the appropriate Importing Association is willing to accept consignment of the goods; and if the Association has refused to accept consignment, generally or specifically, that fact should be stated.

APPENDIX No. 1-B.

EXPORT OF SMALL CONSIGNMENTS BY PARCEL POST TO NEUTRAL COUNTRIES IN EUROPE.

Exports by parcel post to neutral countries in Europe are allowed without consignment to the usual Importing Associations, or, in the case of Denmark, guarantees against re-export, provided the value of the parcel does not exceed £5. It should, however, be distinctly understood that this procedure is intended to apply to isolated transactions only, and that exporters cannot be allowed to despatch large numbers of parcels to the same consignee without consignment to the appropriate Import Associations; it will not, however, be necessary for certificates from those Associations to be produced.

Goods for Private Consignees.

Applications to export goods in reasonable quantities to private consignees in Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland and Finland without consignment to the usual Importing Associations or production of guarantees against re-export.

It must be understood that no goods can be despatched under this scheme except such as are for the personal use of the consignee and of his family.

APPENDIX No. 1-C.

Consignment to Importing Associations, &c. (or, in the case of Denmark, Guarantees against Re Export) and not required for the following Export Prohibited Goods :—

Drugs, &c., the following —
Barium sulphate,
Betanaphthol,
Opium and its alkaloids and preparations
Dyes and dyestuffs.
Iron, pig.
Iron, scrap.
Iron and steel manufactures prohibited by name on List A or B (except arms and munitions and their components and accessories).
Medicines, proprietary and patent, containing quinine, cocaine, santonin, cod liver oil, opium or opium alkaloids.
Steel, scrap.

Foodstuffs.

Foodstuffs (including raw materials for the manufacture of foodstuffs) may now be exported to Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and Holland without the intervention of official consignees. Licences for foodstuffs on List A and B will, therefore, where home supplies permit, be issued providing for consignment direct to the purchaser.

As regards foodstuffs on List C, an open general licence has been issued permitting export to be made direct to the consignee without the production of individual guarantees against re-export. Shipping bills (or specifications) in respect of such goods need, therefore, no longer be produced to the Export Licence Department to be stamped "approved" before production to H.M. Customs.

The term "foodstuffs" should be regarded as including spices and beverages

APPENDIX No. 2.

List of Free Goods.

An Open General Licence has been issued which permits the export of the following goods to all non-enemy destinations and to those enemy destinations with which trading is permitted (see page 852). It is therefore unnecessary to make application to the Export Licence Department for export licences in respect of these goods :—

Adding and calculating machines.
Alabaster for statuary purposes.
Anatomical models.
Artists' materials, excluding oils and turpentine.
Athletic goods.
Bicycles and accessories, including tyres actually fitted to bicycles
Bicycle pedal rubbers.
Books and printed matter.
Boot laces.
Boot polishing pads.
Brushes of all kinds.
Buttons of all kinds.
Caps (headgear).
Cash registers.
Celluloid wares.
Cigar and cigarette holders.
Cinematograph films, raw or printed.
Chinaware.
China clay.
Clocks and watches, including clocks for time checking.
Coral.
Corset busks.
Cutlery of all forms.
Dentalbora.
Dental filling materials.
Discs and cylinders for graphophones and phonographs.
Drugs, etc., the following :—
Acetyl salicylic acid.
Aconite and its preparations and alkaloids.
Agaric.
Althaea root.
Amidol and substitutes.
Amido pyrin.
Argentamin.
Arsenical salts for medicinal use.
Arsenobillon.
Arsenous acid.
Bromine.
Butylchloral hydrate.
Cacodylate.
Camomile.
Chromic acid.
Diethylbarbituric acid.
Digitalis.
Duboisia sulphuric.
Emetine.
Ferric compounds.
Ferrum reductum
Frustra ferricani.
Hyoscine (tolu hyoscyamin).
Hydrobromic acid.
Ichthyol.
Insulin rock.
Khursrau.
Metol
Nitrate of silver.
Paraldehyde.
Phenacetin.
Salicylic acid
Salicoda
Sodium arsenate.
Sodium bromide.
Sodium nitroprusside.
Sodium salicylate.
Veronal sodium.
Duplicating machinery and supplies therefor.
Dyes, proprietary, the following :—
Dolly dyes.
Diamond dyes.
Drummer dyes
Mayppole dyes.
Earthenware.
Electrodes.

Electro plated, gilded or silvered goods, including nickel silver goods and white metal goods, but not including those of solid silver or gold.
Fans and hand screens.
Fancy goods of paper, ivory, mother of pearl, tortoiseshell, amber and amberoid, marble and other stones, papier-mâché, bone, horn, celluloid, cassil, plaster, obsidite, vulcanite, and xylonite.
Fancy hand bags for ladies' use.
Feathers, made up.
Films, see Cinematograph.
Finger tips, rubber, of all kinds.
Flower seeds, except seeds of oil bearing plants.
Flowers, artificial.
Flowers, fresh.
Fountain pens.

Fruit, fresh, the following:—
Apricots, grape fruit, green figs, grapes, peaches, pears, pineapples, nectarines, and imported plums (South African).

Furs, dressed, dyed or manufactured.
Gauge glasses.
Glassware.

Hair ornaments and combs.
Hair nets of silk or hair.
Hardware for builders, if of iron or steel.
Hats of all kinds.
Household furnishings, fixtures and equipment, if manufactured of wood, iron or steel, except upholstered furniture.
Ink, other than printers' ink.
Iris root (orris root).
*Iron and steel manufactures, except manufactures of high-speed steel (i.e., goods made wholly or mainly of steel containing tungsten or molybdenum), arms and munitions and their components and accessories, and articles prohibited by name on List A or B (Under the definition free export is allowed of tinplates, terneplates, black plates, galvanized plates and sheets, &c.)

Jewellery, imitation.
Jewellery, real, mounted with precious stones, excluding articles of solid gold, silver or platinum.

Lace and guipure, including lace curtains and curtain net, fine nets, fancy nets, mosquito nets and tulle, and all articles made wholly or mainly of lace.

Laundry machinery.
Leather, morocco, small fancy goods of, all light leather goods, and all imitation leather goods.
Ledgers, loose leaf and similar stationery.
Lighting fixtures, if of iron or steel.
Liqueurs.
Lithographic stones.
†Machinery of all kinds and parts (except textile machinery and machinery wholly or mainly made of copper or brass).

Marble, raw and manufactured.
Mats and matting made of grass, fibre or cane.
Medicinal herbs, except henbane.
Medicines, proprietary and patent, except such as contain quinine, cocaine, santonin, cod liver oil, opium or opium alkaloids.
Mineral waters, unsweetened.
Mosaic ware.
Musical instruments.
Office furniture and stationery.
Oils, essential.
Opera glasses for use in theatres.
Paintings and pictures of all kinds.
Peel of citrous fruits in brine.
Pen nibs.
Perambulators, complete with tyres.
Perfumery.
Phonographs.
Phonographic records.
Photographic goods, but not chemicals therefor.
Pianos.
Plushes.
Precious stones (real and imitation).
Printing presses.
Pumice stone.
Rag books.
Razors, safety, and blades.
Ribbons, silk.
Rubber erasers.
Salt.
Sanitary ware, plumbers' goods, if of iron or steel or earthenware, containing not more than 5 per cent of copper or brass.
Scales and balances, not including weights of copper or brass.
Screw spanners for cycles.
Sensitised paper and plates.
Sewing machines for domestic use.
Shrubs.
Silk braid.
Slates, writing or drawing.
Slate pencils.
Spectacles and eye glasses.
Stamps, used.
Stones, bricks and tiles.
Straw plaits and chip plaits.
Teeth, artificial.
Theatrical properties, wigs and cosmetics, excluding costumes and footwear.
Tobacco pipes.
Toilet preparations and requisites, excluding soap.
Toys, dolls and games of all kinds, including rubber toys.
Trimmings of silk.
Truffles, fresh or preserved.
Turners' wares of wood.
Type setting and type-casting machinery, including type metal.
Typewriters and spare parts.
Umbrellas.
Velvets of silk or silk mixture.
Walking sticks.
Wall papers.
Whips.
Wines of all kinds.
Works of art.

APPENDIX No. 3.

SAMPLES.

An Open General Licence has been issued which permits the free export of all *bona fide* samples of prohibited goods to all non-enemy destinations, and to enemy territory with which trade is now permitted (see page 852). Samples exported under this licence may be used only for genuine sample purposes, i.e., for obtaining orders from foreign buyers, and may not be sold except with the written consent of the Export Licence Department, but such consent may be dispensed with when it is desired to sell the articles to the country of destination after they have fulfilled their purpose as samples. Exporters will be required to satisfy the Customs Authorities that the goods presented for export under this licence are *bonâ fide* samples, and to make a declaration to that effect on the relative shipping documents.

* "Iron and steel manufactures" does not cover manufactures containing more than 10 per cent in weight of metals other than iron or steel.

† This heading covers machinery made of any material provided it does not contain more than 10 per cent of copper or brass.

APPENDIX No. 4.

OPEN GENERAL LICENCE FOR EXPORT OF CARTRIDGES, CHARGES, ETC., TO CERTAIN DESTINATIONS.

An Open General Licence has been issued for the export of cartridges, charges, etc., and industrial explosives to the destinations given below, to which, therefore, exports may be made subject to the usual Customs formalities without applications for specific licences to the Export Licence Department:—

British Possessions and Protectorates.
French Possessions and Protectorates.
United States of America.
South America.
Africa.
Japan and Korea.
Asiatic Russia.
France, Belgium, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Italy, Serbia.

The issue of this licence does not relieve exporters from the necessity of obtaining import permits from the country of destination in cases where local regulations render such a course necessary.

URGENT ORDERS.

The Board of Trade, Export Licence Department, announces that, in collaboration with the Department of Overseas Trade, an arrangement has been made whereby firms receiving orders which require immediate acceptance may telegraph details of any such order to the Department of Overseas Trade in order to ascertain whether a licence will be granted for the export of the goods if the order is accepted.

In the event of an applicant being promised a licence he will be enabled to deal with the order straightaway with the knowledge that upon application being made in the proper form to the Export Licence Department the licence will be granted.

The telegrams should be addressed to "Orders, c/o Advantage, Stock, London." They should give in each case in addition to the name and postal or telegraphic address of the applicant the quantity and description of the goods comprised in the order and the name and address of the ultimate consignee if the goods are destined for a neutral country. In the case of orders from Allied or British Territory or from Territory in the occupation of troops of the Associated Governments, the consignee need not be stated; and it will be sufficient merely to give the country of destination. A reply of 24 words (1-3) must be prepaid.

Applicants are requested in their own interest to confine their enquiries to orders needing a very urgent decision, since the fewer the enquiries the more promptly can answers be given.

Any subsequent correspondence that is necessary in connection with the telegraphic enquiries should be addressed to the Comptroller-General, Department of Overseas Trade (Export Facilities Section), 73, Basinghall Street, E.C. 3.

BOARD OF TRADE,
EXPORT LICENCE DEPARTMENT,
16th May 1919.

SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTS TO THE LIST OF EXPORT PROHIBITED GOODS.

LIST OF GOODS CONSIGNABLE TO THE SOCIETE SUISSE DE SURVEILLANCE ECONOMIQUE, SWITZERLAND.

Abaca.
Abaca yarn.
Accumulators, electric.
Acetanilida
Acetates.
Acetin acid.
Aceto-cellulose.
Acetone, including acetate and pyroligneite of Lime.
Acid—
Acetic.
Benzoic.
Boric
Carbolic
Chlorosulphuric.
Citric.
Fatty.
Formic.
Oxalic.
Hydrochloric.
Lactic.
Nitric.
Oleic.
Oxalic.
Palmitic.
Phenic.
Pyrogallic.
Stearic.
Sulphuric.
Tannic.
Tartaric.

Aconitine.
Acorns, roasted or not.
Aeroplanes and airships and engines and parts.
Aeroplanes component parts of, with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.
Agar agar.
Albumen, including yolk of egg.
Alcohol, industrial.
Aldehyde, denatured
Aldehyde, non-denatured.
Alfa.
Alimentary pastes.
Alkalies bromides.
Alkalies tartrates. (These, except potassium tartrate, may be sent under the small parcel system).
Alkaloids (vegetable).
Almonds, nuts, and walnuts, shelled or not.
Almond oil.
Alpaca yarn.
Alpiste
Alum.
Alumina: anhydride, hydride, salts.
Aluminia (sulphate).
Aluminium ore, including bauxite and nephiline.
Aluminium in all forms: pure metal, alloys of.
Aluminium, manufactures of, not including aluminium jewellery.
Aluminum, oxides and salts of.
Alundum bronze

Alundum, cast or not.
American cloth.
Ammonium salts.
Ammunition.
Amyl alcohol (fusel oil).
Anilin (materials for).
Aniline and its compounds.
Animal fats
Animal wax, bees' wax, spermaceti.
Animals, living.
Aniseed and star aniseed.
Anthracene.
Anti-bacterium.
Anti febrine.
Anti-friction metal.
Antimony sunsillin (native antimony and regulus of antimony); alloys of, including anti-friction metal.
Antimony, native sulphids, ore, and other combinations of antimony.
Apparatus and materials used in medicine, surgery, and antiseptic, not including pottery.
Apples, residue of.
Arabic gum.
Arms of all kinds and component parts.
Arsenic, ore and metal.
Arsenic, compounds of arsenic, mixtures containing arsenic. (Excluding those articles which appear on the Free List.)
Asbestos, crude.
Asbestos, manufactures.
Asphalted cardboard.
Asphalted felts.
Asphalts, all kinds
Asphyxiating gas, materials for manufacture of.
Asses.
Atropine.
Automobiles, and parts and accessories
Bacon.
Bags (except paper bags).
Balata, all forms.
Balata belting.
Ballasts and parts.
Ballon muffs.
Bamboos.
Banana meal.
Bandages.
Barges.
Bark for tanning.
Barley.
Barrels and casks.
Batteries, electric, and parts.
Bauxite.
Bayonets.
Bean oil, fatty acid of.
Beans, dried, whole.
Beans for cattle feeding.
Beans, split, and meal.
Beans, locust.
Beef, corned.
Beef oils for margarine.
Bees' wax, crude or worked, and articles in bees' wax
Beet pulp for cattle.
Bertrop salts.
Belladonna and its preparations and alkaloids.
Bell-metal, all forms.
Belting (machine) in all material.
Benzine.
Benzo naphthol,
Benzol; benzoin acid, benzoates.
Berries for tanning.
Bicarbonate of soda.
Bichromate of soda.
Biphosphate of lime.
Biscuits
Bismuth, ore and metal.
Bismuth salts
Bitumen, and bituminous compositions.
Bladders.

Blankets (woollen).
Blasting powder.
Blocks, steroeo, clichés (copper).
Boats for river use (barges, etc.).
Boiler compositions.
Boiler packings (see Packings).
Bone fat.
Bones, whole, dissolved, melted, calcined, and bone ash.
Boots and shoes, rubber and leather, including footwear in textile with leather soles or parts; also parts thereof, and gramery used in the manufacture thereof. (Ladies' and children's boots up to a maximum length of 17 centimetres in any material can be sent under the small parcel system.)
Borax (borate of soda) and mixtures containing borax; boric acid.
Boron compounds.
Bran, pollard, and flour-mill waste.
Brass, all forms.
Brazil nuts.
Bread.
Brewers' and distillers' grains used for cattle-feeding.
Bristles, pigs', assorted and in bundles.
Brom del, and their compounds and salts, except radium sodium bromides. (Alkaline bromides can be sent under the small parcel system.)
Bromoform.
Bronze (aluminium).
Bronze, all forms.
Brucine.
Buckwheat.
Bullion (*see* Gold)
Butter.
Butter substitutes.
Cabbages.
Cable, insulated.
Cables, cordage, ropemakers' wares, of any textile materials.
Cadmium, ore and metal.
Cadmium salts.
Cafes
Caffeine and its salts.
Cakes.
Calcium, carbide of.
Calcium cyanamide.
Calves.
Camel's hair.
Canal's hair yarn.
Camp equipment.
Camphor.
Canary seed.
Candied peel.
Candles, nightlights, tapers, of bees' wax, stearine, spermaceti, and other substances.
Canes.
Cantharides and its preparations.
Canvas.
Caoutchouc (*see* Rubber).
Capsicum.
Caraway seeds.
Carbids of calcium.
Carbolic acid and its compounds, and mixtures containing carbolic acid.
Carbonate of lead, pure or mixed fatty matter.
Carbonate of soda, in all forms including bicarbonate.
Carbon sulphide.
Carbon chlorids and tetrachloride and their preparations.
Carbon (gas).
Carbons (electric).
Carborundum in all forms, including alundum, cast or otherwise.
Cardamoms
Cardboard, asphalted
Card clothing.

Carpets of animal hair, wool, linen, jute, and cotton, and mixtures thereof.
Carriages, carts, and waggons.
Carrots.
Cartridges.
Caseine.
Cashew nuts.
Casings, sausage.
Casks and barrels.
Cassava root.
Cassia.
Castor-oil.
Cattle.
Cattle cake.
Cattle-feeding stuffs, brewery grains, and other; also prepared cattle foods.
Cauliflowers.
Caustic soda.
Celluloid.
Cellulose.
Cellulose yarn.
Cement.
Cereals, cereal foods, not otherwise specified.
Cerealine.
Cerium, ore and metal.
Cerium, salts of.
Chamois leather.
Charcoal.
"Charcuterie."
Charts.
Cheese.
Chemical preparations for pharmacy not otherwise specified. (For those which cannot be sent under the small parcel system (*see* the separate headings.) Antipyrine, aspirine, protargol, salol, salvarsan, neosalvarsan, sulfonal, and proprietary medicines need not be consigned to the S.S.S.)
Chestnuts, fresh or dried.
Chestnut meal.
Chicory, ground.
Chicory root, dried or roasted, and substitutes "Chicorée" 5lbs.
Chloral and its compounds and preparations.
Chloramide.
Chlorates and perchlorates.
Chlorids of ammonia.
Chlorids of carbon, lime, tin, magnesium, zinc.
Chlorine, liquefied and in solution.
Chlorine and its compounds.
Chloroform.
Chlorosulphuric acid, oil of vitriol, etc.
Chocolate.
Chrome, ore and metal.
Chrome salts.
Chronometers, ships'.
Cigars and cigarettes.
Cinchona bark.
Cinchonine.
Cinnamon.
Citrate of lime and other citrates.
Citrate of magnesia.
Citrus zest.
Clothés.
Cloth, woollen (*see* Woollen tissues).
Clothing, for men, non-waterproofed.
Clothing, for women, non-waterproofed.
Clothing, waterproofed.
Cloves.
Coal-tar, its products and derivatives capable of being utilised in the manufacture of dyes or explosives; compounds containing such products and derivatives (except coal tar dyes)
Cobalt, salts and oxides of cobalt, and articles containing cobalt.
Coca and its preparations
Cocaine and its salts and preparations.
Cocoa.
Cocoa beans.
Cocoa butter.
Cocoa pods, husks and dust.
Cocoa powder.
Coconut butter.
Coconut oil.
Coconuts.
Coffee, raw, roasted and hygienic coffee.
Coffee extracts, essences and substitutes, liquid.
Coffee substitutes, not otherwise specified, in a dry state, including ground acorns, kubia, cafeo ground chicory.
Coin: gold, silver, nickel, bronze and copper.
Coir yarn and wares.
Colchicum and its preparations.
Collodion.
Colophany.
Colts.
Colza oil.
Compressed soups.
Condensed milk, sweetened or not.
Cosmine.
Copal gum.
Copper: ore (including pyrites); pure metal and alloys of, in all forms; waste.
Copper wares, including carbons for electricity containing copper, and including all metal articles containing 10 per cent or more of copper and its alloys, but excluding machinery containing less than 50 per cent of copper; enamelled or plated copper wares; perforated copper plates; copper leaf; insulated and non-insulated copper cables; insulated electrical copper wires; copper cables with lead sheath or iron fittings, electrical cables of all kinds containing copper; copper trellis-work, copper bolts, screws, nails, rivets, church and other bells; unfinished brass machine parts; brass valves and taps imported apart from their machines; copper or alloyed copper wares not otherwise specified, whether turned or not; bronze wares
Copper, suboxide of, and articles containing suboxide of copper.
Copper, sulphate of.
Copra butter.
Copra oil.
Cordage.
Cordage (old).
Cork in sheets including cork unworked, waste and old corks.
Cork, worked, including corks
Corned beef.
Cornflour.
Corozo (vegetable ivory) nuts.
Corrosive sublimate.
Corrugated iron.
Corundum, all forms
Cotton and cotton waste (including cotton yarn waste), carded or not; cotton wool.
Cotton hosiery
Cotton lingerie.
Cotton rags.
Cotton-seed oil.
Cotton seed oil, fatty acid of.
Cotton stearine.
Cotton tissues, all kinds, made up or otherwise. Cotton piece-goods, made up or otherwise (other than in the grey and bleached, rectangular in texture, weighing more than 24 kilog. per 100 square metres) can be sent under the small parcel system. (Excluding those articles which appear on the Free List.)
Cotton yarn.
Cream.
Cream of tartar.
Creosote, wood.
Creosote oil.
Cresol and nitro-cresol, and their compounds and preparations.
Crucibles.

Oryolite.
Oxystalon.
Oxriders' grease.
Oxtch.
Cyanamide, calcium
Cyanides.
Damar gum.
Dari.
Dates.
Daturine.
Degras.
Delphinine.
Dental apparatus
Dental rubber and wares.
Dermatol
Desiccated soups
Detonators.
Dextrines
Digitaline.
Di-methyl-anilines.
Distillers' grains, and residues from apples, raisins, or olives.
Diuretine.
Down.
Drains, rubber
Draw-plates, jewelled.
Dress-protectors, proofed.
Dynamite.
Dynamos.
Earth containing infusoria.
Ebonite.
Eggs.
Eggs, preserved, and egg-yolk.
Electrical appliances adapted for use in war, and their component parts
Electric batteries and parts.
Electrical fire-lighters.
Electrical insulated wire and cables.
Emery, all forms, including wheels and paper.
Emetine and emetic salts.
Engine packings (see Packings).
Equipment, military.
Ergot of rye
Ether sulphuric and other acetic.
Exalgine (benzamine) lactate, hydrochloride, and their preparations.
Explosives: gunpowder and similar explosives, nitro-glycerine, dynamite, melinite, etc.
Extracts, tanning.
Extracts of meat.
Farinaceous articles of all kinds, being food-stuffs: wheat, rye, oats, barley, maize, buck-wheat, grain meal and flour, malt, bread and biscuits, groats, semolina, Italian paste, sago, salep, mandioca, and flour, tapioca and flour, rice of all kinds, dried vegetables of all kinds and their meal, chestnuts and flour, dari millet, and alpiste (long millet).
Fats, animal.
Fats, vegetable, comestible.
Fatty acids
Feathers, feather waste and down (other than fancy feathers).
Fecula of all kinds.
Felspar.
Felts, asphalted.
Felts of animal hair (for woollen felts for paper-making (see under Wool).
Ferro-chrome and ferro nickel, and all other ferro alloys
Ferro cyanides.
Fibre (see Vegetable fibre).
Figs, dried.
Figs, roasted
Filings and scrap, of old copper, lead, tin, zinc, and their alloys.
Firearms of all kinds and their component parts,
Fish, in brine, preserved, dried, salted.
Fish oil.
Fish, potted or canned, all kinds.]
Fishing nets.
Flannels (cotton) (see Cotton tissues).
Flannels (woollen) (see Woollen tissues).
Flax, raw, as tow or combed; waste.
Flaxen canvas; hammock canvas, kit-bag canvas, navy canvas, tent canvas.
Flaxen fabric suitable for balloons.
Flour: wheat, maize, rice, pease, beans, and other sorts of
Flour mill waste.
Foodstuffs, preserved, all kinds (see Preserved foodstuffs)
Forage: hay, straw.
Formaldehyde, denatured.
Formaldehyde, non-denatured.
Formic acid.
Formol.
Fruit jellies
Fruit syrup
Fruit kernels.
Fruits, dried, preserved, drained.
Fruits for dyeing and tanning.
Fullers' earth.
Fulminate of mercury.
Furs, rough or prepared, but not worked or made up.
Fusel oil.
Furze (manure).
Fustic.
Gallic acid.
Gambier.
Game.
Game (preserved).
Garlic.
Gas, asphyxiating, materials for manufacture of.
Gas carbon.
Gelatine.
Geodetic instruments
Ginger.
Ginger, preserved
Glass paper.
Gloves (leather)
Gloves (rubber).
Gloves (woollen).
Glucose, liquid.
Glucose, solid,
Glucose, solid, for manufacture of artificial silk.
Glue, gelatine and isinglass.
Glutes, all kinds.
Glycerine and preparations containing glycerine.
Glycerophosphates
Goats.
Goatskins
Gold: bullion, ingots, bars, dust, battered articles, coin.
Goldbeaters' skin.
Grains (brewery and distillery)
Grapes, pressed.
Grapes, residue of.
Graphite, all forms, including crucibles.
Grease, machine.
Grease, currriers' and leather dressers'.
Grease for vehicles and machinery.
Grenadines.
Grindery used in the making of boots and shoes, including rivets, plates, nails, buttons, etc
Grindstones and emery wheels.
Groats, all kinds.
Ground-nut oil.
Guanacol and guaiacol carbonate.
Guano.
Gums, all kinds, solid and liquid; arabic, cherry, tragacanth, Senegal, acacia, agar, Bassorah, mahogany, etc. (Shellac and gomlac cannot be sent under the small parcel system.)
Gunnetton.
Gunpowder.
Gun-metal, all forms.
Guns and parts.

Gut, animal, in all forms (except guts of sheep). (Guts of sheep can be sent under the small parcel system.)
Guts of sheep.
Gut, cords of (except those for musical instruments), including gut cords for machinery.
Gutta-percha, all forms
Hair, human and animal, rough, cleaned, spun or otherwise prepared or manufactured; pigs' bristles, assorted, and in bundles.
Hair, textiles of.
Halogen derivatives of aliphatic hydrocarbons.
Hammock canvas.
Hams.
Hand-carts.
Harvest boots.
Harness and parts.
Hawsers.
Hay.
Heliographs.
Hemp cordage and twine.
Hemp, combed, dressed, and combed; waste.
Hemp, yarn and knotted. (Twists, cords, and yarns of pure hemp may be sent under the small parcel system.)
Hemp, cloth.
Hexamethylene-tetramine.
Hides and skins, rough or prepared, including fur skins not put together.
Honey, natural or artificial.
Hops.
Horsecloths of hair.
Horsehair, and vegetable substitutes for horse hair.
Horsehair mats.
Horses.
Horseshoes
Hosiery (cotton).
Hosiery (woollen).
Hydrocarbons and hydrocarbides.
Hydroquinone.
Hydrochloric acid.
Hyposulphite of soda.
Infusorial earth.
Injectors, rubber.
Instruments, observation, geodetic, and optical.
Instruments, nautical, of all kinds.
Insulated cable
Insulating materials
Indian and its compounds and preparations.
Iodoform.
Ipecacuanha root.
Iridium, ore and metal.
Iridium salts.
Iron alloys.
Iron ore (including pyrites).
Isinglass
Italian paste.
Jams.
Japanese paper and similar paper, including serviettes of Japanese paper.
Jellies, fruit
Jellies, mineral
Jelly, petroleum.
Jute: raw, carded, etc.
Jute yarn.
Jute sacks.
Jute: piece-goods. Tissues (other than in the grey, rectangular texture, over 30 kilog. per 100 square metres) can be sent under the small parcel system.
Kermes, mineral
Kernel oil for industrial use.
Kernels of fruits.
Kino.
Knitted woollen goods.
Kubic.
Lac.
Lactic acid.
Lamps, signalling.
Lard.
Lard, imitation.
Lava, volvic.
Lead (ore and metal, pure and alloyed) in all forms, including lead type, old or new.
Lead salt and compounds.
Leather, hides, and skins, raw.
Leather, hides, and skins, tanned and dressed.
Leather belting.
Leather wares, including travelling articles in leather, but not including fancy light leather goods ("maroquinerie"). Leather wares (excluding articles of military clothing, camp and harness equipment) can be sent under the small parcel system.
Leather dressers' grease.
Leaves for tanning.
Leeks.
Lentils.
Lichens for tanning.
Lime acetate and pyroligneite of.
Lime, chloride and phosphate of.
Lime, citrate of.
Linen tissues. Those (other than in the grey or bleached, rectangular texture, over 27½ kilog. per 100 square metres) can be sent under the small parcel system.
Linen yarn.
Lingerie, cotton.
Linoleum.
Linseed.
Linseed meal.
Linseed oil.
Linseed oil, fatty acid of.
Liquorice, root and juice.
Litharge.
Llama hair, yarns, and tissues.
Locomotives.
Locust beans.
Logwood.
Lorries, motor.
Lubricants.
Macaroni.
Mace.
Machine belting in all material.
Machine oils, greases, and lubricants.
Machinery containing more than 50 per cent of copper
Machinery, textile.
Magnesia, calcined.
Magnesia, citrate of.
Magnesium chloride and sulphate, and mixtures containing magnesium chloride and sulphate.
Magnetos and their parts.
Maize.
Maize flour.
Maize meal.
Maize stalks.
Malt.
Malt (exhausted) and malt germs, for cattle.
Mandioc and flour.
Manioc, raw or dried.
Manganese, ore and metal, all forms; dioxide and peroxide of manganese.
Manganese salts.
Mangrove bark and extract.
Manilla yarn
Manures of all kinds, chemical and other.
Mares (residues).
Margarine, oleo-margarine, copra butter, and similar products.
Marmalade.
Mastic.
Mats of horsehair.
Mats of straw and fibre.
Meal, farinaceous, all kinds
Meat meal for cattle.
Meats, tinned, and extracts of.
Meats, fresh and refrigerated.
Meats, salt and smoked.

Medicinal preparations not otherwise specified (see Chemical preparations for pharmacy).
Meliorite.
Mercury, fulminate of.
Mercury, and its compounds and preparations, and mixtures containing compounds of mercury.
Metal, anti-friction.
Metallic peroxides.
Metal-working machinery
Methlers, methylic alcohol, crude or chemically pure.
Methyl-ethyl-acetone.
Mica, crude or in sheets; mica splittings; ground mica.
Mica, cut, manufactured and mica wares
Milk condensed, sweetened or not.
Millet.
Millet, long (alpiste).
Millinery, cotton.
Mineral pellies
Mineral oils and essences.
Mineral wax.
Miners' fuses
Mohair, yarn and tissues.
Molasses.
Molybdenum ore and metal.
Molybdenum salts.
Monazite sand.
Money (see Coin)
Morphia; morphine.
Mosses, Iceland, Irish, carragheen, and sphagnum.
Motor-cars, motor-lorries; parts and accessories
Motor-cycles and parts and accessories (Magnets and their parts cannot be sent under the parcel system.)
Motors, electric, all kinds.
Mules.
Munitions.
Muriate of ammonia.
Mustard seed.
Naphtha.
Naphthalene.
Naphthol; naphthylamine, and similar products.
Narcotine.
Nautical instruments of all kinds.
Navy canvas.
Neat's foot oil
Nets, fishing and other.
Nickel ore, metal, pure and alloyed, all forms.
Nickel, salts and combinations.
Nickel wares and coin.
Nickelled sheet iron.
Nicotine.
Night light (see Candles).
Nitric acid
Nitro-benzene.
Nitro-cresol and its compounds and preparations.
Nitro-glycerine.
Nocosine.
Nutmegs
Nuts and seeds, oleaginous
Nuts and walnuts, shelled or not.
Nuts for tanning.
Nuts, pistachio.
Nux vomica and its alkaloids and preparations.
Oats
Oatmeal.
Observation instruments.
Oil, animal, including, neat's-foot oil.
Oil fish.
Oil, mineral, crude, refined, heavy.
Oil (tar).
Oil, vegetable, all kinds.
Oil, vegetable, comestible.
Oil, whale.
Oil and grease for machinery.
Oil, residual of distillation of alcohol.
Oil of turpentine and of resin.
Oil-cake, whole or ground.
Oiled cloth for furniture.
Oiled cloth for packing
Oleaginous nuts and seeds.
Oleine, olein acid
Oleo-margarine.
Olive oil, comestible
Olive oil, denatured.
Olives packed in oil.
Olives, residue of.
Onions (including small picked onions), both edible and for planting.
Optical instruments, not including spectacles.
Ore (see under Various metals).
Osiers.
Osmium, ore and metal.
Osmium salts and compounds.
Oxalic acid.
Oxen
Oxide of lead.
Oxide of tin and stanniferous waste
Oxychloride of carbon (phosgene).
Oysters.
Packings, engine and boiler, including slagwool.
Paleine.
Palladium compounds.
Palm nuts
Palm oil.
Palmate oil, fatty acid of.
Palmitic acid
Paper, Japanese.
Paper and cloths of silex.
Paraffin.
Paraffin, liquid medicinal.
Paraffin wax.
Paraformaldehyde
Paraldehyde
Paraguay tea.
Paste, Italian.
Pastilles.
Pease, dried, whole.
Pease, split and meal
Peel, candied.
Pepper
"Peptone Witte."
Perchlorates.
Peroxides, metallic.
Peroxide of soda.
Petroleum, crude, refined and spirit.
Petroleum jelly.
Petroleum, residue and waste.
Pewter, all forms.
Pharmaceutical preparations (see Chemical preparations for pharmacy).
Phenate of lime.
Phenazone.
Phenetidine.
Phenic acid.
Phosgene (oxychloride of carbon.)
Phosphor bronze.
Phosphoric acid and compounds of phosphorus.
Phosphorus
Pickles.
Pigeons, live and dead.
Pigs.
Pigs' bristles assorted and in bundles
Pimento.
Pistachio nuts.
Pitch.
Pitch (wood tar).
Plait (hemp, tagal or other) for hat-making
Plants for tanning
Platinum in all forms, including manufactures (except platinum jewellery.)
Platinum salts.
Plumbago.
Polythionates.
Pollards.
Poppy oil.

Pork butchers' meat ("charcuterie").
Potash, prussiate of.
Potassium chlorate and perchlorate.
Potassium, cyanide of.
Potassium nitrate.
Potatoes.
Poultry, live and dead.
Powder and similar explosives (see Explosives).
Preservatives, rubber.
Preserved foodstuffs, all kinds. (Preserved truffles and pâté de foie gras can be sent in the small parcels scheme.)
Pressphn ("cactus américain").
Projectiles and other munitions of war.
Prunes, dried.
Prussiate of potash.
Prussiate of soda.
Pyridine (base).
Pyrites, copper and iron.
Pyrogallic acid.
Pyroligneite of lime.
Quebracho extract.
Quebracho wood.
Quicksilver (see Mercury).
Quinine and its salts.
Quinine, extracts of.
Rabbits.
Radium and its salts.
Rags of all kinds.
Railway carriages, trunks and lorries.
Raisins, dried.
Ramie, raw and waste.
Ramie yarn.
Ramie tissues.
Rapeseed.
Rattans, all kinds, and articles wholly or partly composed of rattans.
Reaping machines and spare parts.
Regulus.
Rennet.
Residue of apples, grapes, olives ("marcs").
Resin and resin pitch.
Resin oil.
Resinous substances, pine and fir, turpentine, resin, resin pitch.
Rhodium, ore, and metal.
Rhodium salts and compounds.
Rice.
Rice flour.
Rifles and parts.
Rigging.
Roots for tanning.
Ropes and rope makers' wares.
Rosin, resin pitch.
Rubber: Balata, gutta-percha, raw or re-melted, including waste, vulcanised rubber and sclerona and rubberoid, slipping, rub or wares, rubber proofed and rubber-mixed goods, rubber preparations.
Rum.
Ruthenium, ore and metal.
Ruthenium, salts and compounds.
Rye.
Rye, ergot of.
Sabadilla seeds.
Sacks, satchels and bags of all textile materials, including paper thread.
Saddlery, leather.
Safrol.
Sago and flour.
Salad oil.
Salep.
Saltcake.
Salts of beetroot.
Saltpetres.
Salvarsan.
Salt meats.
Saltpetre (Chile), crude.
Saltpetre, refined.
Salts of copper, chrome, tin, mercury and other metals.
Salts of thorium, cerium, platinum, titanium, molybdenum, vanadium, and other salts of rare earths.
Sandarac gum.
sandpaper.
Santonin and its preparations.
Satsuma.
Sausage casings.
Sausages.
Schmelite.
Scrap metal and filings: copper, lead, tin, zinc, and their alloys.
Sealing wax.
Searchlights.
Seeds of forage plants for sowing.
Selenium, ore and metal.
Semolina.
Sesamum oil.
Shale oil.
Sheep.
Sheepgut.
Sheepskins.
Shellac.
Shell fish, preserved.
Ships, all kinds.
Shoddy (wool).
Shoe fittings; shoe machinery and grindery.
Shoes (leather, rubber).
Signalling lamps.
Silica paper.
Silicon.
Silk: cocoons raw, spun, and tissues (including artificial silks; all kinds and forms. (Excluding those articles which appear on the Free List.)
Silver: raw, bar, ingot, powder, scrap, coin.
Skins, raw and dressed (see under Hides).
Slag wool.
Sledges.
Smoked meats.
Snuff.
Soap (including "Monkey Brand"). Perfumed toilet soaps.
Socks and stockings (wool).
Soda, carbonate of, in all forms, including bicarbonate.
Soda, caustic.
Soda crystals.
Soda, peroxide of.
Soda, prussiate of.
Sodium bichromate.
Sodium chlorate.
Sodium cyanide.
Sodium nitrate.
Sodium nitrite.
Sodium (metal).
Sodium sulphate, sulphide and hyposulphite.
Soles, lifts, and other cut leather for boots and shoes.
Soups, compressed, desiccated, preserved.
Soy.
Soya oil, fatty acid of.
Spaghetti.
Spelter (see Zinc).
Spices, ground or not.
Spirits of wine.
Sponges of all kinds, including waste.
Sprayers and spraying machines, other than those for toilet, medicinal and domestic use.
Starch: also starch waste for cattle.
Stearic acid.
Stearine.
Stearine, solion, for industrial purposes.
Steel, high speed, containing 0·5 per cent of tungsten, or 0·2 per cent of molybdenum.
Stoned of fruit.
Straps (textile).

Straw.
Straw mats.
Strontium compounds.
Strychnine.
Sublimate, corrosive.
Suboxide of copper, and objects containing suboxide of copper.
Suet.
Sugar, raw, refined, candy.
Sugar of milk.
Sulphate of alumina.
Sulphate of copper and copperas (green copper).
Sulphate of soda; sulphate of zinc.
Sulphide of antimony.
Sulphide of carbon.
Sulphide of soda.
Sulphonicinates.
Sulphur in all forms.
Sulphur dioxide (anhydride).
Sulphuric acid.
Surgical bandages and dressings.
Surgical, medical and orthopædic instruments and apparatus.
Swords, bayonets and other arms.
Syrups of fruit.
Syrups of molasses.
Tagal plait.
Talc.
Tallow.
Tannic acid.
Tanning substances of all kinds, including extracts used in tanning.
Tapers (see Candles).
Tapioca and flour.
Tar.
Tar (coal), derivatives and products of, for the manufacture of dyes.
Tar oils, all kinds.
Tar oil derivatives, wood creosote, creosote oil.
Terpathine.
Tartaric acid.
Tartar, cream of tartar and its alkaloïds; tartrates (Tartrates, alkaline, other than potassium, tartrate, can be sent under the small parcel system.)
Tea.
Telegraph apparatus, parts of, and materials for.
Telephone apparatus, parts of, and materials for.
Tents and fittings.
Terpine, terpinol.
Textile fabric for balloons.
Thenbromine.
Theosulphates.
Thorium, ore and metal.
Thorium nitrate.
Thorium salts.
Thread (see Cotton, Linen, Wool).
Timber (see Wood).
Tin, chloride of.
Tin; ore, metal, pure and alloyed, in all forms. (Capsules and sheets of pure tin can be sent under the small parcel system.)
Tin oxide.
Tin wares, including alloys.
Tinned meats.
Titanium, ore and metal.
Titanium salts.
Tobacco, unmanufactured and substitutes.
Tobacco, manufactured and substitutes.
Tolendine, tolnol.
Tomatoes, fresh.
Tomatoes, preserved.
Tools, instruments, and their parts, of special steel (i.e., of high-speed steel, nickel steel, etc.), except watchmakers' tools.
Tools used in the making of boots and shoes.
Tragacanth, gum.
Travelling articles in leather, not including fancy light leather goods ("marocquinerie").
Treacle.
Trional.
Trinitrotoluene.
Trucks and trailers, railway and other.
Tubes drain.
Tungsten, ore and metal, and tungstic acid.
Tungsten salts and compounds.
Turkey red oil and other sulphoricinates.
Turnips.
Turpentine, and mixtures containing turpentine.
Twine.
Tyres, solid or pneumatic.
Union cotton goods (containing 25 per cent of cotton).
Uranium, ore and metal.
Urea and its compounds.
Urethane.
Urotropine (hexamethylene tetramine) and preparations containing urotropine.
Vanadium, ore and metal.
Vanadium salts.
Vanilla.
Varnishes, all kinds.
Vaseline and mineral jellies.
Vegetable alkaloid.
Vegetable fats, eatable.
Vegetable fibre, also yarn and wares, vegetable substitutes for horsehair, vegetable substances for plaiting, rough, spun or manufactured in any way.
Vegetable ivory (corozo).
Vegetables, dried, and their meal.
Vegetables, fresh.
Vegetables, preserved.
Vegetable oil, all kinds, liquid and solid.
Vegetable wax.
Vegetaline (rubber substitute).
Vehicles of all kinds, hauler and traction engines of all kinds, all articles (unmanufactured or manufactured, for military, naval or transport purposes.
Ventilators of 50 to 250 kilogrammes.
Veratrine.
Vetches.
Vessels sailing, steam, motor.
Vinegar.
Vitriol, oil of.
Vulvic lava.
Vulcanised fibre, all forms.
Waggons.
Walnuts.
Water-proofed clothing, with or without rubber.
Water proofed (rubber) goods.
Wax, animal.
Waxes, mineral.
Waxes, vegetable.
Wax polish for floors, leather, furniture, etc.
Waxed cloth.
Waxes, animal.
Whale oil.
Wheat, in grain.
Wheat flour.
Wheat meal.
Wheelbarrows.
White spirit.
Wicker wares.
Wire, insulated.
Wolfram (tungsten), ore and metal.
Wood alcohol.
Wood crew etc.
Wood, ash, beech, birch, lime, mahogany, sheoaak, plane.
Wood for building.
Wood, for rifle stocks and rifle parts.
Wood spirit.
Wood, teak.
Wood, walnut, unhewn, squared and sawn.
Wool of all kinds, including waste; artificial wool.

Woollen hosiery and knitted goods. (Woollen hosiery, other than one's own, be sent under the small parcel system.)
Woollen tissues (including alpaca, mohair and camel's hair, but excluding felted woollen cloths in circular bones having a felted surface and warp and weft, and exclusively used for paper-making). Woollen blankets and woollen fleeces (except those for clothing of plain colour, over black, weighing over 400 gr. per square metre) can be sent under the small parcel system.
Woollen yarn.
Xeroform.
Yarn, cotton.
Yarn, abaca.
Yarn, jute.
Yarn, linen, hemp, manila, ramie, and similar fibres.
Yarn, wool, alpaca, mohair and camel hair.
Yarn of vegetable fibre, including coir.
Yeast.
Yolk of egg.
Zinc dust.
Zinc, ore, metal, pure and alloyed, in all forms, not including zinc wares.
Zinc chloride and mixtures containing zinc chloride.
Zinc sulphate and mixtures containing zinc sulphate.

TRADING BY FOREIGNERS—LICENCE

The 31st June 1919.

No. 4207.—WHEREAS by paragraph 5 of the Trading with the Enemy Proclamation No. 2, dated the 9th day of September 1914, as amended and extended by the Proclamation, dated the 8th day of November 1914, and by the Proclamation, dated the 16th day of October 1916, trade and financial or commercial transactions between British subjects and persons or bodies of persons resident in the territories of the German Empire, or in the Dual Monarchy of Austria Hungary or in the respective colonies and dependencies thereof, or in the territories of the Sultan of Turkey (other than Egypt or any territory in the occupation of the British Government or its Allies), or in the territories of the King of the Bulgarians, in the license or in the said Proclamation referred to as "enemy country," are prohibited; and

WHEREAS by paragraph 8 of the said Proclamation it is provided that nothing in the Proclamation shall be taken to prohibit anything which may be expressly permitted by licence, whether such licence be granted to individuals or be announced as applying to persons; and

WHEREAS by paragraph 8 of Proclamation, dated the 8th October 1914, power to grant such licences on behalf of the Crown may be exercised in India by the Governor-General;

Now, therefore, I, Frederic John Napier Thesiger, Baron Chelmsford, hereby authorize all persons and bodies of persons residing, being, or carrying on business in British India to open credits on behalf of persons or bodies of persons in any enemy country for the purpose of financing transactions authorized under any Proclamation or legislation relating to Trading with the Enemy in force in British India or any other parts of His Majesty's Dominions and transactions between persons residing or carrying on business outside His Majesty's Dominions which have been authorized by the allied and associated Governments or any of them.

CHELMSFORD,
Viceroy and Governor-General in Council.

Ootacamund, July 8, 1919.

No. 273.—The Governor in Council with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council hereby declares under the provisions of section 23 of the Madras Forest Act, 1882, that the area which is described in the schedule below and which was declared to be a "Reserved Forest" under section 16 of the Act, in the notification noted in column 5 of the schedule below, shall cease to be a reserved forest with effect from 15th August 1919.

SCHEDULE.

Name of reserve or portion of reserve discontinued.	District.	Taluk.	Villages.	Area.	Boundaries.
Block No. 201, Lashkam.	South Arcot ..	Kallakurchi ..	Latakiyam, Varadappanur and Sirayanur.	Acs. 744·30	Vide below.

Boundaries.—Vide notification No. 201, Revenue dated 30th April 1896, published on pages 471 and 472 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 23rd April 1896.

Brief description.—The area contains sparse natural growth. The land is fit for cultivation only.

Reasons for the discontinuance.—It is not required for panchayat management nor is it required for the supply of fuel.

Ootacamund, July 2, 1919.

No. 274.—Whereas the Zamindar of Sivagiri estate in the Tinnevelly district has applied, under section 32 (a) of the Madras Forest Act, 1882, for the commencement of the rules under section 26 of the said Act already published in notification No. 29 at pages 67 and 68 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 22nd January 1918, the Governor in Council, in exercise of the power vested in him under section 32 of the said Act, is hereby pleased to commence the provisions of section 26 of the said Act to the said estate.

No. 275.—Under the powers vested in him by sections 26 and 32 of the Madras Forest Act, 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules to regulate the management of the forest and waste lands in Sivagiri estate in the Tinnevelly district. These rules are subject to all rights now legally vested in individuals and communities—

I. Lands at the disposal of the estate may, for the purpose of these rules, be classed as follows—

(a) Reserved land.
(b) Unreserved land.

II. "Reserved land" includes all lands notified under the next following rule (3).

Land at the disposal of the estate which is not set apart as "reserved land" will be held to be "unreserved land."

III. Subject to the sanction of Government the Collector may, by order in writing to be duly notified in the District Gazette, select any area within the said estate and may constitute it "reserved land." Upon the limits of any such area being notified in the District Gazette, it shall be unlawful for any person to cut, saw, convert or remove trees or timbers and to collect and remove natural produce within such area unless he is authorized to do so by the estate forest officer or by some one duly authorized by him to grant such permission.

IV. On reserved lands no fresh clearing shall be made for cultivation or for any other purpose unless a patta or lease has first been obtained from the forest officer. The forest officer is also authorized to issue out any "reserved land" for such periods and subject to such conditions as he may consider necessary.

V. On all unreserved land in any village, the grazing of cattle, the cutting of grass, the collection of dry wood, thorns, leaves and fruits of trees and shrubs that are not reserved and the felling of trees other than those included in the list of reserved trees will be permitted free of charge, provided that the grass, wood, thorns, leaves or trees are required by the inhabitants of that or of neighbouring villages for agricultural or domestic purposes. Heads of villages will be held responsible for seeing that the above privileges are not abused and, in the case of disputes, the Collector will decide which are neighbouring villages within the meaning of this rule.

VI. The Collector may, by order in writing to be duly notified in the District Gazette, select any areas within the reserved lands and may constitute them fuel or fodder reserves or grazing grounds or may direct them to be placed under special fire protection. Upon the limits of these areas being notified in the District Gazette, it shall be unlawful for any person wilfully or negligently to set fire to any trees, to timber, grass or other forest produce, or to kindle, or to keep burning any fire or to graze cattle or to permit cattle to trespass within such areas except at such places and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by the Collector by notification in the District Gazette.

VII. Trees of the following species are reserved trees, wherever found, whether upon reserved or unreserved lands, and such trees should not ordinarily be felled or otherwise interfered with except on permit given by the forest or authorized officials of the estate on such conditions as may be notified from time to time by the Collector in the District Gazette. Subject to the sanction of Government the Collector may, by order in writing to be duly notified in the District Gazette, modify or add to the list of reserved trees from time to time as he thinks fit.

List of reserved trees.

Botanical names.	English names.	Vernacular names.
1. Tectona grandis	Teak	Teku.
2. Santalum album	Sandal	Santhanam.
3. Dalbergia latifolia	Blackwood	Iiti.
4. Pterocarpus marsupium	Kino	Vengai.
5. Hardwickia binata		Atha or Karacha.
6. Terminalia chebula	Myrobalam or gallnut	Kadaka.
7. Tamarindus indica	Tamarind	Puli.
8. Emblica officinalis and longifolia		Nelli.
9. Mangifera indica	Mango	Ma.
10. Artocarpus integrifolia and hirsuta,	Jack	Pila.
11. Diospyros melanoxylon	Ebony	Karuthali.
12. Chloroxylon Swietenia	Satin wood	Vaimarai.
13. Sapindus emarginatus	Soapnut	Nelkottai.
14. Acacia modesta	Catechu	Karungali.
15. Myristica malabarica	Wild nutmeg	Kattu Jathikay.
16. Cinnamomum zeylanicum	Cinnamon	Karuwa.
17. Hopea parviflora		Vellukonga.
18. Balanocarpus utilis		Karukonga.
19. Vitex altissima		Mylai.
20. Memecylon ferrea		Nanga.
21. Palaquium ellipticum		Palvadiuthan.
22. Calleria excelsa		Vedipila.
23. Albizzia lebbeck		Vaga.
24. Do. odoratissima		Sittala Vagai.
25. Stereospermum chelonoides		Pumpathurai.
26. Cedrela toona		Mathagiriyemba.
27. Bischofia javanica		Mila Chadayan.
28. Lagerstroemia lanceolata		Vengila.
29. Pterospermum reticulatum		Sittilapalam.
30. Pterospermum diversifolium		Vellilapalavu.

VIII. The felling, conversion or removal of trees and timber, the collection or removal of other forest produce and the use of the pasturage on reserved land and, except as provided for in rule V, on unreserved lands also, may be effected in one or other of the following ways but in no other ways.

(a) Departmentally, that is, by the officers of the Estate Forest Department having control over the forest produce or by persons acting under the immediate superintendence, control or orders of such officers.

(b) By persons, holding permits duly issued by a forest officer or other authorized person. The fees payable for permits issued under clause (3) shall not exceed the rates for the time being in force in Government land in the district. These rates will be notified from time to time in the District Gazette and

(c) By any person holding the right under a lease, contract or permit granted by the Forest Officer or by any other officer duly authorized by him.

Note.—In this rule as well as in rule III above, the term "Forest Produce" should be so construed as not to include limestone, gravel stone, earth, or silt.

IX. The Collector may appoint by notification in the District Gazette any person or class of persons by name or by virtue of his or their office to issue or receive permits under the foregoing rules and may also prescribe toll-naka or places to which the timber or other forest produce shall be brought for examination and where permits shall be checked or recovered. Permits must be obtained before any felling, conversion, collection or removal is commenced. Permit-holders must comply with the regulations of the Forest Department and the conditions entered in the permit.

X. No person shall boil catechu, distil wood oil or burn lime or charcoal in any reserved or unreserved land which may be notified by the Collector except in such places as may be specially set apart for the purpose by the Forest Officer.

XI. Any breach or infringement of any of the above rules shall render the offender liable to imprisonment of either description as defined in the Indian Penal Code which may extend to one month, or to fine which may amount to Rs. 200 or to both.

XII. Any power to select areas or issue notifications given by these rules may be exercised from time to time as occasion requires and any orders or notifications made or issued hereunder may be cancelled or modified by the authority making them.

XIII. In the above rules the words "Forest Officer" and "Estate Forest Officer" mean the Zamindar of Sivagiri or his Diwan.

No. 276.—Whereas by notification No. 275 dated 2nd July of 1919 Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 8th July 1919, the Governor in Council has, under sections 28 and 32 (*c*) of the Madras Forest Act, 1882, made rules to regulate the management of the forest and waste lands in the Sivagiri estate in the Tinnevelly district and whereas by rule XIII of the said rules the Zamindar or his duly appointed legal representative has been appointed to discharge the functions of a Forest Officer under those rules, and whereas the Zamindar of the Sivagiri estate has applied in writing under section 32 (*c*) of the Act that he or, in his absence, his Diwan should be empowered, under sections 65 and 59 (*d*) of the Act to accept compensation for the breaches or infringements of the said rules which have been declared punishable under rule XI of those rules, the Governor in Council is pleased under section 59 (*d*) of the Act, to empower the Zamindar of the Sivagiri estate in the Tinnevelly district or, in his absence, his Diwan, to accept under section 65 compensation for offences punishable under the said rules under section 26 of the Act.

ACQUISITION OF LAND.

Ootacamund, July 2, 1919.

Under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·50 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the diversion of the Rangampet-Palikonda forest road (a formation of a forest road from Rangampet to Palikonda); and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar, Chandragiri, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar of Chandragiri and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Chittoor district, Chandragiri taluk, Nagapatla village.

	Acres.
Circar, dry, S. No. 79-1, belonging to Padakula Sidda Reddi, bounded on the north by No. 215; east by No. 79-2; south by No. 80 E-1; west by No. 126	0·27
Circar, dry, S. No. 80 E-1, belonging to Koyam Narasimha Reddi, Padakula Sidda Reddi, Arasi Kuppusami Mudali, Mangala Changalrayudu, Masetti Pullaiah, Masetti Venkatayya and Kayam Narayana Reddi, bounded on the north by No. 79-1; east and south by No. 80 E-2; west by No. 856 ..	0·23
	0·50

A. Y. G. CAMPBELL,
Acting Secretary to Government.

(Marine.)

NOTIFICATION.

Ootacamund, July 3, 1919.

No. 62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub section (1) of the Indian Ports Act, 1908, the Governor in Council issues the following amendment to column 5 of the form of licence printed as Appendix A to the Boat Rules for the port of Madras published in Notification No. 81, dated the 4th September 1917, on pages 1068–72 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 4th September 1917.

AMENDMENT.

For the present column 6 *substitute* the following :—

Quantity of cargo without passengers.* (6)
In fine weather, either (i) X tons or (ii) 60 X cubic feet. In rough weather, either (i) Y tons or (ii) 50 Y cubic feet.

* Provided that if less than 50 cubic feet of the cargo goes to a ton then the quantity the boat is authorized to carry shall be limited by (i) the weight. If, on the other hand, it takes more than 50 cubic feet of the cargo to make a ton, the quantity the boat may carry shall be limited by (ii), the measurement of the cargo.

A. Y. G. CAMPBELL,
Acting Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Octacamund, July 2, 1919.

Under articles 233, 240 and 303 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations and G.O. No. 177, Financial, dated 7th March 1919, Mr. Clement Tudway Mullings, Superintending Engineer, is granted, with effect from the 16th July 1919, or date of relief, combined leave for eleven months, viz., privilege leave to the extent due and furlough for the remaining period.

Ootacamund, July 5, 1919.

Under note 2 to article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations as amended by addenda and corrigenda No. 43, M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib C. L. Venkatanarasayya, Sub Engineer, first grade, and Honorary Assistant Engineer, is granted with effect from the 16th February 1919, privilege leave for four months.

APPOINTMENTS AND TRANSFER.

Ootacamund, July 2, 1919.

The following arrangements are ordered during Mr. Mullings' absence on leave or until further orders :—

M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur Royapuram Nallaveeran Arogyaswami Mudaliyar Avargal, B.A., B.C.E., Executive Engineer, Kistna Western division, to officiate as Superintending Engineer, IV Circle.

M.R.Ry. Rajagopala Ayyangar Narasimha Ayyangar Avargal, B.A., B.E., Executive Engineer, from the Kistna Central division, to the charge of the Kistna Western division.

M.R.Ry. N. Govindaraja Ayyangar Avargal, B.A., B.E., Assistant Engineer in charge of the Hindri bridge subdivision of the Kurnool division, to officiate as Executive Engineer, Kistna Central division.

PROMOTIONS.

Ootacamund, July 4, 1919.

M.R.Ry. Nilakanti Sundaraiva Rao, Supervisor, second grade, temporary, to be Sub-Engineer, sixth grade, officiating, from 29th May 1919 to 8th June 1919 (inclusive), during the joining time of M.R.Ry. A. Kuppuswami Ayyar and M.R.Ry. Kattaputtur Chinnayya Subbayya Chetti, temporary, Sub-Engineers.

Ootacamund, July 5, 1919.

(1) M.R.Ry. Manavasi Venkatakrishna Ayya Ramaswami Ayyar, Supervisor, first grade, temporary and Subdivision officer in charge of the Northern subdivision of the Godavari Eastern division (headquarters—Dowlaishwaram), to be temporary Sub-Engineer on Rs. 250 a month with effect from 3rd April 1919, and for so long as he holds charge of a subdivision or its equivalent.

(2) M.R.Ry. Vattha Ayyar Gopala Ayyar, Supervisor, first grade, temporary and Subdivisional officer in charge of the Vennar subdivision of the Vennar division (headquarters—Tanjore), to be temporary Sub-Engineer on Rs. 250 a month with effect from 5th April 1919, and for so long as he holds charge of a subdivision or its equivalent.

(3) M.R.Ry. H. Venkatasamanayya, Supervisor, first grade, temporary and Subdivisional officer, Dummagudem subdivision of the Godavari Northern division (headquarters—Dummagudem) to be temporary Sub-Engineer on Rs. 250 a month with effect from 16th May 1919, and for so long as he holds charge of a subdivision or its equivalent.

(4) M.R.Ry. Arumanglam Subba Ayyar Krishna Ayyar, Supervisor, first grade, temporary and Subdivision officer, Vizianagaram subdivision, to be temporary Sub-Engineer from 3rd April 1919, and for so long as he holds charge of a subdivision or its equivalent.

Coimbatore, July 1, 1919.

(With effect from the 20th June 1919, vice Mr. Stewart Binny Marray, A.M.I.C.E., Chief Engineer, first class, and Secretary to Government, P.W.D., retired.)

Mr. Hugh Trowbridge Keeling, A.M.I.C.E., C.S.I., from Chief Engineer, first class, temporary rank (seconded), to Chief Engineer, 1st class, permanent (seconded).

Mr. Archibald Henry Monie, O.B.E., V.D., from Superintending Engineer, first class, provisionally permanent (seconded), to Superintending Engineer, first class, permanent (seconded).

Mr. James Matthew Mernandahs Parker, from Superintending Engineer, second class, to Superintending Engineer, first class, provisionally permanent.

M.R.Ry. Rai Bahadur Antoor Venga Ayyar Ramalinga Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.C.E., from Superintending Engineer, second class, provisionally permanent and first class, temporary rank, to Superintending Engineer, second class, permanent and first class, temporary rank.

Mr. Percy Hawkins, M.I.C.E., from Superintending Engineer, second class, temporary rank, to Superintending Engineer, second class, provisionally permanent.

The Hon'ble Mr. William John Joseph Howley, A.M.I.C.E., Late Chief Engineer, second class, provisionally permanent and Chief Engineer, first class, temporary rank, and acting Secretary to Government, P.W.D. (General and Irrigation), to Chief Engineer, second class, permanent and Chief Engineer, first class, provisionally permanent, and Secretary to Government, P.W.D. (General and Irrigation).

The Hon'ble Mr. William Hotton, A.M.I.C.E., from Chief Engineer, second class temporary rank, and acting Joint Secretary to Government, P.W.D. (Buildings and Roads), to Chief Engineer, second class, provisionally permanent, and Joint Secretary to Government, P.W.D. (Buildings and Roads).

M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur Lalgudi Duraiswami Ayyar Venkatarama Ayyar Avargal, B.A., C.E., from Superintending Engineer, third class, provisionally permanent and second class, temporary rank to Superintending Engineer, third class, permanent and second class, temporary rank.

Mr. Clement Tudway Mullings, from Superintending Engineer, third class, temporary rank, to Superintending Engineer, third class, provisionally permanent.

W. J. J. HOWLEY,
Secy. to Govt., P.W.D. (General and Irrigation).

ACQUISITION OF LANDS

Cuttacmund, July 5, 1913.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·8 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for repairs to Pedapatruni tank; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar, Rajahmundry, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar, Rajahmundry, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Godavari district, Rajahmunday taluk, Gadelapalem village.

	Acres.
Jiravati, wet, R. S. No. 206, belonging to Dasari Dharmaraju, bounded on the north and east by portion of R. S. No. 234; south, portion of R. S. No. 235, west by Jiravati R. S. No. 211 of Belladdupalem ..	0·8

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 1·86 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for forming the bund at the right flank of Sridharaghatta tank; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar, Rayadrug, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar, Rayadrug, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Bellary district, Rayadrug taluk, Singanahalli village.

	Acre
Government, dry, S. No. 191, belonging to Kenchendla Lingappa, bounded on the north by S. No. 189; east and south by S. No. 191 B; west by S. No. 190	1·86

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 1·88 acres, be the same a little more or less is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for repairs to Pedapatruni tank; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar, Rajahmundry, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar, Rajahmundry, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Godavari district, Rajahmundry taluk, Belladdupalem village.

	Acre
Jiravati, dry, R.S. No. 208 A, belonging to Gadevilli Ramaswami, bounded on the north by Indukurpata; east by R.S. No. 278 of Gadimpalem; south by R.S. No. 208 B; west by portion of R.S. No. 208 A ..	0·25
Jiravati, dry, R.S. No. 208 B, belonging to Gadevilli Reddeyya and Gadevilli Sivaganna, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 208 A; east by R.S. No. 278 of Gadimpalem; south by R.S. No. 212; west by R.S. No. 208 B	0·39
Jiravati, dry, R.S. No. 217, belonging to Tupakula Venkataswami, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 208 B, east by R.S. No. 214 of Gadimpalem, south by R.S. No. 213; west by R.S. No. 211	0·51
Jiravati, wet, R.S. No. 237, belonging to Gadevilli Eshayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 216, east by R.S. No. 247 portion, south by R.S. No. 221; west by R.S. No. 217 portion	0·24
Jiravati, wet, R.S. No. 221, belonging to Pappala Papaya Rao, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 217; east by R.S. No. 221 portion, south by R.S. No. 222; west by R.S. No. 221 portion	2·27
Total ..	1·86

F. E. MORGAN,
Under Secy. to Govt., P.W.D. (Irrigation).

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 10·46 acres, in the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for pumping installation of water-supply scheme at Anantapur; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Anantapur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Office, Anantapur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Anantapur district, Anantapur taluk, Rapatal village.

	Acs.
Patta, Sry, S. No. 128, belonging to Jannpi Krishna Rau (deceased); his widow Padmavati Rayamma, guardian of the minor son Bhima Rau, bounded on the north by S. No. 130 B, west by S. No. 127 B, Padmavati; south and west by S. No. 134, gyanot waste	10·46

Ootacamund, July 4, 1919.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·53 acre, in the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing Police buildings at Moppadi; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Wynaad, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Wynaad, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Malabar district, Wynaad taluk, Kottappadi village.

	Acs.
Ryotwari, dry portion of S. No. 192-5, belonging to Jenmi Muniambu Krishna Goundan; occupant, the Moppadi Wynaad Tea and Produce Company, Kardoora Estate, Superintendent T. S. Gillatt, Esq., bounded on the north by S. No. 192-3 (part); east, by S. No. 39; south by S. No. 193-6 B, west by S. No. 193 B (part)	0·12
Ryotwari, dry portion of S. No. 193-6 B, belonging to Jenmi Ramambal Krishna Goundan, occupant, the Panoor Tea and Produce Company, Erumeadlu Estate, Manager B. Malcolm, Esq., bounded on the north by S. No. 192-5, east by S. No. 39, south and west by S. No. 197-6 B (part)	0·24
Ryotwari, dry portion of S. No. 191-2B, belonging to Jenmi Muniambal Krishna Goundan; occupant, the Moppadi Wynaad Tea and Produce Company, Kardoora Estate, Superintendent T. S. Gillatt, Esq., bounded on the north, east and south by S. No. 191-2B (part), west by S. No. 69	0·01
Total ..	0·53

S. BHASKARA AYYAR,
Under Secy. to Govt., P. W. D. (Buildings and Roads).

LIST OF PAPERS PLACED AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE PRESS

BETWEEN 1ST AND 8TH JULY 1919.

FACTORIES REPORT, 1918.—Recording the report on the working of the Indian Factories Act, 1911, during the year, 1918. G. O. No. 1348, Home (Judicial), June 12, 1919. [2 as.]

S.S.L. CERTIFICATES.—Appointing certain gentlemen to be members of the Board for the award of —. G.O. No. 712, Home (Education), June 16, 1919. [1 a.]

[*N.B.*—A copy of any of the foregoing papers can be obtained on payment of the price noted in brackets against each on application to the Superintendent Government Press, Madras.]

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Acting Chief Secretary.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED AT THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

Reg. No. 1—M.

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 27.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 8, 1919. [Price, 1 anna.

Part I-A.—Local and Municipal.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS, ETC.

Cotacamund, July 8, 1919.

No. 578.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Khan Bahadur Muhammad Amin-ud-din Sahib Bahadur as a member of the Tinnevelly District Board.

No. 579.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to re-appoint Captain John Moore, I.S.M.D. (Retired), to be a municipal councillor of the Municipality of Coonoor.

No. 580.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Gururayer Gopalakrishna Ayyar Avergal to be a municipal councillor of the municipality of Proddatur.

No. 581.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 14 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council approves of the appointment, by election, of M.R.Ry. Krishnam Ramalingayya Chetty Garu as Vice-Chairman of the municipality of Guddapah.

No. 582.—Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1884, M.R.Ry. Dinavahi Venkata Hanumanna Rao Pantulu Garu has been duly elected as a municipal councillor of the municipality of Bezwada.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 583.—Under section 148 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council directs the publication of the following alterations which it is proposed to make in schedule I to the rules framed under sub-section (1) of section 141 of the Act, for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards published under notification No. 1371 on pages 802 to 811 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 30th November 1916. Any objections or suggestions that persons interested may desire to make in respect of the draft alterations should reach Government on or before 1st August 1919:—

VIZAGAPATAM DISTRICT, VIZIANAGRAM TALUK BOARD.

Number with specification of area included in the electoral circle.	Number of members to be elected by each circle.
1. Gantyada circle, comprising the area within the following boundaries: east, road from Gujapathinagram side via Ambativalasa, Gotlam toll-gate Gajularega to Vizianagram municipal boundary; from Vizianagram Ayodhya toll-gate side municipal boundary; Local Fund road via Dharmapuri, Chintalavalasa towards Sreelayamma Chettram (excluding Vizianagram municipal town); south, Bimlipatam revenue taluk; west, Srungavarapukota revenue taluk; north, Gajapathinagram revenue taluk	1

Number with specification of area included in the electoral circle.	Number of members to be elected by each circle.
2. Kalavecherla circle, comprising the area within the following boundaries: east, Chipurupalle revenue taluk; south, Local Fund road from Jagannadharajapuram via Sativada, Ramasthalam, Nellimerla Maistri shed to Vizianagram Pool Bag road side, municipal limit (excluding municipal town of Vizianagram); west, Vizianagram Bags toll-gate municipal limit; Local Fund road via Gajularega, Gotlam toll gate Ambativalasa towards Gajapatinagram side; north, Gajapatinagram and Chipurupalle revenue taluks)	1
3. Kumili circle, comprising the area within the following boundaries: east, Chipurupalle revenue taluk; south, Bimlipatam revenue taluk; west, Local Fund road via Chintalavalasa Dharmapuri to Vizianagram Ayodhya toll-gate side municipal limit (excluding Vizianagram municipal town); north Local Fund road from Vizianagram Pool Bag toll-gate side municipal limits to Nellimerla Maistri shed; from that shed via Ramasthalam Sativada towards Jagannadharajapuram	1
4. Pulipalla circle, comprising the area within the following boundaries: east, sea and Chipurupalle revenue taluk; south, sea; west, Local Fund road from Bimlipatam municipal limit towards Vizianagram via Neelayamma Chattram towards Chintalavalasa (excluding Bimlipatam municipal town; north, Vizianagram revenue taluk).	1
5. Pandrangi circle, comprising the area within the following boundaries; east, Local Fund road from Vizianagram to Bimlipatam; from the limit of the Bimlipatam taluk via Chintalavalasa, Neelayamma Chattram to Bimlipatam (excluding Bimlipatam municipal town); south, Local Fund road from Bimlipatam municipal limit to Vemulavalasa bungalow; from this place to the junction of Sontyam-Padmanabham road; west, from the junction of Sontyam Padmanabham road, Local Fund road to Vizianagram via Padmanabham; north, Vizianagram revenue taluk ..	1
6. Gudipala circle, comprising the area within the following boundaries: east, Local Fund road from Vizianagram side to Sontyam junction to Vemulavalasa bungalow; from that bungalow to Bimlipatam municipal limit (excluding Bimlipatam municipal town); south, sea; west, Vizianagram revenue taluk; north, Srungavarapukota revenue taluk)	1
7. Mantada circle, comprising all the villages lying to the west of the Vizianagram-Raipur railway within the limits of the revenue taluk of Gajapatinagram ..	1
8. Garbham circle, comprising all the villages lying to the east of the Vizianagram-Raipur railway within the limits of the revenue taluk of Gajapatinagram ..	1
9. Ramasthalam circle, comprising all the villages lying to the south of the road from Nellimerla to Chicacole via Ramathirthalur within the limits of the revenue taluk of Chipurupalla	1
10. Penduru circle, comprising all the villages (excepting Chipurupalle town) lying to the north of the Chipurupalle-Chicacole and via Subhadrammapeta and to the east of the Chipurupalle-Palakonda road within the limits of the revenue taluk of Chipurupalle	1
11. Chipurupalle circle, comprising all the villages lying between the Nellimerla Chicacole road (via Ramasthalam) up to Subhadrammapeta and also all the villages lying to the north-west of the Vizagapatam-Palakonda road within the limits of the revenue taluk of Chipurupalle and also Chipurupalle town	1
12. Burja circle, comprising Burja firka of Palakonda taluk	1
13. Kodam circle, comprising Kodam firka of Palakonda taluk	1
14. Veeraghattam circle, comprising Veeraghattam firka of Palakonda taluk	1
15. Palakonda circle, comprising Palakonda firka of Palakonda taluk	1
16. Honjaram circle, comprising Honjaram firka of Palakonda taluk	1

No. 584.—Under section 49 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council notifies that from the date of this notification the land mentioned below measuring 792 square feet in the Rameswaram union of the Ramnad district shall be excluded from the operation of the Act:—

Rameswaram village.

	Sq. ft.
Public conservancy lane, plot No. II, bounded on the north by Palace compound, south by lane No. 7½ west by chattram compound; east by Raja's choultry .. .. (44' × 3')	132
Public conservancy lane, plot No. III, bounded on the north by Palace compound; south by Raja's choultry; west by chattram compound; east by west car street .. .. (55' × 8')	440
Total ..	792

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

No. 585.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·04 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of a Board school; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Goomsur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Goomsur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Ganjam District, Goomsur taluk, No. 249 Tenarada village.

	Acres.
Village site poramboke S. No. 356, belonging to Govinda Pathano, bounded on the north by main street; east by house of Ezahar Pati; south by street; west by Board school building	0·04

No. 556.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·38 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for connecting the society lane with Thadiombu road in the Dindigul municipality; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Tahsildar of Dindigal, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar, Dindigal, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Madura district, Dindigul taluk, 7a Settinaickenpatti, Dindigul town.

	Acres.
Dry T.S. No. 44, belonging to Punalai Nadar, M. V. Selai Nadar and R. Alagappa Nadar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 45, east by T.S. No. 523, south by T.S. No. 44, west by T.S. No. 43	0·17
Dry T.S. No. 45, belonging to Doraisja Nayudu, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 46, east by T.S. No. 523, south by T.S. No. 44, west by T.S. No. 43	0·16
Dry, T.S. No. 305, belonging to Marathal Chetti, Kulandavelu Chetti and Nagamutta Chetti, bounded on the south by T.S. No. 305, east by Krishnaman lane; south by T.S. No. 305; west by T.S. No. 525..	0·05
Total ..	0·38

No. 557.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 1·82 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the playground for the boys' school at Kalyandrug; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Anantapur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the site is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Anantapur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Anantapur district, Kalyandrug taluk, Kalyandrug village.

	Acre.
Dry S. No. 362-3, belonging to B Subba Rao, bounded on the north by houses of B. Subba Rao, Sankarappa, etc.; east by fort wall; south by village-site S. No. 356-3-C; west by way to houses in the fort ..	1·82

No. 558.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·16 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a burning ground; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Kumbakonam, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Kumbakonam, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Kumbakonam taluk, Tiruvadamaruder village.

	Acre.
Inam, dry land, S.F. No. 2 C-2, belonging to Title-deed No. 1177, Sri Mahalingaswami of Tiruvadamaruder (owner), Krishnaswami Nayakan (lessee); bounded on the north by S.F. Nos. 2 C-1; east by S.F. No. 1 and 2 C-3, south by S.F. No. 1; west by S.F. No. 2 D	0·10
Inam dry land, S.F. No. 2 C-3, belonging to Title-deed No. 1177, Sri Mahalingaswami of Tiruvadamaruder (owner), Ramasami Padayachi (lessee), bounded on the north by S.F. No. 2 C-1; east by S.F. No. 2 C-1 and S.F. No. 1, south by S.F. No. 1, west by S.F. No. 2 C-1, and No. 2 C-2	0·06
Total ..	0·16

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Secretary to Government.

(Medical.)

LEAVE.

Government, July 2, 1919.

No. 83.—Mr. Alfred John Hesterlow, L.M. & S. (Mad.), Mis. (Dar.), privilege leave for three months and fourteen days from date of relief with permission to return at the end of the leave.

APPOINTMENTS.

Government, July 4 1919.

No. 84.—Captain A. F. MacCulloch, M.A., C.M., A.I.C., I.A.S.C., to act as Professor of Chemistry, Medical College, Madras, in addition to his own duties with effect from date of taking charge.

No. 85.—Captain Alexander James Hutchison Russell, I.M.S., on return from leave, to act as Professor of Pathology, Medical College, and Third Physician, Government General Hospital, Madras.

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Secretary to Government.

(Plague.)

NOTIFICATION.

Ootacamund, July 3, 1919.

No. 27-P.—In modification of Notification No. 28-P., published on pages 294–296 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 1st July 1919, the following revised list of plague-infected areas are published :—

I.—In the Madras Presidency.

District and taluk	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.
Arcot.		Coimbatore—		Kanara, South—	
North—		Dharapuram.	Dharapuram Municipality.	Mangalore.	Mangalore.
Arni.	Arni.	Kollegal.	Chamrajnagar.	The Nilgiris—	
Vellore.	Ambur.		Sanganallur.	Coonoor.	Wellington Cantonment.
Bellary—		Palladam.	Vavigalayam.		
Hadagalli.	Adivimallanakeri.	Udumalpet.	Udumalpet Municipality.	Salem—	
	Bennikallu.		Sinnavenampatti.	Hosur ..	Morasur.
Harpanahalli.	Kanchikeri.				
Sangappa.	Hachchalli.				

II.—Outside the Madras Presidency.

[Infected localities—Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.]

I. MYSORE.

The whole State.

II. BOMBAY.

1. *Northern Division*—
   (a) District—Thana.
   (b) Town and port—Bombay.
2. *Central Division*—
   (a) Districts—Poona and Satara.
   (b) Towns and ports—Poona and Sholapur.
3. *Southern Division*—
   (a) Districts—Belgaum, Dharwar and Ratnagiri.
   (b) Town and port—Ratnagiri.
4. *Sind*—
   (a) District—Hyderabad.
   (b) Town and port—Karachi.
5. *Political Charge*—
   States and Agencies—Baroda State, Cutch State, Kathiawar Agency, Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country, Mangrol Port, Mundra Port, Satara Agency and Surat Agency.

III. BIHAR AND ORISSA.

Districts—Champaran, Darbhanga, Gaya, Monghyr, Muzaffarpur, Patna, Saran and Shahabad.

IV. THE PUNJAB.

(a) Districts — Amritsar, Attock, Ferozepur, Gujranwala, Gujrat, Gurdaspur, Gurgaon, Hissar, Hoshiarpur, Jhang, Jhelum, Jullundur, Lahore, Lyallpur, Montgomery, Multan, Rawalpindi, Rohtak and Sialkot.

IV. THE PUNJAB—*contd.*

(b) Town—Lahore.
(c) States—Bahawalpur, Faridkot, Jind, Kapurthala, Nabha and Patiala.

V. BURMA.

(a) Districts—Bassein, Bhamo, Henzada, Mandalay, Maungmya, Myithyina, Pegu, Pyapon, Thayetmyo and Thaton.
(b) Towns and ports—Bassein, Mandalay, Moulmein and Rangoon.
(c) States—Northern and Southern Shan States.

VI. THE UNITED PROVINCES.

Districts—Allahabad, Azamgarh, Ballia, Bara Banki, Basti, Bulandshahr, Farrukhabad, Fyzabad, Ghazipur, Gonda, Gorakhpur, Muzaffarnagar, Rae Bareli, Saharanpur, Saltanpur and Unao.

VII. THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Districts—Balaghat, Bhandara, Chhindwara, Jubbulpore and Nagpur.

VIII. CENTRAL INDIA.

States—Bhopal and Gwalior.

IX. RAJPUTANA.

State—Bhartpur.

X. BENGAL.

(a) District—24 Parganas.
(b) Town and port—Calcutta City.

B. G. STOKES,
Acting Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS BY COLLECTORS AND PRESIDENTS OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Kavadur Venugopala Mudaliyar has been duly elected as a member of the Taluk Board of Chingleput in the district of Chingleput.

Chingleput Collector's Office,
26th June 1919.

A. McO. K. TAMPOE,
Acting Collector.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, M.R.Ry. Muthurama Reddiyar Ramalinga Reddiyar Avargal, Kotrambakkam, Villupuram taluk, has been duly elected as a member of the Tindivanam Taluk Board in the South Arcot district.

South Arcot Collector's Office,
28th June 1919.

J. O. STODART,
Acting Collector.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Kumbla Narasinga Naik Avargal has been duly elected as a member of the Puttur Taluk Board for the Kasaragod Circle.

South Kanara Collector's Office,
30th June 1919.

J. K. LANCASHIRE,
Acting Collector.

Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, IV of 1884, M.R.Ry. Thomal Lakshmana Chettiyar Subbayya Chettiyar has been duly elected as a Municipal Councillor of the Tanjore Municipality.

Tanjore Collector's Office,
8th July 1919.

J. R. HUGGINS,
Collector.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Bavakam Kanda Reddi Garu, has been appointed by election by the Madanapalle Taluk Board as a member of the Chittoor District Board.

Chittoor District Board's Office,
30th June 1919.

A. GALLETTI,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry T. V. Ramaswami Kalingarayar Avargal has been appointed by election as a member of the Coimbatore District Board by the Pollachi Taluk Board.

Coimbatore District Board's Office,
28th June 1919.

P. MACQUEEN,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Gattamanchi Kalanadhi Garu, B.A., has been appointed, by election, as a member of the Kistna District Board by the Bezwada Taluk Board.

Kistna District Board's Office,
1st July 1919.

H. A. WATSON,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. K. Ramaswami Pillai Avargal of Paloi has been appointed by election as a member of the Madura District Board by the Dindigal Taluk Board.

Madura District Board's Office,
4th July 1919.

H. T. REILLY,
President.

Under section 20 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. C. S. Narasimhamurti Rao Garu, B.A., L.T., Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Kandukur, has been appointed by election, as Vice President of the Taluk Board, Kandukur.

Nellore District Board's Office,
27th June 1919.

J. R. KRISHNAMMA,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Krishna Ayyangar Ranganswami Ayyangar Avargal has been appointed, by election, as a member of the North Arcot District Board, by the Tiruppattur Taluk Board.

North Arcot District Board's Office,
3rd July 1919.

M. HABIBULLAH,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, Messrs. A. Ugrapandiyan Pillai, M. Nagalingam Pillai, A. E. A. Elayaperumal Nadar, S. A. Nuna Muhammad Rawuttar Sahib Bahadur and Mr. T. Ramanujam Ayyangar have been elected as members of the Ramnad District Board by the Ramnad Taluk Board.

Ramnad District Board's Office,
4th July 1919.

R. H. ELLIS,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, the undermentioned gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Tanjore District Board by the Taluk Board, Tanjore.

M.R.Ry. Ayyaswami Pillai Kumaraswami Pillai Avargal, Pleader, Tanjore.
Betcha Rawuttar Raja Muhammad Rawuttar Sahib Bahadur.

Tanjore District Board's Office,
30th June 1919.

J. R. HUGGINS,
President.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 190 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, the President, District Board, Vizagapatam, hereby appoints M.R.Ry. Suru Ramanna Sahukhi Garu, to be a member of the Vizianagram Taluk Board *vice* M.R.Ry. A. Narasimham Pantulu Garu.

Vizagapatam District Board's Office,
27th June 1919.

H. A. B. VERNON,
President.

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Part I-B.—Educational.

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Supplement:
Government Technical Examinations, April 1919—Candidates passed.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

(Education.)

LEAVE.

Octacamund, July 4, 1919.

No. 126.—Under articles 260, 233 and 308 (5) of the Civil Service Regulations and G.O. No 177, Financial, dated the 7th March 1919, Mr. H. G. Grieve, Deputy Director of Public Instruction, Madras, is granted combined privilege leave and furlough for nine months from or after the 8th July 1919.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Octacamund, July 1, 1919.

No. 125.—Authors, publishers and others who may desire to present works to the British Museum are informed that the Registrar of Books, Madras, will arrange to forward presentation copies to the Trustees of the British Museum. Cases or parcels of books intended for despatch should be addressed to the Trustees of the British Museum, care of the Registrar of Books, Madras, accompanied by a letter stating the contents and requesting the Registrar to forward the cases or parcels.

Octacamund, July 5, 1919.

No. 127.—In column B of the table appended to article 2 of the Public Service notification published on pages 281 to 295 of Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 29th April 1919, under the head "Educational Department" *for* the words "Storekeepers of the Presidency College Madras" *substitute* the following:—

"Storekeepers attached to the laboratories of all the Government Colleges".

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS.

APPOINTMENTS.

The acting Director of Public Instruction is pleased to make the following appointments in the cadre of Sub-Assistant Inspectors of Schools :—

(1) M.R.Ry. G. Annalamma Ayyar, Assistant Inspector of Schools, Kurnool district, in transit, on the expiry of his privilege leave, to be Assistant Inspector of Schools, Chittoor district. To join forthwith.

(2) M R Ry. H. G. Krishna Rao, Sub Assistant Inspector of Schools, Nuzvid range, acting as Assistant Inspector of Schools, North Arcot district, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Tripicane range, sub. *pro tem.*, *vice* M R.Ry. G. Rama Ayyangar, on other duty or until further orders. To join forthwith on relief.

(3) M.R Ry S. N Venkatramma Ayyar, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Tirupati range, to act as Headmaster, Government Higher Elementary Training School, Nellore, *vice* M R Ry. M. Subrahmanyam, Garu on other duty or until further orders.

(4) M R Ry. C. V. Subrahmanyam, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Nellore range, and acting Headmaster, Government Higher Elementary Training School, Nellore, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Bandar range, *vice* M.R.Ry. T. Achyuta Rao on other duty or until further orders. To join on relief by No. (3).

Madras, 1st July 1919.

The acting Director of Public Instruction is pleased to make the following appointments :—

(1) M R Ry. T. Tirumal Rao Nayudu, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Bezwada range, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Inspector of Schools, second circle, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Pamur range (Temporary).

(2) M.R Ry. K Appa Sarma, lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Kistna district, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Chintalapudi range (Temporary).

(3) M.R Ry G. Mahendaswami Sastri, First Assistant, Model Section of the Government Higher Elementary Training School, Rajahmundry, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Guntur district, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Guntur East range (Temporary), with effect from the 1st instant

(4) M.R.Ry T. D. Krishna Rao, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Guntur range, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Nellore district, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Venkatagiri range (Temporary)

(5) M R.Ry. D Venkata Rao, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Avanigadda range (Temporary), in the probationary class (Rs. 75). To join forthwith.

(6) M.R Ry. K. Hanumantha Rau, Assistant, Town high school, Guntur, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Gurazala range (Temporary), in the probationary class (Rs. 75). To join forthwith.

The Acting Director of Public Instruction is pleased to make the following appointments :—

(1) M R Ry. T. Srinivasa Acharya, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Singupps, acting as Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Alur range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Dhone range (temporary) in the probationary class To join expeditiously on relief.

(2) M.R.Ry. B. V. Narayana Rao, Assistant, Government Higher Elementary Training School, Siddapet, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Kurnool district, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Nandikotkur range (temporary) in the probationary class.

(3) M R.Ry. E. Narasimham, Head clerk, office of the Assistant Inspectress, Ganjam-Vizagapatam Girls' range, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Inspector of Schools, Third Circle, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Badvel range (temporary) in the probationary class.

(4) M R.Ry. G Satyanarayana, temporary Assistant, Model Secondary School, Rajahmundry, to be Sub Assistant Inspector of Schools, Pulivendla range (temporary) in the probationary class. To join expeditiously on relief.

(5) M R Ry. P Narayana Acharya, third Assistant, Government Training School, Vizagapatam and acting Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Cuddapah range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Hindupur range (temporary). To join on relief by No. (6).

(6) M.R Ry. R. Subba Rao to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Cuddapah range, sub. *pro tem.*, in the probationary class (Rs. 75), *vice* M.R.Ry. M. D. Gopala Acharya on other duty or until further orders. To join forthwith.

(7) M.R.Ry. J. A. Peters, lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Cuddapah district, to act as Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Kovali range, in the probationary class (Rs 75), *vice* M.R.Ry. K. Alwar Chetti on other duty or until further orders

(8) M.R.Ry. N Sambayya, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Srivilliputtur range, acting in the Kovali range (on leave), to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Vayalpad range (temporary). To join on the expiry of his privilege leave.

(9) M.R Ry. S. Seshagiri Sastri, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Tiruvangalam range, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Inspector of Schools, Fourth Circle, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Sriperumbudur range (temporary). To join expeditiously.

(10) M R Ry V. S. Vasudeva Sastri, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Gobichettipalaiyam range, and acting Assistant Inspector of Schools, Kuzhal district (on leave) to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Madumalaiam range (temporary). To join on the expiry of his leave.

Madras, 3rd July 1919.

(1) M R.Ry. A. Thammanna, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Chipurupalli, and sub. *pro tem.* Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Bobbili range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Parlakimedi range, sub. *pro tem.*, *vice* M.R.Ry. V. Bochiramayya on other duty or until further orders. To join on relief by No. (3).

(2) M.R.Ry. K. C. Mahanty, sub. *pro tem.* Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Parlakimedi range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Russellkonda range, sub. *pro tem.* To join on relief by No. (1).

(3) M.R.Ry. S. Gopalam, Second Assistant, Training section of the Government Training school, Vizagapatam, acting in the Queen Mary's Girls' High school, Vizagapatam, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Bobbili range, sub. *pro tem.*

(4) M.R.Ry. K. Subbarayudu Sastri, Second Assistant and sub. *pro tem.* Headmaster, Model section of the Government Higher Elementary Training school, Rajahmundry, to be Sub Assistant Inspector of Schools, Guntur range (temporary) in the probationary class. To join expeditiously.

(5) M.R.Ry. K. Sitapati Rao, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Pattanapalle, acting at Guntur, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Ammanabrolu range (temporary) in the probationary class. To join expeditiously.

(6) M.R.Ry. C. Sankara Singh to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Konigiri range (temporary) in the probationary class. To join forthwith.

The orders issued in Proceedings Dis. No. 2828, dated 6th May 1919, regarding his deputation to the Teachers' College for a course of training in July 1919 will be considered as cancelled.

(7) M.R.Ry. N. Ramadoss to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Dharmapuri range (temporary) in the probationary class (Rs 75). To join forthwith.

(1) M.R.Ry. A. L. Narayanamurti, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Jeypore range, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Inspector of Schools, I Circle, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Vizagapatam range, sub. *pro tem* with effect from the 1st instant *vice* M.R.Ry. P. Viraraghavulu on other duty or until further orders.

(2) M.R.Ry. V. Venkatasubbaratnam, acting Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Vizagapatam range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Peddapur range, sub. *pro tem.* To join on relief by No. (1).

(3) M.R.Ry. G. Venkateswarulu, sub. *pro tem.* Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Peddapur range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Bezada range (temporary). To join expeditiously on relief by No. (2).

(4) M.R.Ry. P. Mahanty, Headmaster, Government Lower Elementary Training School, Berhampur, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Ganjam district, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Ichchapur range.

(5) M.R.Ry. P. Ramachandram, First Assistant, Model section of the Government Training School, Vizagapatam, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector, Vizagapatam district, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Gajapatinagaram range (temporary).

(6) M.R.Ry. B. Ramabhadrudu, lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Godavari district, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Tuni range (temporary).

(7) M.R.Ry. R. Lakshmanarayana Patnaik, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Parlakimedi, and sub. *pro tem* Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Russellkonda range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Ramapir range (temporary). To join expeditiously after handing over charge to the local Supervisor of Elementary Schools.

Madras, 3rd July 1919.

The acting Director of Public Instruction is pleased to make the following appointments :—

(1) M.R.Ry. N. Narayana Ayyar, lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector, Tinnevelly district, to be Sub Assistant Inspector, Sattankulam range (temporary).

(2) M.R.Ry. A. Rangaraja Sastri, Sub-Assistant Inspector, Tinnevelly range, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Inspector of Schools, Eighth Circle, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector, Ponnani range (temporary).

(3) M.R.Ry. K. S. Anantanarayana Ayyar, sub *pro tem.* Sub-Assistant Inspector, Badagara range, to be Sub Assistant Inspector, Angadipuram range (temporary). To join expeditiously after handing over charge to the local Supervisor of Elementary schools.

(4) M.R.Ry. M. Govindan Nayar, Sub Assistant Inspector, Cannanore range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector, Badagara range, sub, *pro tem.* To join expeditiously on relief by No. (3).

(5) M.R.Ry. C. S. Ramaswami Ayyar, Supervisor of Elementary schools, Feroke and sub. *pro tem.* First Assistant, Training section of the Government Higher Elementary Training school for masters, Calicut, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Cannanore range, sub *pro tem*, in the probationary class *vice* No. (4). To join expeditiously.

(6) M.R.Ry. P. R. Krishna Ayyar, Assistant, Training section of the Government Secondary Training school, Calicut and sub. *pro tem.* Second Assistant, Training section of the Government Higher Elementary Training School, Calicut, to be First Assistant of the latter section, sub. *pro tem.*, *vice* P. A. Narayana Ayyar on other duty or until further orders.

(7) M.R.Ry. C. S. Ramaswami Ayyar, acting Headmaster, Government Training school, Malappuram, to be Second Assistant, Training section of the Government Higher Elementary Training school, Calicut, sub. *pro tem.*, in the probationary class of the cadre of Sub-Assistant Inspectors of schools. To join expeditiously on relief by No. (5).

(8) M.R.Ry. M. H. Venkateswara Ayyar, Sub-Assistant Inspector of schools, Calicut range, to be Headmaster, Government Training school, Malappuram, sub *pro tem.*, *vice* M.R.Ry. A. Kadir Kutti on other duty or until further orders. To join expeditiously on relief by No (6).

(9) M.R.Ry. K. Krishnama Nayar, lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Malabar district, to be Sub Assistant Inspector of Schools, Calicut range, sub. *pro tem.* in the probationary class *vice* No. (8).

(1) M.R.Ry. S. Panchapagesa Sarma, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Tirumangalam, and acting Sub-Assistant Inspector, Lalgudi range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Gingee range (temporary). To join expeditiously after handing over charge to the local Supervisor of Elementary Schools.

(2) M.R.Ry. A. Viswanatha Sastri, Second Assistant, Training section of the Government Training school, Mannargudi and acting Sub-Assistant Inspector, Tiruvoti range, to be Sub Assistant Inspector of Schools, Srirangam (formerly Lalgudi) range sub. *pro tem. vice* M.R.Ry. C. Gopala Ayyar on other duty or until further orders. To join expeditiously after handing over charge to the local Supervisor of Elementary Schools.

(3) M.R.Ry. P. Narayana Ayyar, Supervisor of Elementary schools, Saidapet and sub. *pro tem.* Sub-Assistant Inspector, Vriddhachalam range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector, Kattumannar Koil (formerly Panruti) range, sub. *pro tem.* in the probationary class. To join expeditiously on relief.

(4) M.R.Ry. C. Gopala Ayyangar, Sub Assistant Inspector, Salem range (on leave), to be Sub-Assistant Inspector, Vriddhachalam range, sub *pro tem.* To join on the expiry of his leave.

(5) M.R.Ry. M. D. Gopalacharya, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Cuddapah range, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Inspector of Schools, V Circle, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector, Arni range (temporary).

(6) M.R.Ry. A. E. Anantakrishna Ayyar, Headmaster, Model section at the Government Higher Elementary Training school, Calicut, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector, South Arcot to be Sub-Assistant Inspector, Polur range (temporary)

(7) M.R.Ry. V. Venkoba Sastri, Sub-Assistant Inspector, Ambasamudram range, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector, Salem district, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Ariyalur range (temporary).

(8) M.R.Ry. P. S. Ramamirta Ayyar, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Palladam, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Assistant Inspector, Coimbatore district, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector, Attur range (Salem) (temporary).

(9) M.R.Ry. S. K. Ramaswami Ayyangar, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Gooty range, acting In the Kumbakonam range, to be Sub Assistant Inspector of Schools, Satur range (temporary). To join expeditiously on relief by No. (10).

(10) M.R Ry. V. Muthuswami Ayyar, lately acting Personal Assistant to the Inspector of Schools, Seventh Circle, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Kumbakonam range, sub. *pro tem.* vice M.R.Ry. A. Govindrajulu Mudaliyar on other duty or until further orders.

Madras, 4th July 1919.

The acting Director of Public Instruction is pleased to make the following appointments :—

(1) M.R.Ry. V. Lakshminarasimham, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Narasapur, and acting Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Bandar range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Nuzvid range (temporary), in the probationary class To join expeditiously on relief by M.R.Ry. C. V. Subrahmanyam.

(2) M.R.Ry. Ch Venkataram, acting Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Jammalamadugu range, to be Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Pentapadu range (temporary). In the probationary class. To join expeditiously after handing over charge to the Local Supervisor of Elementary Schools.

Madras, 5th July 1919.

The acting Director of Public Instruction is pleased to make the following appointments :—

(1) M.R.Ry. G. Anantarama Ayyar, Assistant Inspector of Schools, Kurnool district (in transit on the expiry of his privilege leave) to act as Assistant Inspector of Schools, South Arcot district, in his own class in the *cadre* of Sub-Assistant Inspectors of Schools, *vice* M.R.Ry. K. Natesa Ayyar Avargal on other duty or until further orders. To join forthwith.

(2) M.R.Ry. H. G. Krishna Rao, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Nanguneri Range, acting as Assistant Inspector of Schools, North Arcot district, to be Assistant Inspector of Schools, Chittoor district, sub. *pro tem.* To join forthwith on relief.

(3) M.R.Ry. S. Seshagiri Sastri, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Tirumangalam Range, and lately acting Personal Assistant to the Inspector of Schools, Fourth Circle, to be Sub Assistant Inspector of Schools, Madurantakam range (temporary). To join immediately.

(4) M.R.Ry. V. S. Vasudeva Sastri, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Gobichettipalayam range and acting Assistant Inspector of Schools, Kurnool district, (on leave), to be Sub Assistant Inspector of Schools, Triplicane range, sub. *pro tem.*, *vice* M.R.Ry. G. Rama Ayyangar on other duty or until further orders. To join on the expiry of his leave.

(5) M.R.Ry. P. Lakshmiarasu, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Markapur range, acting as Assistant Inspector of Schools, Anantapur district, to act as Assistant Inspector of Schools, Kurnool district, on his own salary in the *cadre* of Sub-Assistant Inspectors of Schools, *vice* No. (1) on other duty or until further orders. To join expeditiously on relief from his present officiating appointment.

2 The postings of No. (1) as Assistant Inspector of Schools, Chittoor district, and of Nos. (2), (3) and (4) as Sub-Assistant Inspectors of Schools, Triplicane, Sriperumbudur and Madurantakam ranges respectively which were already ordered, will be considered to have been cancelled.

Madras, 7th July 1919.

POSTINGS.

The following postings of officers in the Provincial Educational Service have been ordered with effect from 1st June 1919 :—

(1) M.R.Ry. Rai Sahib T. V. Sivakamasara Sastiyar Avargal, lecturer, Teachers' College, Saidapet, and acting Principal to as Headmaster, Model High School attached to the Teachers' College, Saidapet, without prejudice to the acting appointment now held by him.

(2) M.R Ry. V. Sayanna Sastri Garu, Headmaster, Government Training School, Vizagapatam, and acting lecturer, Teachers' College, Saidapet, in the ninth grade of the Provincial Educational Service will be considered to be acting as Headmaster, Model High School attached to the Teachers' College, Saidapet, in the ninth grade of the Provincial Educational Service during the employment of M.R.Ry. T. V. Sivakumara Sastri Avargal on other duty or until further orders.

(3) M.R.Ry. A. Rama Rao Avargal, Assistant Inspector of Schools, Trichinopoly district, and acting Inspector of Schools, Third Circle, to be Headmaster, Model High School attached to the Government Training College, Rajahmundry, without prejudice to the acting appointment held by him.

R. LITTLEHAILES,
Acting Director of Public Instruction.

Madras, 8th July 1919.

LEAVE.

The privilege leave for one month sanctioned on behalf of M.E.Ry. P. Muttuswami Ayyar, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Cuddalore range, and notified on page 448 of Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th June 1919, is hereby cancelled.

Vellore, 4th July 1919. N. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR, *Acting Inspector of Schools, Fifth Circle.*

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENT.

Privilege leave for two weeks with effect from the 8th July 1919 is granted to M.E.Ry. E. N. Ramachandra Ayyar, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Dindigal range.

2. The Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Dindigal, is placed in charge of the office of the Sub-Assistant Inspector in addition to his own duties during the absence of M.E.Ry. E. N. Ramachandra Ayyar, on leave or until further orders.

Madura, 3rd July 1919. H. CHAMPION, *Inspector of Schools, Seventh Circle.*

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

SPECIAL TEST EXAMINATIONS—OCTOBER 1919.

The Commissioner for Government Examinations notifies that the next Special Tests will be held on Monday the 20*th October* next and succeeding days at the following centres in accordance with the revised Special Test Notification :—

Anantapur.	Coimbatore.	Mangalore.	Salem.
Bellary.	Cuddalore.	Masulipatam.	Tanjore.
Berhampur.	Cuddapah.	Mercara.	Trichinopoly.
Calicut.	Guntur.	Nellore.	Vellore.
Chingleput.	Kurnool.	Ootacamund.	Vizagapatam.
Chittoor.	Madras.	Palamcottah.	
Cocanada.	Madura.	Pudukkottai.	

2. Candidates must send in their applications made out on *printed forms, so that they reach the Commissioner's office on or before the* 31*st* JULY NEXT, *after which date no applications will be received on any account.*

3. All mofussal candidates should obtain the required application forms from the treasury of the taluk of which they are residents, or of the district to which they belong. Candidates who are residents of Madras should apply for application forms at the Office of the Commissioner for Government Examinations, Old College, Nungambakkam, and not to the Collector of Madras.

N.B.—No notice will be taken of any application from mofussal candidates requesting to be supplied with application forms from this office.

4. The examination will be held in the following tests; the fee prescribed for each test is noted against it :—

	Fee prescribed. Rs.
(1) The Translation Test	6
(2) The Account Test	6
(3) The Civil Judicial Test	6
(4) The Criminal Judicial Test	3
(5) The Revenue Test	6
(6) The Jail Test	6
(7) Code of Criminal Procedure as prescribed for the Criminal Judicial Test	3

[*Note.—The Revenue Test*—(a) *Manuals of Village and Taluk Accounts and the Special Funds Code.*—The Revised Manual of Village Accounts (General) issued in 1910 and the Revised Manual of Taluk Accounts (General) issued in 1911 are the text-books for the Special Test Examinations to be held in October 1919.

(b) *The Stamp, Income-tax and Excise Manuals.*—With reference to the Income-tax Manual, the questions for the next examination on the Income-tax Act will be on the new Act (Act VII of 1918) published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 9th April 1918, and that the questions on the Income-tax rules will be on the new rules published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 4th June 1918.

Copies of the revised Income-tax Manual containing the New Income-tax Act and Rules are available at the Government Branch Press, Mount Road, Madras.

The examination as regards Excise Manual will be in the extract from the Manual, *copies of which are sold to the public*, and not in the whole Manual.]

5. The prescribed fee must be paid into a Government treasury or, in the case of Madras candidates, into the Bank of Madras, and the receipt given by the Treasury Officer or the Bank of Madras attached to the application. *On no account will the fee be received in the Commissioner's office.*

6. Each application should be sent direct to the undersigned, post-paid, superscribed and addressed as follows, all the necessary enclosures *being securely fastened to it* :—

[*Application for admission to the Special Test Examinations, October* 1919.]

To the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations,
Nungambakkam, Madras, S.W.

N.B.—Candidates anxious to assure themselves that their applications have been received should enclose an addressed post card in their applications. Such post cards will be returned to them in due course with the "received" stamp of the office impressed upon them. The post card should bear the sender's address only *and no other writing*. No other form of acknowledgment except that required by the Postal rules regarding registered covers can possibly be given, nor will any notice be taken of any letter from any candidate enquiring whether his application has been received. Insufficiently stamped covers will be *rejected*.

7. Candidates should write their names, their father's names and their house names *distinctly* and *in full* in their applications, and give their *address in full* also. Candidates for the Translation

Tests should pass the vernaculars in which they desire to be examined. Applications which are irregular or defective in any particular will not be taken notice of.

8. Subject to the following proviso, the Special Tests are open to all persons who are qualified under article 1 of the Public Service Notification for appointment to any post in the superior service, the consolidated pay of which is Rs. 20 per mensem or more, or who have passed any of the examinations recognised in article 1 of the Public Service Notification as sufficient qualification for entering the public service.

Proviso.—Candidates who possess only completed Secondary School-Leaving Certificates, but are not in the service—superior or inferior—of Government, or of local bodies, or the Madras Port Trust and whose names do not appear in any list published by the University of persons eligible for admission to the Intermediate course of study, and who are desirous of appearing for Special Test Examinations should forward their certificates to the Commissioner for Government Examinations who will decide on their eligibility for admission to the examinations; but no candidate will be so admitted to any of the Special Tests unless his Secondary School-Leaving Certificate shows that the holder thereof has obtained marks not less than the Presidency average in the several subjects included in group 'A' and in one at least of the subjects under the 'C' group and also indicates a degree of success in the 'B' group subjects considered adequate by the Commissioner.

[*Note* 1.—Only graduates in law are eligible to appear for the examination in the Code of Criminal Procedure referred to in paragraph 4 (7) supra.]

[*Note* 2.—Public servants employed in the Province of Coorg who do not possess the general educational qualification prescribed for admission to the Special Tests will be admitted to the examination if they submit along with their applications a certificate from the Chief Commissioner of Coorg granting them special permission to appear.]

9. No notice will be taken of any letter from a candidate requesting permission to bring up other tests in lieu of, or in addition to, those entered by him in his application.

10. No notice will be taken of the application of any candidate who selects a centre which is not included in the list of centres given in paragraph 1 supra.

11. Candidates cannot be allowed to change the place of examination named by them in their applications, unless they are employed in the public service and application is made on their behalf before the 31st August by the head of the office in which they are employed and it is also certified that the change is necessary *in the interests of the public service. Candidates changing their place of examination at their own permission of the Commissioner must be prepared to have their examination cancelled.*

12. *The fee paid by a candidate who absents himself from the examination will on no account be refunded to him whatever may have been the cause, public or private, that prevented him from attending the examination nor will the fee be refunded to any candidate who may be found to be ineligible to appear for the examinations. Candidates are accordingly warned to satisfy themselves before sending in their applications that they are eligible under the rules in force to be admitted to the test for which they apply.*

13. *Any candidate who does not behave properly towards the Chief and Assistant Superintendents of the Examination or is suspected of having had recourse to malpractice of any kind is liable to have his examination invalidated and also to be debarred from appearing again for any of the examinations under the control of the Commissioner for such term of years as the Commissioner may think fit, or if the Commissioner is not satisfied for any reason whatever as to the trustworthiness of his results, he may be required to undergo a re-examination at some future date to be fixed by the Commissioner in any one or more of the subjects of the examination for which he appeared, his success or failure being determined on the results of such re-examination.*

14. Subject to any change that may be found to be necessary, the examination will be conducted in the order of time and subjects shown in the subjoined table; candidates are at liberty to bring up as many tests together as the table allows, but whatever may be the number of tests brought up, only one application form should be used.

Date.	Hour.	Subjects.	Test.
1919.			
Monday, 29th October.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Manuals of Village and Taluk Accounts and the Special Funds Code (with books).	Revenue Test.
	2 p.m. to 5 p.m. ..	The Stamp, Income-tax and Excise Manuals (with books).	Do.
Tuesday, 31st October.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Revenue Acts and Regulations (with books).	Revenue Test.
		The Civil Procedure Code, the Limitation Act and the Rules of Practice (Civil)—(with books).	Civil Judicial Test.
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	The Transfer of Property Act and the Specific Relief Act (with books).	Do.
	2 p.m. to 5 p.m. ..	Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue (with books).	Revenue Test.
Thursday, 2nd October.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	The Stamp Act, the Court Fees Act and the Suits Valuation Act (with books).	Civil Judicial Test.
		The Code of Criminal Procedure—General Principles (with books).	Criminal Judicial Test.
	2 p.m. to 6 p.m. ..	The Code of Criminal Procedure—Detailed exposition (with books).	Do.
Friday, 3rd October.	10 a.m. to 12 noon. ..	The Civil Account Code (with books) ..	Jail Test.
	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	The Indian Evidence Act (with books).	Criminal Judicial Test.
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Laws, rules, regulations and orders relating to jails (with books).	Jail Test.
	2 p.m. to 5 p.m. ..	Medical Jurisprudence (with books) ..	Criminal Judicial Test.

Date.	Hour.	Subjects.	Test.
1919.			
Saturday, 26th October	10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	The Indian Penal Code (with books) ..	Jail Test.
	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	The Indian Penal Code—General Principles (with books)	Criminal Judicial Test.
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	The Code of Criminal Procedure (with books).	Jail Test.
		The Indian Penal Code—Detailed application (with books).	Criminal Judicial Test.
Monday, 27th October.	10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	The Civil Account Code, An Introduction to Indian Government Accounts and An Introduction to Indian Government Audit (with books).	Account Test.
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	The Civil Service Regulations (with books).	Do.
Tuesday, 28th October.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Translation from English into Vernacular.	Translation Test.
	2 p.m. to 5 p.m. ..	Translation from Vernacular into English.	Do.

15 For any further information that may be required, candidates are referred to the notification regulating the Special Test Examinations, copies of which are on sale at the Government Branch Press, Mount Road, Madras.

Office of the Comptr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 4th July 1919.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS—APRIL 1919.

It is hereby notified that the following arrangements have been made for the conduct of the Oral and Practical Examinations in Type-writing. Only those candidates who were declared in the Supplement to the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 3rd June 1919 to have satisfied the examiners in the Written test will be admitted to the Oral and Practical examinations.

[NOTE 1.—Candidates will, if necessary, be examined *in batches*, but at least every *four* candidates for the *Elementary* grade and at least every *two* candidates for the *Intermediate* grade must have *one* machine among them. For the *Advanced* grade each candidate must bring *one* machine.]

[NOTE 2.—When more than one day is fixed at any centre, *all* candidates must present themselves in the examination hall on the *first* day, when the day of their examination will be announced to them.]

Days with dates.	Subject.	Grade of examination.	Hour of commencement of examination.	Approximate number of candidates to be examined.	Place of examination.
TYPE-WRITING.					
(1) FOR CHINGLEPUT CANDIDATES.					
At Chingleput.					
1919.					
Wednesday, 2nd July.	Type-writing ..	Elementary ..	12 noon ..	8	U.F.C.M. High School, Chingleput.
	Do. ..	Intermediate ..	12 noon ..	3	Do
(2) FOR CUDDAPAH AND MADRAS CANDIDATES.					
At Madras.					
Monday, 7th July and Tuesday, 8th July.	Type-writing ..	Elementary ..	9 a.m. ..	24	Harris' High School, Peter's Road, Royapetta.
Friday, 4th July and Saturday, 5th July.	Do ..	Intermediate ..	9 a.m. ..	17	Do.
	Do. ..	Advanced ..	9 a.m. ..	15	Do.
(3) FOR NELLORE CANDIDATES.					
At Nellore.					
Saturday, 5th July.	Type-writing ..	Elementary ..	2 p.m. ..	12	Government Training School, Nellore.
	Do ..	Intermediate ..	2 p.m. ..	3	Do.
	Do. ..	Advanced ..	2 p.m. ..	2	Do.

Days with dates.	Subject.	Grade of examination.	Hours of commencement of examination.	Approximate number of candidates to be examined.	Place of examination.
		(4) For Cuddalore Candidates.			
		At Cuddalore.			
1913. Tuesday, 1st July.	Type-writing	Elementary	11 a.m.	15	Government Training School, Cuddalore.
	Do.	Intermediate	11 a.m.	3	Do.
	Do.	Advanced	11 a.m.	1	Do.
		(5) For Kumbakonam Candidates.			
		At Kumbakonam.			
Wednesday, 2nd July.	Type-writing	Elementary	11 a.m.	13	Town High School, Kumbakonam.
	Do.	Intermediate	11 a.m.	8	Do.
		(6) For Negapatam (Advanced grade) and Tanjore (all grades) Candidates.			
		At Tanjore.			
Wednesday, 2nd July	Type-writing	Elementary	8 a.m.	20	St. Peter's High School, Tanjore.
	Do.	Intermediate	8 a.m.	6	Do.
	Do.	Advanced	8 a.m.	3	Do.
		(7) For Pudukottai and Trichinopoly Candidates.			
		At Trichinopoly.			
Thursday, 3rd July.	Type-writing	Elementary	8 a.m.	51	St. Joseph's College, Trichinopoly
	Do.	Intermediate	8 a.m.	10	Do.
	Do.	Advanced	8 a.m.	2	Do.
		(8) For Madura Candidates.			
		At Madura.			
Friday, 4th July	Type-writing	Elementary	8 a.m.	46	Madura College Madura.
	Do.	Intermediate	8 a.m.	13	Do.
		(9) For Nazareth and Tinnevelly Candidates.			
		At Tinnevelly.			
Saturday, 5th July	Type-writing	Elementary	11 a.m.	37	Government Training School, Tinnevelly.
	Do.	Intermediate	11 a.m.	12	Do.
		(10) For Negapatam (Elementary Grade) Candidates.			
		At Negapatam.			
Thursday, 3rd July	Type-writing	Elementary	8 a.m.	11	Wesleyan Mission High School, Negapatam.
		(11) For Coimbatore Candidates.			
		At Coimbatore.			
Saturday, 5th July.	Type-writing	Elementary	11 a.m.	17	Government College, Coimbatore.
	Do.	Intermediate	11 a.m.	10	Do.
	Do.	Advanced	11 a.m.	1	Do.
		(12) For Ootacamund Candidates.			
		At Coimbatore.			
Thursday, 10th July	Type-writing	Elementary	8 a.m.	1	Brooks' Memorial School, Ootacamund.
	Do.	Intermediate	9 a.m.	2	Do.
	Do.	Advanced	9 a.m.	2	Do.
		(13) For Tellicherry Candidates.			
		At Tellicherry.			
Monday, 7th July.	Type-writing	Elementary	4 p.m.	11	Government Brennen College, Tellicherry.
	Do.	Intermediate	4 p.m.	3	Do.

Days with dates.	Subject.	Grade of examination.	Hour of commencement of examination.	Approximate number of candidates to be examined.	Place of examination.

(14) FOR MANGALORE CANDIDATES.

At Mangalore.

1919.							
Wednesday, July.	9th	Type-writing	Elementary	7 a.m.	6	Government College, Mangalore.	
		Do.	Intermediate	7 a.m.	1	Do.	

(15) FOR CALICUT CANDIDATES.

At Calicut.

Thursday, July and Friday, 11th July.	10th	Type-writing	Elementary (a)	12 noon	24	Government School of Commerce, Calicut.
		Do.	Intermediate (a)	12 noon	7	Do.
		Do.	Advanced (a)	12 noon	1	Do.

(16) FOR ERNAKULAM AND TRICHUR CANDIDATES.

At Trichur.

Friday, 11th July.		Type-writing	Elementary	4-15 p.m.	14	District High School, Trichur.
		Do.	Intermediate	4-15 p.m.	2	Do.

(17) FOR PALGHAT CANDIDATES.

At Palghat.

Saturday, 12th July		Type-writing	Elementary	12 noon	13	Government Victoria College, Palghat.
		Do.	Intermediate	12 noon	2	Do.

(18) FOR SALEM CANDIDATES.

At Salem.

Tuesday, 15th July.		Type-writing	Elementary	7 a.m.	11	Salem College, Salem.
		Do.	Intermediate	7 a.m.	9	Do.

(19) FOR CHITTOOR AND VELLORE CANDIDATES.

At Vellore.

Wednesday, July.	16th	Type-writing	Elementary	7 a.m.	7	Voorhees College Vellore.
		Do.	Intermediate	7 a.m.	5	Do.
		Do.	Advanced	7 a.m.	3	Do.

(20) FOR BEZWADA CANDIDATES.

At Bezwada.

Monday, July.	7th	Type-writing	Elementary	2 p.m.	7	C.M.S. High School, Bezwada.
		Do.	Intermediate	2 p.m.	1	Do.
		Do.	Advanced	2 p.m.	3	Do.

(21) FOR GUNTUR CANDIDATES.

At Guntur.

Tuesday, July.	8th	Type-writing	Elementary	2 p.m.	11	Government Training School, Guntur.
		Do.	Intermediate	2 p.m.	8	Do.
		Do.	Advanced	2 p.m.	3	Do.

(22) FOR MASULIPATAM CANDIDATES.

At Masulipatam.

Wednesday, July.	9th	Type-writing	Elementary	12 noon	19	Hindu High School, Masulipatam.
		Do.	Intermediate	12 noon	3	Do.
		Do.	Advanced	12 noon	4	Do.

(23) FOR COCANADA, BUDDRACHALAM, AMALAPURAM, NARSAPUR AND RAJAHMUNDRY CANDIDATES.

At Rajahmundry.

Thursday, July.	10th	Type-writing	Elementary	10-30 a.m.	37	Government Higher Elementary Training School, Rajahmundry.
		Do.	Intermediate	10-30 a.m.	20	Do.
		Do.	Advanced	10-30 a.m.	4	Do.

(a) 12 noon on the 10th July and 7 a.m. on the 11th.

Days with dates.	Subject.	Grade of examination.	Hour of commencement of examination.	Approximate number of candidates to be examined.	Place of examination.
		(24) For Periapatna Candidates.			
		At Peddapur.			
1919 Friday, 11th July	Type-writing.. ..	Elementary ..	8 a.m. ..	10	A.E.L.M. High School, Peddapur.
	Do.	Intermediate ..	8 a.m. ..	2	Do.
		(25) For Berhampur, Chicacole, Vizianagram and Vizagapatam Candidates.			
		At Vizagapatam.			
Saturday, 12th July.	Type-writing.. ..	Elementary ..	7-30 a.m.	19	Government Training School, Vizagapatam.
	Do.	Intermediate ..	7-30 a.m.	4	Do.
		(26) For Hyderabad Candidates.			
		At Hyderabad.			
Saturday, 12th July.	Type-writing.. ..	Elementary ..	2 p.m. ..	19	Chaderghat High School, Hyderabad.
	Do.	Intermediate ..	2 p.m. ..	3	Do.
		(27) For Ooty, Kurnool and Bellary Candidates.			
		At Bellary.			
Tuesday 15th July.	Type-writing.. ..	Elementary ..	12 noon ..	3	Government Training School, Bellary
	Do.	Intermediate ..	12 noon ..	4	Do
	Do.	Advanced ..	12 noon ..	5	Do.
		(28) For Mysore and Bangalore Candidates.			
		At Bangalore.			
Wednesday, 16th July and Thursday, 17th July.	Type-writing ..	Elementary ..	12 noon ..	35	R.E.A.N.M.'s High School, Bangalore.
	Do. ..	Intermediate ..	12 noon ..	11	Do.
	Do. ..	Advanced ..	12 noon ..	1	Do.
		(29) For Conjeeveram Candidates.			
		At Conjeeveram.			
Monday, 14th July.	Type writing ..	Elementary ..	2 p.m. ..	11	Pachaiyappa's High School, Conjeeveram.
	Do. ..	Intermediate ..	2 p.m. ..	3	Do.
		(30) For Trivandrum Candidates.			
		At Trivandrum.			
Friday, 11th July.	Type writing ..	Elementary ..	7 a.m. ..	17	H.H. The Maharaja's College, Trivandrum.
	Do. ..	Intermediate ..	7 a.m. ..	4	Do.

(By order)

Office of the Comnr. for Govt. Examinations, Madras, 1st July 1919.

D. A. HOBDAY, *Secretary.*

PUBLIC EXAMINATION, 1921.

The following text-book in English of which a detailed knowledge *will not be required* is prescribed for the Public Examination of 1921 —

Stories of Greece and Rome by Hilda Johnstone (Longmans, Green & Co., Madras Branch, Madras). Price, Re. 1-4-0.

Note.—This book is announced in advance so that it may be read in the Fifth Form of the year 1919-20.

(By order)

Office of the Comnr. for Govt. Examinations, Madras, 21st June 1919.

D. A. HOBDAY, *Secretary, School-Leaving Certificate Board.*

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

CORRIGENDA.

In the list of text-books prescribed for Persian for the Matriculation Examination of 1920 *for* Selemamma Hijar (Persian portion only) by Col. Shaik Bag Khan Sahib (M. A. O. College, Book Depot) *read* Anwari Suhaili (pp 1 to 80) (Kutub Deccan, Kokkinada Street, Bazaari-Kashmiri, Lahore).

Senate House, 18th June 1919.

In the issue of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 24th June 1919, supplement to Part I-B under the results of the B.A. (Honours) Degree Examination, 1919—

Page 4 - List of Failures, Branch I Mathematics, Candidates for the M A. Degree under Transitory Regulation I of Chapter XXXIII—

Register number	Subjects failed in.	
For—		*For*—
187	a b	Candidates No. 184 and 188 were absent.
Read—		*Read*—
188	a b	Candidates No. 184 and 187 were absent.

(By order)

Senate House, 3rd July 1919.

F. DEWSBURY,
Registrar.

GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOL, TANJORE.

Admission to the special gymnastic class attached to the Government Training School, Tanjore, is open to the students of the training school and others recommended by the headmasters and managers of recognised institutions. Each student will be required to pay a fee of Re 1 per mensem. The number of students for admission will be limited to 60. Students with higher educational qualifications will have preference for admission.

2. The year's course will be from July to December.

3. Every candidate should forward with his application copies of his conduct and education certificates The originals will have to be produced on selection.

4. All applications for admission from students other than those of the training school must be countersigned by managers or headmasters of schools in which they are employed or are to be employed.

5. The institution will work from 5 30 to 9 a.m. and 4-30 to 8-30 p.m. on all days other than Sundays and other authorized school holidays.

6. The students admitted will bind themselves to the rulings and regulations for the conduct of the work which will be separately framed and notified.

7. All applications for admission should reach the headmaster on or before the 16th July 1919; applications received afterwards will be rejected. The applications should furnish the following particulars:—

(1) Name.
(2) Age
(3) Caste.
(4) Highest educational qualifications.
(5) Profession, if any
(6) Countersignature of manager or headmaster.

8. No printed forms of applications are available.

Government Training School, Tanjore,
24th June 1919.

N. KRISHNA RAO,
First Assistant in charge.

TRAINING SCHOOL-LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 1921.

TEXT-BOOKS IN SEVERAL VERNACULARS.

The following books have been prescribed as text-books in several vernaculars for the Training School-Leaving Certificate Examination, 1921:—

ELEMENTARY, HIGHER.

Urdu.

Prose.—(First 130 pages) Qaud-i-Urdu by M. H. Jalaluddin Ahmad Jafari, available at Anwar Ahmadi Press, Allahabad. Price, Rs. 1-4-0.

Poetry.—Munazra-i-Vaaiz-va Shayir by Moulana Hali contained in the above book (no separate book need be purchased).

Malayalam.

Prose.—Vishavaikshan, Bharata Vilasam Press, Trichur. Price, Re. 1.

Poetry.—Nityoorsandesam, E.V. Book Depot, Trivandrum. Price, 8 annas.

Non-detailed.—Kalhanaswgandhigam, S. T. Reddiyar & Sons, Gudur. Price, 1 anna.

Kanarese.

Poetry.—(1) Chandrahasana Kathe from Kannada Padyagalu published by the Mangalore Trading Association, Mangalore. Price, 6 annas.

(2) Selections from a second book of Kanarese Poetry published by the Basel Mission Book and Tract Depository, Mangalore. Price, 3 annas 6 pies. (Lessons 1, 21, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 30 to 33, 38, 39 and 40.)

Prose.—(1) Maharattara Abhyudaya by Venkatesha Tirko Kulakarni, Gulaganath. Published by the Manager, Saraswa Granthe Mala, Post Hovery. Price, Re. 1 annas 2.

(2) Chandramathy by Nanjanagudu Shrikanta Shastry. Published by the Proprietor, General Agency, Mysore. Price, 12 annas.

(3) Kanya Bali by M. N. Kamath Price, 4 annas. Published by the author at Mangalore.

Oriya.

Poetry.—Ayodhya Drama by Gangadara Meharu, Cuttack Printing Company. Price, 4 annas.

Prose.—(1) Nari Darpana, Part II, by Mrityunjaya Rath, Utkal Sahitya Press, Cuttack. Price, 8 annas.

(2) Mahabharatasara by Gouruchandra Patro, pages 13-137, Utkal Sahitya Press, Cuttack. Price, Re. 1.

ELEMENTARY, LOWER.

Oriya.

Poetry.—Ramayana Sundarakanda by Krishnacharan Patnaik, 1 to 50 pages, Cuttack Printing Company. Price, 12 annas.

Prose.—(1) Sahitya Patha, Part II, by Jagannath Mahapatra and Mrityunjaya Rath, Macmillan & Co. Price, 12 annas.

(2) Brahmacharya by Krishna Chandra Sen Gupta, omitting portions on Strotramala. Price, 8 annas. Utkal Sahitya Press, Cuttack.

Kanarese.

Poetry.—(1) Chandrahasana Katha from Kannada Padyegalu. Published by the Mangalore Trading Association, Mangalore. Price, 6 annas.

(2) Selections from a second book of Kanarese Poetry. Published by the Basel Mission Book and Tract Depository. Price, 3 annas 3 pies. (Lessons 1, 2, 3, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25 and 28.)

Prose.—Vaibhava by Venkatesha Tirko Kulkarni Galaganath. Price, 12 annas. Published by the Manager, Saraswa Granthe Mala, Post Hovery.

Malayalam.

Poetry.—Chanakyasoothram, first 4 centos. S. T. Reddiyar & Sons, Quilon, Price, 5 annas.

Prose.—Lila, Bharata Vilasam Press, Trichur. Price, 12 annas.

Hindustani.

Prose.—Anwarul Akhlaq by Moulavi Nur Ahmed Sahib, second half book from page 129 to 260 available at Riyahi Am Steam Press, Lahore.

Poetry.—Munazira-i-Vaaz-wo Shayir by Moulana Hali.

Madras, 23rd June 1919.

EXAMINATION FOR TECHNICAL TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES, 1919.

The examination will be held during the months of October, November and December 1919.

2. Applications must reach the Inspector of European and Training Schools, Old College, Nungambakam, not later than the 31st August 1919. They must be prepared in the prescribed printed form, copies of which can be had on application to the Inspector.

3. The centres of examination will be fixed by the Director of Public Instruction from among those chosen by candidates after receipt of the applications.

4. The place and the exact date of examination will be communicated to the candidates in due course by the Inspector.

5. The following are the rates of fees for the examination :—

	Rs.
Advanced grade	8
Intermediate grade	4
Elementary grade	2

6. The fee must be paid into a Government Treasury and the Treasury officer's receipt sent with the application for admission to the examination.

7. The fee paid by a candidate who absents himself from the examination will, on an account, be refunded to him whatever may have been the cause, public or private, that prevented him from attending the examination. Nor will the fee be refunded to any candidate who may be found to be ineligible to appear for the examination. Candidates are accordingly warned to satisfy themselves before sending in their applications that they are eligible under the rules to be admitted to the examination.

8. Applications not prepared in the prescribed printed form, or defective in any particular, or insufficiently stamped, or received after the prescribed date, will be returned. Candidates anxious to assure themselves that their applications have been received and registered should enclose *addressed post cards in their applications*. Such post cards will be returned with an acknowledgment to the addressees.

9. The attention of candidates is drawn to rules 158 to 162 of the Madras Educational Rules, 5th edition.

Madras, 13th June 1919.

J. H. MELVILLE,
Inspector of European and Training Schools.

VACANCIES.

Applications are invited from qualified persons for the Drawing Master's post in the Government Training School, Kurnool, on Rs. 20 per mensem with a local allowance of Rs. 9.

The applicant should furnish the following particulars :—

(1) Name in full ; (2) age ; (3) qualifications—(a) general, educational and (b) technical ; (4) caste ; (5) last previous appointment, if any.

Copies of testimonials should also be submitted.

Camp Kottur, 18th June 1919. A. RAMA RAO,
Acting Inspector of Schools, III Circle.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates qualified under Public Service notification for the post of the Head clerk, Office of the Sub-Assistant Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Ceded Districts Girls' range, on Rs 25 per mensem Preference will be given to those who are already in service and whose vernacular is Telugu. Applications should reach the undersigned on or before 1st September 1919.

Bellary, 1st July 1919. P. SMITH,
Sub-Asst. Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Ceded Districts Girls' range.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates holding Secondary School-leaving Certificate and who have passed Typewriting, Elementary grade, for the post of a clerk on Rs. 25-1-30, in the Government High School, Chittoor.

The applications containing the following particulars in the candidate's own handwriting should reach this office on or before the 10th July 1919 :—

(1) Name in full; (2) Age; (3) Qualifications; (4) Caste; (5) Last previous appointment, if any.

Copies of testimonials should be submitted.

A. RAMA RAO,
Acting Inspector of Schools, Third Circle.

TELUGU SHORTHAND MANUAL.

Copies of this publication by M. Krishnaa Rao, which has been recommended for the use of candidates taking vernacular shorthand as an optional subject, are available for sale at the Government Press, Mount Road Branch, Madras, at Rs. 2-8-0 a copy.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE BOTANICAL BULLETIN.

A limited number of sets (Nos. 1 to 55) of the Presidency College Botanical Bulletin at Re. 1 per set is available for sale. Each number gives a drawing and description of a common flowering plant.

Applications for copies accompanied by a money order for Rs. 2 should be made to Mr. P. F. Fysoe, Professor of Botany, Presidency College, Madras.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE, COIMBATORE. CALENDAR FOR 1918–19. Royal 8vo. Paper cover As. 12 (1 s.).

ENGINEERING COLLEGE CALENDAR FOR 1918–19. Royal 8vo Paper cover. As. 12 (1 s.).

EXAMINATIONS—ABSTRACT OF THE RULES RELATING TO PUBLIC SERVICE EXAMINATIONS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY, corrected up to 31st March 1917. Royal 8vo, paper cover. As. 4 (1 s.).

GODS AND GODDESSES. South Indian Images of —. By Rao Sahib H. Krishna Sastri, B.A., 1916. Royal 8vo, cloth gilt, Rs. 6-8-0 or £s. 8d. (6 s.)

HAMPI RUINS. Illustrated and described by A. H. LONGHURST. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (1s. 6d.)

KUMBAKONAM COLLEGE CALENDAR FOR 1918–19. Demy 8vo, Paper cover. As. 12 (1 s.).

MADRAS LAW COLLEGE CALENDAR FOR 1917–18. Royal 8vo As. 12 (1 s. 6 p.)

MEDICAL COLLEGE CALENDAR FOR 1918–19. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 12 (1 s. 6 p.).

RAJAHMUNDRY COLLEGE CALENDAR FOR 1917–18. Demy 8vo, paper cover. As. 12. (1 s.,

REPORT ON INDIAN CONSTITUTIONAL REFORMS, 1918. Royal 8vo. Board. Re. 1 (1 s. 6d.).

RULES AND REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT MEDICAL SCHOOLS, 1917. Royal 8vo, paper cover. Anna 1 (1 p.).

SAIDAPET TRAINING COLLEGE CALENDAR FOR 1918–19. Royal 8vo. Paper cover As. 12 (1 s.)

SECONDARY SCHOOL-LEAVING CERTIFICATE NOTIFICATION AND EXAMINATION RULES FOR 1917–18. Royal 8vo, stitched. As. 4 (1 s.).

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART I-B
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 27.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 8, 1919. [PRICE, 8 *pice*.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS, APRIL 1919.

The following candidates are declared to have passed the GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS held in April 1919 in the subjects under which their names appear :—

[A notice will be published in Part I B of the *Fort St. George Gazette* in the month of August stating when and to whom applications should be made for certificates.]

[N.B.—*Applications from unsuccessful candidates asking for information as to the names of failure or for a re-valuation of their answer-papers will not be attended to.*]

BOOK-KEEPING (ADVANCED GRADE).

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
851 S. Gopalakrishna Ayyar	Masulipatam.
1311 Mylete Babu Rao	Guntur.
1342 Nandur Ashyuta Bhatt	Madras.
1864 Kotamangalam O. Narayanaswami Chetti	Do.
1865 K. Innuvasa Mudali	Do.
1647 Bala Rao Ramachandra Naik ..	Do.
2448 Mittanamilli Venkata Ashan ..	Do.
2501 Padmabhasm S. Seshs Ayyar ..	Do.
2603 G. Muttayyan	Do.
2609 S. Srinivasaraghavan	Do.
2797 S. Subrahmanya Ayyar	Conjeeveram.
3062 T. Krishnaswami	Kumbakonam
3232 A. Subrahmanya Ayyar ..	Tanjore.
4005 Jahanani Sergunam	Nazareth.
4056 T. S. Subbayya	Tuticorin.
4479 Madabhatla Lakshmana Rao ..	Trivandrum.
4480 S. Sundararam	Do.
4600 S. Tyagaraja Ayyar	Trichur.
4634 A. Hariharo Ayyar	Do.
4809 Ghulam Shahammad Mahdi Nakhri.	AB Bangalore.
5350 T. Ranga Achari	Calicut.
5351 V. Venkataraman	Do.
5354 Narani S. Venkateswara Ayyar ..	Do.
5355 Pallavaram S. Krishna Ayyar ..	Do.
5402 Mahya Kenchappa Pankhar ..	Do.

THEORY AND PRACTICE OF COMMERCE (ADVANCED GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	5340 T. Ranga Achari ..	Calicut.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
807 Palli Venkata Hanumanta Rao ..	Cocanada.
1216 Andugulapati Kesava Rau	Nellore.
1816 Chinchalam Subrahmanyam ..	Madras.
1838 Laxmi Gidam	Do.
1840 Venkayala Narasimham	Do.
2508 G. Muttayan	Do.
2527 K. B. Gopalaswami	Do.
2542 R. Annamalai Chetti	Do.
2838 P. R. Sundaraman	Chingleput.
3232 A. Subrahmanya Ayyar ..	Tanjore.
3593 U. H. Ganapati	Tenkasipally
4054 T. S. Krishna	Tuticorin.
4428 P. Kolappa Pillai	Trivandrum.
4429 Madabhatla Lakshmana Rao ..	Do.
4434 A. Krishna Pillai	Do.
4625 K. Subrahmanya Ayyar	Trichur.
4626 T. V. Subrahmanya Ayyar ..	Do.
4632 A. V. Raja Ayyangar	Trichur.
4671 K. K. Rama Ayyar	Do.
5376 C. Sesa Sastri	Do.
5406 P. I. Mathew	Coimbatore.
5231 V. Venkataraman	Calicut.
5353 Lakshminarayanapuram K. Subrahmanyan.	Do.
5315 Narani S. Venkateswara Ayyar ..	Do.
5395 Narani S. Parameswara Ayyar ..	Do.
5397 Abu'la Venkateswarulu	Do.
5398 P. Hanuma S. Krishna Ayyar ..	Do.
5401 K. Easwarami Ayyar	Do.
5402 Angadipuram D. Krishna Ayyar ..	Do.
5396 Dulba Dattatreya Anwari	Do.
5401 Manjeri S. Ramachandra Ayyar ..	Do.
5448 Sabhapperam K. Arunachalayyan Ayyar.	Do.

BANKING (ELEMENTARY GRADE).

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
840 Sitalatha Pantayya Sastri ..	Masulipatam
857 Samuel Balasamani Aur ..	Bezwada.
1030 Chadalavada Madhava Rao ..	Do
1419 Chunduri Srinivasa Rao ..	Cuddapah
1421 Fadan Ambeshrja Ambhorkh ..	Madras.
1643 V. Devarajan	Do.
1828 V. S. Venkata Achari ..	Do
1870 Mohamed Abdul Vahid Sait ..	Do.
1892 D. D. Martin	Do.
2017 K. Narayana Rao ..	Do.
2165 John Ling	Do.
2400 Pakrudeendalam Vavada Adam ..	Do.
2472 A. D. Arangamalam ..	Do.
2612 B. Krishnamurti	Do.
2619 R. Shanmukhasundaram ..	Do.
2621 Satyavada Kumaraswami ..	Do.
2784 C. K. Balasundaram ..	Conjeeveram.
2838 Paryakottil S. Sabhayya ..	Chingleput.
2913 T. R. Sundaram	Cuddalore.
3016 K. S. Srinivasa Ayyar ..	Kumbakonam.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
3078 A. Shaikh Dawud Sahib ..	Nagapatam.
3091 M. Abu Saleh Sahib ..	Do
3103 K. Srikamala Nayudu ..	Do.
3170 N. Muthukumarasam ..	Trichinopoly
3181 S. V. Venkata Tata Achari ..	Do.
3205 K. Sabapati	Do.
3230 T. S. Sesha	Do
3241 T. V. Rangaswami Pillai ..	Do.
3257 T. Algesi	Do.
3276 S. Krishna Rao	Madura
3282 T. C. Subrahmanyam ..	do
3290 S. G. Anantakrishna Pariaja ..	Madura.
3312 T. Kalyanasundaram ..	Do.
3347 A. Dasajanam	Tinnevelly
3354 R. Rajanayagam	Do.
3421 K. Rajagopalan	Bangalore.
3540 Theophil Anokan	Mangalore.
3601 Krishna Nayak Rao ..	Do
3604 Jerome B. Rego	Do

BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION (ELEMENTARY GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	1745 O. E. Natesa Ayyar ..	Madura.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
2	206 Ayyagari Suryanarayanamurti.	Vizagapatam.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
814 Tanjore V. Govindaraj ..	Rajahmundry.
820 Kotamadura Venkata Achari ..	Do. dry.
1748 S. Somasundaram Pillai ..	Madras.
1754 Attipedu Devarajulu Nayudu ..	Do.
1788 V. Gavindarajulu Chetti ..	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
3164 V. Swaminadan	Tanjore.
3311 S. Nagaratnam	Trichinopoly.
3161 A. G. Krishnaswami	Do
3488 Panchapakhapuria V. Subba Ayyar ..	Coimbatore.

BUILDING DRAWING AND ESTIMATING (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	1718 Vadarve S. Ramanadam ..	Madras.
2	4603 G. Narayanaswami ..	Mysore.
	1728 Palayam V. Anantayya ..	Bangalore
4	3382 Devi Ayodhja Achari ..	Trichinopoly
5	1763 N. Anantayya Hulla ..	Madras
6	1775 S. Tyagaraja	Do
	4592 K. Vaidyanathan	Mysore.
8	1763 M. V. Tiruvengadam ..	Madras.
9	2022 Y. A. Dasudasam Mudali ..	Do.
	4596 Ayalam B. Dharmaraja Ayyar.	Mysore.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate	Where examined.
11	1771 Mosay Pandiyam Ramadas.	Madras
	3002 K. Sankara Ayyar	Trichinopoly
	4216 A. Anantasubrahmanyan ..	Pudukkottai.
14	1720 Pattu Kodandaram Pillai ..	Madras.
15	278 Bandaru Ramaswami ..	Cocanada.
16	1799 V. M. Srikrama Sastri ..	Trichinopoly.
17	3347 S. Narayana Sarma ..	Do
18	3380 Abraham Joshua	Do.
19	1782 Calakadi Ramavala Mudali ..	Madras
	4118 S. Rangaswami Ayyar ..	Tanjore.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
741 Davakal Krishnaperh ..	Vizianagram.
113 Kona Srimas	Do.
209 Sripada Gangadharam ..	Vizagapatam
272 Hallipeta Venkatarayu ..	Cocanada.
861 Kasa Venkata Reddi Nayudu ..	Masulipatam.
1087 V. Raghunatha Rao ..	Vellore.
1751 K. V. Sivapraniyandi ..	Madras.
1765 K. Srinivasan	Do.
1766 K. S. Ranjudayya ..	Do.
1781 P. S. Subrahmanyam ..	Do.
1782 Mylapore Arumuga Mudali ..	Do.
1785 Madabushi Gopalan ..	Do.
1791 P. S. Kandaswami ..	Do.
1799 I. Bandaviriahnayya ..	Do.
1772 Kaliyapettai V. Rajagopalan.	Do.
1774 R. A. Santanaswami ..	Do.
1779 K. S. Srinivasan ..	Do.
2510 P. Sriniwasulu Raju ..	Do.
2317 Nagpur K. Viraraghavulu ..	Do.
2310 Sanna Ratnam Jumna ..	Do.
2321 P. S. Narayanamurti ..	Do.
2343 N. E. Madhava Mudali ..	Do.
2351 A. G. Kuppuswami Mudali ..	Do.
2383 T. V. Venkataraviyanan ..	Do.
2369 D. Sriram	Do.
2376 T. K. Usman Saddiah ..	Do.
2376 D. L. Kanakaratnam ..	Do.
3164 F. G. Kuppuswami Pillai ..	Tanjore.
3334 P. Krishnaswami ..	Trichinopoly.
3338 S. Srinivasan	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where educated.
3312 K. A. Padmanabhan ..	Trichinopoly.
3347 N. Krishnaswami ..	Do.
3350 B. Natesan	Do.
3351 P. Sadagopan	Do.
3352 A. R. Subbarayan ..	Do.
3353 M. V. Subrahmanyam ..	Do.
3372 K. Harihara Ayyar ..	Do.
3381 V. Subrahmanyam ..	Do.
3382 K. S. Subrahmanyan ..	Do.
3414 R. Rayagopalan	Do.
3600 M. Ramakrishnan ..	Do.
3610 M. S. Viswanathan ..	Do.
3618 T. Annadurai Ayyangar ..	Do.
1336 M. V. Subrahmanya Ayyar ..	Pudukkottai.
4339 A. Gurupati	Do.
4441 E. Ramachandra Ayyar ..	Do.
4306 M. K. Krishna Pillai ..	Trivandrum.
4604 M. R. Vaidyanathan ..	Mysore.
4607 S. Nagappana Achari ..	Do.
4608 Gubbalatippalayam V. Rattegiri ..	Do.
4609 B. V. Subramaniam ..	Do.
4670 M. S. Srinivasa Rao ..	Do.
4784 B. V. Arumanadi	Do.
4720 Arcot L. Sivanathanar ..	Bangalore.
1851 Tarakad C. Venkatachala Ayyar ..	Do.
1859 K. V. Varada Rao	Do.
4650 T. A. Srinivasan	Do.
5003 V. C. Madavanayakam ..	Salem.
5258 Vettiyilakathil Sankaran Nayar ..	Palghat.

HYDRAULICS AND IRRIGATION WORKS (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate	Where examined.
945 Kanti Bhavaloti Telugu	Berwada.
1759 Vadavar R. Balasubbiram	Madras.
1770 Pattu Kodandaram Pillai	Do.
1771 L. Moses Pandiyan Retnadas	Do.
1772 Kuliyapatni V. Rajagopalan	Do.
1774 R. A. Sathunawam	Do.
1776 G. Tyagarajan	Do.
2727 M. N. Varadarajulu Naydu	Do.
1778 P. Kuppuswami	Do.
1779 V. Gopalan	Do.
2382 N. Krishnamurti	Do.
2906 T. S. Sundaram	Cuddalore.
3358 T. P. Vaidyeswaran	Trichinopoly.
3370 S. Krishnaswami Ayyar	Do.
3373 K. Srinivasan	Do.
3379 K. Hariharn Ayyar	Do.
3380 Abraham Joshua	Do.
3383 Devi Ayodhya Ashari	Do.
3396 J. C. Buchle	Do.

Register number and name of candidate	Where examined.
3416 M. Subrahmanyam	Trichinopoly
4118 S. Kanga swami Ayyar	Tuticorin.
4396 S. Hariharn Ayyar	Trivandrum.
4602 K. Vaidyanathan	Mysore
4603 G. Narayanaswami	Do
4604 M. R. Vaidyanathan	Do.
4605 Arjalam M. Dharmaraja Ayyar	Do.
4607 Sayuna Subrahmanyam	Do.
4648 Gubbichettipalayam V. Natesgiri	Do
4654 B. V. Annamalai	Bangalore.
4722 Kodu P. Chidambaram Pillai	Do.
4738 Palayam V. Ananiayya	Do
4795 M. Nilakanta Rao	Do.
4726 Aroot T. Sivasankaran	Do.
4732 Pathanoda R. Hariharn Ayyar	Do.
4733 S. Venkatagiri Achari	Do.
4863 Tiruvallur K. Tiruvarangam	Do.
4866 Palladam H. Sein Rao	Do.
5109 V. Sivaramakrishna Ayyar	Coimbatore.

EARTH-WORK AND ROAD-MAKING (ELEMENTARY GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	3314 T. S. Venkata Rao	Trichinopoly.
2	2216 T. Subba Rau	Do.
3	3346 S. Jagannathan	Do.
4	3351 P. Sadagopan	Do.
5	6th V. Kandasiram Ayyar	Rajahmundry.
6	3317 R. Krishnaswami	Trichinopoly.
	3360 H. Nathma	Do.
8	3345 V. Hariviriam	Do.
9	3317 V. G. Venkatarama	Do.
10	3393 P. Krishnamurtipapai	Madras.
	3407 A. M. Joseph	Trichinopoly.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
12	3352 A. K. Subbarayan	Trichinopoly.
14	47th S. V. Krishna Ayyangar	Bangalore
	3313 S. N. Ethirajan	Trichinopoly.
15	4682 J. A. Anantaswami	Bangalore.
	46th V. Raman Pillai	Trichinopoly.
	4705 G. N. Gurula Acharyar	Bangalore.
18	3330 C. Srinivasulu	Trichinopoly.
19	2324 Nagar Andhala Muniswami Nayudu.	Madras.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
189 Muppandhan Seryanaryana	Vizagapatam.
267 Kappili Adinarayana	Vizagapatam.
530 Jakka Gangaram	Rajahmundry
531 Mandi Ramanna	Do.
809 Inapuri Venkata Lakshmi Narasimharaju	Narsapur.
811 Darbha Janakiramayya	Machilipatam
1764 T. Kalyakrishnan	Madura.
2261 M. Govindarajulu Mudali	Do.
3313 M. E. Kanakasabhapati	Trichinopoly
3314 A. Venkatanabha Rau	Do.
3317 T. V. Subrahmanyam	Do.
3318 K. Narasimha Ayyar	Do.
3320 J. Narayana Rao	Do.
3321 D. N. Natesan	Do.
3322 K. Langappayya	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
3328 C. Narayana Rao Nayudu	Trichinopoly.
3329 D. Subrahmanyam	Do.
3331 Arthur Herbert John Vas	Do.
3344 D. S. Appaswami Ayyar	Do.
3348 M. S. Krishnama Achari	Do.
3354 P. V. Narayan Nayar	Do.
3361 A. Govindan Nayar	Do.
3364 T. T. Koriyan	Do.
3403 T. Kalanda	Do.
3404 G. Krishnaswami	Do
3405 V. Venkatanarasimhaiyam	Do
4101 M. K. Gopala Pillai	Trivandrum.
4704 A. D. Diran	Bangalore.
4818 D. George Murray	Do.
5091 T. S. Gulab Singh	Salem.

BRIDGE-WORK (ELEMENTARY GRADE).

FIRST CLASS.

Number in order of merit.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	175th M. V. Tiruvengadam	Madras.
2	141 Dhavaluri Krishnamurti	Vizagapatam
3	2317 Nagam R. Viraraghavulu	Madras.

SECOND CLASS.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
539 Janardhan Vasudeo Velankar	Rajahmundry
813 Pulluri Gopalakrishnayya	Machilipatam.
3308 T. P. Vaidyanatha	Trichinopoly
3376 S. Narasimhan	Do.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
4th M. Venkataramana	Bangalore.
1717 Mysore Suryanarayana Rao	Do.
1724 U. Gururaja Rao	Do.
4727 V. Kalyanaraman	Do.
4728 M. Nilakantha Rao	Do.

SURVEYING AND LEVELLING (ADVANCED GRADE).

SECOND CLASS.

4409 S. Natesan Ayyar — Trivandrum.	4723 S. Venkatagiri Achari — Bangalore.

APPLIED MECHANICS (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

SECOND CLASS.

1763 N. Anantayya Hella — Madras.	4310 A. Anantapadmanabhanayyar — Palakkattai.

MENSURATION (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

Second Class.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
950 Bhadiraju Venkata Subba Raju	.. Berwada.

MACHINE CONSTRUCTION (ELEMENTARY GRADE).

First Class.

Number in order of merit	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1	1902 A. M. Sesha Ayyangar	.. Cuddalore

Second Class.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.	Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
144 Adibala Lakshminarayana	.. Vizianagram.	1762 Tandavala Venkatalingam	.. Madras.
1795 P. Gunam	.. Madras	1784 V. Venkatakrishnayya ..	.. Do.

STEAM AND THE STEAM ENGINE (INTERMEDIATE GRADE).

Second Class.

Register number and name of candidate.	Where examined.
1788 S. Sambasivan	Madras.

HYDRAULICS AND IRRIGATION WORKS (ADVANCED GRADE).

No candidate has passed.

(By order)

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 4th July 1919.

D. A. HOBDAY,
Secretary.

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Part II.—Miscellaneous Notifications.

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Supplements:—
Abstract of season reports for the week ending 5th July 1919.
Salt, Abkari and Customs Department Notification No. 14, dated 23rd June 1919—(English), (Tamil) and (Telugu).

APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE, &c.

Registration.

Postings.—The following postings of Sub-Registrars are ordered:—

M.R.Ry. Gadi Brahmanna, on relief at Yerragudem, to Kamalapuram (Cuddapah district).

Madras, 3rd July 1919.

M.R.Ry. Chaganti Subba Rao to Jaggayyapeta (Kistna district).

Madras, 7th July 1919.

The following posting of a Sub-Registrar is ordered with effect from the 1st July 1919:—

M.R.Ry. Chethupuram Venkatarayan Patter Kailasa Ayyar, to be Joint Sub-Registrar, Palghat (Palghat district).

Madras, 3rd July 1919.

C. M. SCHMIDT,
Inspector-General of Registration.

Board of Revenue.

Salt, Abkari and Customs Department.

Leave.—Under article 250 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. Hubert Lionel Prager, Inspector, is granted privilege leave for three months from date of relief.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 1st July 1919.

Postings.—The following postings of Probationary Inspectors are ordered :—

(1) Sergeant Robert Edward Willmott, to work under the Inspector, Krishnapatnam Circle. To join on relief from the Military Department.

(2) Mr. Ewart Vivian Miller, to work under the Inspector, Tuticorin Circle. To join at once.

R. GRAHAM,
Secretary.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 5th July 1919.

FOREST.

Permission to return to duty.—(1) M.R.Ry. T. N. Seshagiri Rao, Ranger, second grade on leave, is permitted to return to duty before the expiry of his leave and to hold charge of Nellore range.

The unexpired portion of his privilege leave granted to Ranger, M.R.Ry. T. N. Seshagiri Rao in this office Service Order No. 54 of 1919, dated 13th April 1919, is cancelled with effect from the date of his joining duty.

Transfer.—(2) M.R.Ry. K. G. Sundara Raja Rao, *sub. pro tem.* Deputy Ranger, first grade and acting Ranger, sixth grade, in charge of Nellore range, on relief by No. (1) is transferred to Chittoor district to work under the orders of the District Forest Officer.

A. R. JACKSON,
Acting Conservator of Forests, Central Circle.

Madras, 27th June 1919.

Leave.—M.R.Ry. C. Rajagopal Nayudu, Ranger, second grade, in charge of Harur range, South Salem division, is granted combined leave for two years, i.e., privilege leave for one month and twenty days and furlough for the remaining period from date of relief.

H. A. LATHAM,
Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle.

Salem, 5th July 1919.

Transfer.—Mr. W. G. Dyson, Assistant Conservator on probation, North Coimbatore division, is transferred to South Coimbatore division to go duty under the District Forest Officer.

H. TIREMAN,
Acting Conservator of Forests, Western Circle.

Coimbatore, 9th July 1919.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Posting.—M.R.Ry. N. A. Sankara Ayyar, Supervisor, first grade, temporary, in charge of Madhavaram section, Tanks subdivision, Guntur division, will officiate as Subdivisional Officer, Tank subdivision, in addition to his own duties during the absence of M.R.Ry. N. V. Suryanarayana Ayyar, on privilege leave with effect from 24th June 1919 afternoon.

G. S. RAMAIAH,
Superintending Engineer, II Circle.

Bezwada, 5th July 1919.

Posting.—M.R.Ry. M. Visvanatha Ayyar, Temporary Upper Subordinate on Rs. 100, transferred to this circle on Chief Engineer, Public Works Department's Memorandum No. 327-D., dated 21st June 1919, is posted to the Madura Special division.

W. G. MOLESWORTH,
Superintending Engineer, VI Circle.

Trichinopoly, 30th June 1919.

Reposting.—The three following subordinates transferred to this circle, in Chief Engineer's Memorandum No. 371-D., dated 27th June 1919, are reposted to the divisions noted against them :—

M.R.Ry. G. Venkatachala Ayyar, Supervisor, first grade, temporary rank, Vannar division.

M.R.Ry. S. A. Sambasiva Pillai, Overseer, first grade, provisionally permanent, Vannar division.

M.R.Ry. D. N. Somayajulu, Overseer, first grade, temporary rank, Cauvery division.

Posting.—M.R.Ry. R. S. Rajagopala Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., Supervisor, first grade, and temporary Sub-Engineer, in charge of Tiruttureippundi subdivision, Vannar division, is posted for special duty under the Special Settlement Officer, Tanjore. He should report himself forthwith for duty.

A. V. RAMALINGA AYYAR,
Superintending Engineer, VII Circle.

Madras, 1st July 1919.

MEDICAL.

Posting.—Civil Assistant Surgeon A. V. Sesha Acharya, L.M.S., on return from leave, to rejoin as Medical Officer, Municipal Hospital, Narasaraopet, Guntur district, *vice* Civil Assistant Surgeon S. L. Somayaji, L.M.S.

Services placed.—Civil Assistant Surgeon S. L. Somayaji, L.M.S., on relief at Narasaraopet, is placed at the disposal of the President, District Board, Guntur, vice temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon H. Venkata Rao, L.M.S.

(By order)

A. C. INGRAM, Major, I.M.S.,
Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General.

Madras, 8th July 1919.

GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, MADRAS.

Return showing the inland consumption and exports of raw cotton in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 21st June 1919.

(*Note.*—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. each.)

Variety of cotton.	For corresponding week of previous year.		For the current week.			Total from 3rd February to corresponding week of previous year.		Key the current year from 3rd February to date.			Exports by rail from the Madras Presidency from 1st February to April 1919, both months inclusive.	Imports by rail into the Madras Presidency from 1st February to April 1919, both months inclusive.	Total of columns (11) and (12) minus column (13).
	Received at mills (2)	Exported by sea. (3)	Received at mills (4)	Exported by sea (5)	Total. (6)	Received at mills. (7)	Exported by sea. (8)	Received at mills. (9)	Exported by sea. (10)	Total. (11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Tinnevellies ..	1,019	11,571	1,260	3,391	6,266	16,117	34,873	16,572	32,647	70,610	..	..	..
Salem ..	138		110			2,459		2,986			..	..	..
Cambodia ..	1,942	655	1,810			17,821		31,660			..	..	..
Northern and Western.	618		491	..	495	13,591	1,350	8,819	2,518	(f)15,218	..	..	..
Coconadas ..								27(c)			..	..	..
Outside cotton	273	..	410	..	414	6,369	..	6,035	..	6,038	..	..	..
Total ..	4,782	12,196	3,785	3,394	7,170	56,360	35,221	65,097	35,165	93,294	(e) 22,376	(f) 7,167	1,18,791

(a) Returns have been supplied in the corresponding week of previous year by twelve mills.
(b) Do. in the current week by twelve mills.
(c) Exports by sea in current week are—Madras nil, Tuticorin 3,381; Cocanada nil; Calicut nil.
(d) Exports to the Bombay Presidency—to places on the Great Indian Peninsula line 14,342, to places on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway line 6,412, to places on the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway line 860; Exports to (1) Pondicherry 3,237, (2) Calcutta 2,893; and (3) Mysore 4,280; (4) Nizams Territory nil; (5) Rewa and Dilton nil; (6) Central Provinces and Berar nil.
(e) Imports to places in the Madras Presidency on the South Indian Railway line—from the Bombay Presidency 6,877, from the Hyderabad State nil, imports to places in the Madras Presidency on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway line—from the Bombay Presidency 1,435; from the Hyderabad State 204; from Mysore 2, imports into the Madras Presidency from the Hyderabad State via Wadi and Secunderabad as recorded by the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railways 186.

Quantity of cotton pressed in the pressing factories and of unpressed cotton received at spinning mills in the Madras Presidency during the week ending 21st June 1919.

Variety of cotton.	In previous year.				In current year.				Director's estimate of the 1918-19 crop.
	Number pressed in week ending 22nd June 1918.	Number pressed from 3rd February till 22nd June 1918.	Unpressed cotton received at mills from 3rd February till 22nd June 1918.	Total cotton accounted for from 3rd February till 22nd June 1918.	Number pressed in the current week.	Number pressed from 3rd February to date.	Unpressed cotton received at mills from 3rd February to date.	Total cotton accounted for from 3rd February to date.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tinnevellies	4,903	50,415	1,840	52,256	6,453	27,506	1,305	28,811	127,000
Salem	..	..	1,834	1,834	..	150	6,850	6,000	15,000
Cambodia	5,912	1,01,849	2,021	1,03,870	4,971	72,082	4,483	76,515	247,000
Northern and Western	3,638	33,648	..	33,643	2,965	37,413	..	51,513	101,000
Coconadas	1,624	17,185	..	17,185	1,452	18,007	327	18,734	55,000
Total ..	16,581	2,03,204	7,695	2,10,699	15,843	1,55,078	7,965	1,31,573	530,000

R. CECIL WOOD,
Acting Director of Agriculture.

Madras, 30th June 1919.

WITHDRAWAL OF CANDIDATURES FOR LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Under sub rule (2) of rule 7-A in Schedule III appended to the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort St. George, it is hereby notified that M R Ry. S. Sivarama Ayyar Avergal, B.A., B.L., has withdrawn his candidature for election to the said Council by the non-official members of municipal councils, of district and taluk boards and certain other electors in the electoral area in group No. 9, comprising Madura, Ramnad and Tinnevelly districts.

Madura Collector's Office,
3rd July 1919.

H. T. REILLY,
Collector.

Sani Bhushan Ratho, Editor, *The Ruler*, Berhampur, who has been duly nominated for election as additional member by the non-official members of municipal councils and district and taluk boards and certain other electors in group No. I, Ganjam and Vizagapatam districts, has withdrawn his candidature.

1st July 1919.

H. A. B. VERNON,
Collector.

TREASURE TROVE.

Notice is hereby given, under section 8 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that the undermentioned treasure is stated to have been found on the 12th July 1918 in S.F. No. 873 of Dudukurpet village, Nellore taluk, belonging to one Golla Subbayya alias Sangapu Venkatasubbayya by one Gaddam Subbadu while digging earth on behalf of Varanasi Seshayya :—

Details of the find.	Weight.	Estimated value Rs.
(1) One gold nose with two hooks and hundred gold beads of the shape of fishes.	Ten and three-quarter varahas and three guriginjas.	75
(2) A gold bangle double edged with two green and one red stone.	Ten and quarter varahas and two guriginjas with lac inside.	85

All persons claiming the said treasure or any portion thereof are requested to appear in person or by a duly authorized agent before the Collector of Nellore at his office in Nellore on the 1st August 1919 in view of their claims being inquired into and disposed of according to law.

Nellore Collector's Office,
31st December 1918.

S. M. V. USMAN,
Acting Collector.

Notice is hereby given under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that on the 13th January 1919, Avula Subbayya, who was ploughing the field of one Ghulam Hussain Sahib at Udayagiri, found a broken metal bell which was raised by the plough from the soil. Saiyid Muhammad Sahib who followed him, digging the field, found the following other articles :—

(1) Nine thick copper plates with inscriptions, suspended from three stout metallic rings (three plates to each ring).
(2) One broken metal bell.
(3) Seven broken plates.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any portion thereof are requested to appear in person or by a duly authorized agent before the Collector of Nellore at his office in Nellore on Monday the 16th October 1919 in order that their claims may be inquired into and disposed of according to law.

Nellore Collector's Office,
20th February 1919.

L. D. SWAMIKANNU,
Collector.

Under section 8 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, it is hereby notified that on 6th February 1919 a treasure consisting of 17 silver coins bearing Chinese-Burman or Japanese inscriptions with four pairs of bangles recently made out of the coins and valued at Rs. 34 was found in a Government land near a hill called Kothikattai, 1¼ furlongs north of Kannianga Kattai, Dharmapuri taluk, by Rangan, Pottusamal and Yadiyappan.

2 All persons claiming the treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by any authorized agent before the Collector of Salem on 8th August in view to their claims being inquired into and determined according to law.

Salem Collector's Office,
27th March 1919.

E. A. DAVIS,
Collector.

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J. A. CHAPMAN,
Librarian.

SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

Return showing the Births and Deaths registered in the Municipalities of the Madras Presidency containing 20,000 inhabitants and upwards and in the Ootacamund Municipality for the week ending 7th June 1819.

Municipalities.	Population according to the Census of 1811.	BIRTHS.							DEATHS.													
		Class.				Total.			Class.				Total.			Causes.						
		Christians.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Other classes.	M.	F.	Total.	Christians.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Other classes.	M.	F.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Fevers, Intermittent Remittent.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	All other diseases.
Madras ..	134,136	5	87	8	..	44	55	99	1	80	6	..	50	37	87	..	1	..	17	9	1	..	36
Trichinopoly ..	123,513	3	37	4	3	22	25	47	1	44	11	3	34	25	59	..	7	..	9	2	..	..	48
Cuddalore ..	78,417	5	28	31	..	28	36	64	2	48	40	..	48	41	89	20	10	..	9	21	..	1	38
Kumbakonam ..	64,647	1	10	1	..	9	13	21	..	28	..	..	11	14	25	..	1	..	5	1	1	..	17
Tanjore ..	60,341	2	24	1	..	18	9	27	1	20	2	..	14	9	23	..	..	..	7	8	3	..	10
Negapatam ..	60,188	1	20	11	..	21	11	32	1	20	9	..	18	14	30	..	1	..	6	8	5	..	16
Salem * ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddalore ..	68,574	1	36	4	..	16	25	44	3	24	..	..	14	13	27	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	21
Coonauda ..	54,110	..	10	..	..	9	7	16	..	51	..	..	25	26	51	..	2	..	23	2	4	..	19
Conjeeveram ..	53,864	..	26	..	..	16	10	26	..	46	1	..	27	22	49	10	..	..	5	7	1	..	26
Vellore ..	48,748	1	20	7	..	15	13	28	3	14	8	..	7	14	21	2	1	..	1	1	..	..	15
Rajahmundry ..	48,417	..	25	..	..	11	14	25	..	31	..	..	10	21	31	..	3	..	11	..	1	..	16
Mangalore ..	48,413	6	14	3	..	11	12	23	5	21	3	..	16	17	33	1	3	..	3	..	1	..	18
Coimbatore ..	47,007	..	17	4	..	8	10	18	..	25	1	..	15	11	26	..	1	..	8	3	1	..	13
Palamcottah ..	44,909	..	18	6	..	10	16	25	1	16	3	..	13	8	20	..	..	..	4	5	6	..	9
Tinnevelly ..	44,805	..	29	3	..	15	17	32	..	15	..	..	8	11	19	..	..	..	8	6	..	..	32
Palghat ..	44,319	1	19	8	..	7	16	23	..	18	5	..	6	14	20	..	..	..	5	2	..	..	13
Guntur ..	43,612	..	11	..	..	2	9	11	1	25	7	..	17	14	31	..	..	..	16	..	..	..	15
Vizagapatam ..	43,418	..	16	..	..	7	8	15	2	22	..	..	12	12	24	..	..	..	5	3	..	..	4
Ellore ..	42,531	..	14	2	..	7	9	16	..	8	3	..	6	6	12	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	6
Masulipatam ..	42,123	1	11	..	..	9	5	14	3	13	2	..	6	5	16	..	..	..	7	2	..	..	7
Vizianagram ..	37,556	..	10	..	..	8	3	11	3	14	1	..	8	12	17	..	1	..	9	..	..	..	7
Bellary ..	34,856	..	35	5	..	23	12	40	..	32	..	..	18	14	32	..	..	..	10	10	1	..	11
Nellore ..	33,240	1	25	6	2	14	11	25	1	15	5	..	10	11	21	1	..	..	2	6	1	..	11
Bezwada ..	32,887	..	23	8	..	14	8	22	..	20	3	..	14	9	23	..	..	..	9	5	..	..	14
Adoni ..	31,845	..	..	8	..	7	14	21	..	40	8	..	27	30	57	3	..	..	12	1	9	12	28
Berhampur ..	31,258	..	5	2	..	5	3	8	..	7	1	..	4	4	8	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	6
Tellichery ..	29,288	..	5	1	..	3	6	6	..	11	1	..	10	2	12	..	1	..	4	2	..	..	5
Srivilliputtur * ..	..	..	17	3	..	10	12	22	1	13	10	..	10	14	24	..	4	..	9	4	4	..	12
Cannanore ..	18,937	1	8	..	..	6	12	18	2	6	8	..	8	7	15	..	..	..	5	6	..	..	10
Anjengo ..	17,121	3	5	9	..	7	2	10	..	11	..	..	7	4	11	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	9
Kurnool ..	26,040	..	9	..	..	7	11	18	..	8	6	..	5	3	8	..	..	..	6	1	..	..	1
Dindigul ..	26,052	4	9	4	..	10	7	17	1	13	6	..	9	8	17	..	..	..	4	5	..	..	8
Ootacamund ..	18,829	5	3	3	..	8	6	14	6	3	4	4	6	15	21	..	3	..	1	..	7	..	10
Total ..	1,582,219	38	646	148	3	421	419	840	37	748	155	7	478	474	947	37	50	..	204	108	46	17	† 465

* Not received.

† 3

Madras, 27th June 1819.

N. ANNAJI RAO,
for Surg. Comm. for the Govt. of Madras.

Statement showing PLAGUE ATTACKS AND DEATHS in each district of the Madras Presidency from August 1896 to 5th July 1919.

[D = Deaths; S = Seizures.]

	Anantapur.	Bellary.	Chingleput.	Chittoor.	Coimbatore.	Cuddapah.	Ganjam.	Godavari.	Guntur.	Kistna.	Kurnool.	Madras City.	Madura.	Malabar.	Nellore.	Nilgiris, The	North Arcot.	Ramnad.	Salem.	South Arcot.	South Kanara	Tanjore.	Trichinopoly.	Vizagapatam.	Vizagapatam Hills.	Godavari Hills.	Rampa Hills.	Presidency Jails.	Total.
First period August 1896 to June 1897.	S 736 D 686	338 322																											8,778 8,046
Second period (July 1896 to June 1897).	S — D —	199 85																											3,212 884
Third period (July 1900 to June 1901).	S — D —	— —																	1,206 1,112										2,796 1,719
Fourth period (July 1901 to June 1901).	S 82 D 80	4,888 3,775																	1,000 1,000										6,970 6,855
Fifth period (July 1902 to June 1903).	S 146 D 102	6,258 5,458																	6,704 6,257										37,218 34,209
Sixth period (July 1903 to June 1904).	S 1,852 D 1,201	8,088 7,084																	1,000 913										19,911 18,210
Seventh period (July 1904 to June 1905).	S 1,731 D 1,564	10,373 8,948																											19,738 14,944
Eighth period (July 1905 to June 1906).	S — D —	2,286 2,280																											3,986 3,961
Ninth period (July 1906 to June 1907).	S 10 D 7	709 697																											971 670
Tenth period (July 1907 to June 1908).	S 224 D 178	3,796 3,305																	1,000 970										7,578 6,340
Eleventh period (July 1908 to June 1909).	S 91 D 86	810 547																											3,515 2,600
Twelfth period (July 1909 to June 1910).	S — D —	4,731 3,778																											5,649 5,540
Thirteenth period (July 1910 to June 1911).	S 19 D 16	1,389 1,112										7,300 7,052																	10,551 9,550
Fourteenth period (July 1911 to June 1912).	S 891 D 805	13,687 10,240																											19,099 13,981
Fifteenth period (July 1912 to June 1913).	S 1,276 D 1,276	4,276 3,276																											8,978 8,978
Sixteenth period (July 1913 to June 1914).	S 1,000 D 1,000	3,000 3,000																											6,000 6,000
Seventeenth period (July 1914 to June 1915).	S 1,000 D 1,000	3,000 3,000																											6,000 6,000
Eighteenth period (July 1915 to June 1916).	S 1,000 D 1,000	3,000 3,000																											6,000 6,000
Nineteenth period (July 1916 to June 1917).	S 1,000 D 1,000	3,000 3,000																											6,000 6,000
Twentieth period (July 1917 to June 1918).	S 5,000 D 4,000	15,000 12,000																											30,000 24,000
Twenty-first period (July 1918 to June 1919).	S 1,000 D 1,000	3,000 3,000																											6,000 6,000
Twenty second period (1st July 1919 to 5th July 1919).	S — D —	16 16																											16 16
Grand Total	S 13,240 D 9,913	81,660 66,985	381 62	281 44	18,449 20,711	1,401 1,264	276 276	1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000	5,000 3,146	1,000 197	1,834 1,449	2,997 2,493	16 4	1,000 1,000	18,393 15,212	192	38,998 30,041	1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000	4,000	1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000	3,807 3,407	1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000	218,000 169,000

Statement showing PLAGUE SEIZURES AND DEATHS in each infected place in the Madras Presidency for week ending 5th July 1919 as compared with two previous weeks.

Districts, towns and ports.	Reported during the week ending 21st June 1919.						Reported during the week ending 28th June 1919.						Reported during the week ending 5th July 1919.					
	Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.		Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.		Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.	
	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.
Anantapur district																		
Bellary district																		
Chingleput district															18	15	18	15
Chittoor district																		
Coimbatore district																		
Cuddapah district									30	5	30	5			26	14	26	14
Ganjam district													1	1			1	1
Godavari district																		
Guntur district																		
Kistna district																		
Kurnool district																		
Madras City																		
Madura district																		
Madura town																		
Malabar district																		
Cannanore port																		
Tellicherry port																		
Nellore district																		
The Nilgiris																		
North Arcot district																		
Pondicherry port																		
Salem district																		
Salem town																		
South Arcot district																		
South Kanara district																		
Mangalore port																		
Tanjore district																		
Kumbakonam town																		
Negapatam town																		
Chemnad, duty paid																		
Tuticorin port																		
Trichinopoly district																		
Tondiarpet port																		
Vizagapatam port																		
Vizagapatam district																		
Bandar (Ship																		
Total							1		30	10	31	10	1	1	30	29	31	30

Madras, 7th July 1919.

M. J. QUIRKE, Major, I.M.S.,
Acting Surg. Commr. for the Govt. of Madras.

JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

PROCLAMATION.

Madras to wit.

By virtue of a Precept to me directed by His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras I hereby proclaim and give notice that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery in and for Fort St. George the Town of Madras and the local Limits thereof and the places and factories subordinate thereto will be holden at the Court House of the Court at Madras aforesaid on Monday the fourth day of August ensuing the date hereof at ten forty-five o'clock in the forenoon for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed within Fort St. George or the Town of Madras at the local limits thereof and places and factories subordinate thereto and dependent thereon.

And also that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby require and enjoin all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions or in anywise concerned therein to attend at the time and place above mentioned and not to depart without leave.

Madras, 12th June 1919.

W. A. BEARDSELL,
Sheriff.

NOTICE.

A will bearing date 28th April 1919 and purporting to have been executed by one Valliammal, lately residing at No. 10, Chinnathambi Naiken street, Vyasarpady, Madras, has been presented for registration in this office after the death of the testator by one Nagaratna Naidu, the claimant under the said will.

It has been decided to hold an inquiry into the genuineness of the said will under clause (2), section 41 of the Indian Registration Act XVI of 1908, at 11 a.m., on Thursday the 17th July 1919.

All persons who may wish to contest its genuineness or otherwise are hereby required to appear before the undersigned and to state their objections if any on that date. Any objections beyond that date shall not be attended to.

Sub-Registrar's Office, West Madras,
2nd July 1919.

A. N. VAIDYANATHA AYYAR,
Sub-Registrar.

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 3 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Chidambaram.

Notice is hereby given, under section 16 (7) of Act III of 1907, that Veera Pillai, son of Kandasami Pillai, residing in Kamalaswarankoil street, Chidambaram, has been adjudged an insolvent by an order of this court, dated 17th June 1919, and that his creditors should prove their claims before 17th July 1919 and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, South Arcot, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 5 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Chidambaram.

Muthukumara Pillai, son of Vaithilingam Pillai, residing in Amba puram, Chidambaram taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Ratnasabapathi Pillai and three others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907, that the petitioner above named has applied to this court for being adjudged an insolvent and that his petition is posted to 8th August 1919 for hearing.

T. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
District Munsif.

Chidambaram, 23th June 1919.

No. 12 of 1919 in the Court of the District Judge, Cuddapah.

Marukati Chenna Reddi and others .. .. .. *Petitioners (Creditors).*
Akula Seshayya, son of Akula Subbakka, Venpatki, Pulivendla taluk *Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given, under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907, that the petition put in by the abovenamed petitioner to declare the respondent an insolvent is posted to the 13th August 1919.

(By order)

V. V. S. AVADHANI,
Serishtadar.

Cuddapah, 4th July 1919.

No. 1 of 1918 in the Court of the District Munsif, Kavali.

Byna Narasimha, son of Kannayya, Devangula caste and weaver at Sutchireddipalem, Kovur taluk .. .. *Insolvent (petitioner).*
Vangalla Ramalakshmamma .. .. *Sixth creditor.*

Under section 42 (3) of Act III of 1907, it is hereby notified that the order of adjudication passed in insolvency petition No. 1 of 1918, on the file of this Court against insolvent petitioner is annulled.

C. V. SAMPATH AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Kavali District Munsif's Court,
1st July 1919.

No. 2 of 1919 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif of Palghat.

Santhu Ebrayan Rawuttan's son Muhammad Kasim Rawuttan of Kodunvayur amsom, Pothanugazamin, Palghat taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
Vellayammar Rawuttan's wife Kadeeramma and sixteen others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (7) of Act III of 1907 that the debtor abovenamed has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this court, dated 23rd June 1919, on the application of the abovenamed debtor, and that the petition is transferred to the Official Receiver of South Malabar for further proceedings according to law and that the creditors of the abovenamed debtor should prove their debts before the said Official Receiver, within the time to be fixed by that Officer either by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter an affidavit in form No. 3 of the appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 7 of 1919 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Palghat.

Faruka Pilla Rauthan's son Pakkir Muhammad Rauthan of Putharpalli Theruvu in Yakkara amsam and desam, Palghat .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
R. Venga Patter and two others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 16 (7) of Act III of 1907, that the debtor abovenamed has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court dated 17th June 1919, on the application of the abovenamed debtor, and that the petition is transferred to the Official Receiver of South Malabar for further proceedings according to law, and that the creditors of the abovenamed debtor should prove their debts before the said Official Receiver within the time to be fixed by that officer either by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter an affidavit in form No. 3 of the appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 11 of 1919 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Palghat.

Muhammad Abubekir Rawuttan .. .. *Petitioner.*
Ebrahim Rawuttan and two others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 12, clause (2), of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied for being declared an insolvent and that the said application is posted for hearing to the 24th July 1919 and that any creditor wishing to oppose the application must appear and do the needful either in person or by a duly authorized pleader on the said date.

No. 13 of 1919 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Palghat.

Chuvath Sankaran Nayar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Nurmuhammad Haratan and ten others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 12, clause (2), of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied for being declared an insolvent and that the said application is posted for hearing to the 4th August 1919 and that any creditor wishing to oppose the application must appear and do the needful either in person or by a duly authorised pleader on the said date.

Principal District Munsif's Court, Palghat, 28th June 1919. K. R. KRISHNASWAMI AYYANGAR, *Principal District Munsif.*

No. 1 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Parvatipuram.

Soggu Satyanarayana .. .. *Petitioner.*
Bellana Sodayya and seven others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice under clause (2), section 12 of Act III of 1907, is hereby given that Soggu Satyanarayana, son of Appalanarasimhulu, twenty seven years, Gavarakomati, trader of Bhimavaram Agraharam, in Bobbili taluk, has applied to this Court, to be declared an insolvent and his application is posted to the 23rd day of July 1919 for hearing. All creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Parvatipuram, 1st July 1919. K. L. VENKATA RAO, *District Munsif.*

No. 4 of 1911 in the Court of the District Munsif of Penukonda.

Ponnaswami Padda Venkatappa residing at Yerraguntu, Anantapur Taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Jayanti Kesanna and three others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 39 (4) of Act III of 1907, is hereby given that a final dividend is intended to be declared in the above matter and that if the creditors do not establish their claims to the satisfaction of this court on or before 26th July 1919, their claims will be expunged and the dividend proceeded with without regard to such claims.

No. 4 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif of Penukonda.

Maradoga Balappa, son of Kondanna Kamati, trader, residing at Dharmavaram .. .. *Petitioner.*
Amboti Venkataramanappa and seventeen others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this court for being adjudged an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 5th August 1919.

Penukonda, 3rd July 1919. O. KUMARACHARAVARTI AYYANGAR, *District Munsif.*

No. 3 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Wellutanad.

Pallyalil Kunhavathala and another .. .. *Petitioners.*
Pallyalil Ayamad and seven others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioners have applied to this Court for being declared insolvents and that their petition stands posted to 15th August 1919. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by vakil on the said date in this Court.

Wellutanad, 5th July 1919. E. VENKATACHALAM AYYAR, *District Munsif.*

No. 54 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Cholapati Gurunadhan of Konkepudi .. .. *Petitioner.*
Doredla Venkanna, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 28th March 1919 and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 90 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Virapaneni Pakir of Machilipatnam .. .. *Petitioner.*
Mandada Hanumayya, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 24th March 1919 and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 112 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Nimmagadda Parasuramda Sastri of Komaravole .. .. *Petitioner.*
Gajjala Nagarattamma, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 24th March 1918 and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 128 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Narina Veerawami of Pamarru .. .. *Petitioner.*
Karamuri Gangi Reddi, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 31st March 1918 and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 135 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Penumatsa Chinna Venkatarazu and Penumatsa Venkatarazu of Kowvada. *Petitioners.*
Gadiraju Chinna Krishnamraju, etc. .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioners were adjudged insolvents by this court on the 14th March 1918 and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 139 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Ghanta Ramaswami and Ghanta Tatayya of Kattavapada .. .. *Petitioners.*
Bhogavalli Narsamma .. .. *Creditor.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioners were adjudged insolvents by this court on the 18th February 1918 and the creditor is required to prove his debt as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 143 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Cherukuri Kattayya of Kesavapalli .. .. *Petitioner.*
Kunala Ramayya .. .. *Creditor.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 4th March 1918 and the creditor is required to prove his debt as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 150 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Maddi Kautayya and Kaccherla Venkataratnam of Bandar .. *Petitioners*
Ghantasala Ramamurti .. .. *Creditor.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioners were adjudged insolvents by this court on the 28th April 1918 and the creditor is required to prove his debt as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 168 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Kotapalli Peda Kotayya of Enugala, Nandigama taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Yarramalla Ramayya, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 5th March 1918 and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 173 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Gudivada Atchayya of Masulipatam .. .. *Petitioner.*
Samayamantri Venkataratnam, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 4th March 1918 and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 187 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

(1) Divi Subbayya, (2) Divi Nagabhushanam, (3) Ramakotayya and
(4) Mallikharjanudu .. .. *Petitioners.*
Mavuluri Easwaramma, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioners were adjudged insolvents by this court on the 4th February 1918 and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 189 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Akula Narasimham and Akula Manikyam of Bhimavaram .. .. *Petitioners.*
Polisetty Lakshmanaswami, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioners were adjudged insolvents by this court on the 11th February 1919 and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 101 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Nanduri Srinivasa Rao and Nanduri Lakshminarayana of Gudivada .. *Petitioners*
Wala Venkatratnam .. .. *Creditor.*

Notice is hereby given under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907 that the abovenamed petitioners were adjudged insolvents by this court on the 13th February 1919 and the creditor is required to prove his debt as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 207 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Pilli Reyulu of Pedo Amiram .. .. *Petitioner*
Indukuri Satyanarayana Raju .. .. *Creditor.*

Notice is hereby given under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907 that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 27th March 1919, and the creditor is required to prove his debt as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 20 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Turlapati Ramakrishnayya of Pamarru .. .. *Petitioner.*
Kommareddi Ramireddi .. .. *Creditor.*

Notice is hereby given under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907 that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 25th March 1919 and the creditor is required to prove his debt as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 34 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Kopparti Subbayya Kopparti Narayya and Kopparti Jaggayya of Gudlavalleru .. .. *Petitioners.*
Kolli Venkata Krishnayya .. .. *Creditor.*

Notice is hereby given under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907 that the abovenamed petitioners were adjudged insolvents by this court on the 4th April 1919 and the creditor is required to prove his debt as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 36 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Kewal Sitaramdas of Kesbr .. .. *Petitioner.*
Jasti Chalamayya, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 26th April 1919 and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 44 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Chennupragada Surayya of Bandar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Donepudi Kantamma, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 28th April 1919, and the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 43 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kistna.

Katragadda Subbayya of Zami Gollapalli .. .. *Petitioner.*
Konidumalla Peramallu, etc. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 7 of section 16 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this court on the 26th April 1919 and creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

BH. SHIBAMULU,
Official Receiver.

Masulipatam, 1st July 1919.

No. 79 of 1918 (No. 18 of 1918 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Vellore), in the Court of the Official Receiver of North Arcot.

Vadivalu Mudali, son of Gangathara Mudali, Sundaresvaraswami Koil street, Vellore .. .. *Insolvent (Petitioner)*

Under section 16 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this Court on 27th March 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 87 of 1918 (No. 19 of 1918 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Tiruvannamalai), in the Court of the Official Receiver of North Arcot.

Krishnappa Chetti, son of N. Gurnayya Chetti, Nacalyur, Tiruvannamalai taluk .. .. *Insolvent (Petitioner)*;

Under section 16 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this court on 20th March 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 97 of 1918 (No. 7 of 1918 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Arni), in the Court of the Official Receiver of North Arcot.

Pasha Sahibahma Abdul Kadar Sahib, son of Muhammad Ghous Sahib, Palayapet, Polur taluk .. .. *Insolvent (Petitioner)*.

Under section 16 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this Court on 8th March 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 99 of 1918 (No. 11 of 1918 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Arni), in the Court of the Official Receiver of North Arcot.

Abdul Rahim Sahib, son of S. Hussain Sahib, Tirumalesamudram, Arni. *Insolvent (Petitioner)*.

Under section 16 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this Court on 27th February 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 101 of 1918 (No. 1 of 1919 on the file of the Sub-Court, North Arcot) in the Court of the Official Receiver of North Arcot.

A. Subramania Nayudu, son of Chinna Venkatrama Nayudu, Nandna, Narayanavanam taluk .. .. *Insolvent (Petitioner)*.

Under section 16 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by the court on 15th April 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 102 of 1919 (No. 22 of 1918 on the file of the District Munsif, Tiruvannamalai) in the Court of the Official Receiver of North Arcot.

(1) Venkatrama Ayyar, (2) Sammatha Ayyar, sons of Ruthalambadi Srinivasa Ayyar, Tiruvannamalai .. .. *Insolvents (Petitioners)*.

Under section 16 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this court on 15th April 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 103 of 1919 (No. 8 of 1919 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Tirupati) in the Court of the Official Receiver of North Arcot.

Mulapalli Ramayya Chetti, son of Ramayya Chetti, Sahadurpet, Kalahasti .. .. *Insolvent (Petitioner)*.

Under section 16 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this court on 17th February 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 1 of 1919 (No. 12 of 1918 on the file of the District Munsif, Arni)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER OF NORTH ARCOT.

C. Parsanatha Nayanar, son of Aathmatha Nayanar, Piruthur, Wandiwash taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*

Under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this court on 16th April 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivery or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me by an affidavit in form No. 9 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 4 of 1919 (No. 12 of 1919 on the file of the District Court, North Arcot)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER OF NORTH ARCOT.

V. A. Ranganatha Mudali, V. A. Vajravelu Mudali, and V. S. Krishnaswami Mudali, sons of Ayyaswami Mudali, Saidapet, Vellore .. *Petitioners (Insolvents).*

Under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907 it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this Court on 8th April 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivery or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me by an affidavit in form No. 9 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 2 1919 (No. 1 of 1919 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Tiruvannamalai)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER OF NORTH ARCOT.

Ramu Naicken, son of A. Ramaswami Nayaken, Sankalathur, Tiruvannamalai taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*

Under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907 it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this court on 28th March 1919, and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivery or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me by an affidavit in form No. 9 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 11 of 1919 (No. 1 of 1919 on the file of the District Court, North Arcot)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER OF NORTH ARCOT.

Ramachandra Pillai, son of Namasivaya Pillai, Tiruvannamalai .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*

Under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this court on 29th April 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivery or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me by an affidavit in form No. 9 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 10 of 1919 (No. 2 of 1919 on the file of the District Court of North Arcot.)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER OF NORTH ARCOT.

S. M. Abdul Jalil Sahib, son of Muhammad Ayyub Sahib, Chinnambakara Street, Vellore .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent.)*

Under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this court on 31st March 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivery or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me by an affidavit in form No. 9 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 28 of 1919 (No. 3 of 1918 on the file of the District Munsif, Ranipet.)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, NORTH ARCOT.

Murthi Kappa Chetti, son of Aiyasami Chetti, Pallur, Arkonam taluk. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*

Under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this Court on 9th May 1919 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible. Claims may be proved by delivery or sending by post in a prepaid registered letter to me by an affidavit in form No. 9 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

G. SRINIVASACHARIAR,
Official Receiver.

Chittoor, 3rd July 1919.

No. 61 of 1912 (No. 6 of 1912 on the file of the District Court, Tanjore)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, TANJORE.

Kulandaivelu Pillai, son of Duraiswami Pillai, South street, Kasba Shiyali .. .. *Petitioner.*

Natarajа Pillai and others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 32 (4) of Act III of 1907, that such of the creditors of the above-named insolvent who have not proved their claims should do so on or before 22nd July 1919, failing which a final dividend will be distributed without regard to their claims.

C. S. RAMACHANDRA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

Tanjore, 28th June 1919.

II-4

FINANCIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE BANK OF MADRAS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 9TH JULY 1919.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	A.	P.	ASSETS.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	75,00,000	0	0	Government securities	3,19,12,041	14	3
Reserve Fund	53,00,000	0	0	Other authorised Investments ..	4,01,348	2	0
Public Deposits at Head Office .. Rs. 1,01,75,162 14 2				Loans on Government and other authorised securities	3,38 82,699	0	11
Public Deposits at Branches 45,23,673 13 3	1,47,11,836	11	5	Amounts of credit on Government and other authorised securities ..	1,78,21 462	3	8
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	12,92,78,461	4	7	Bills discounted and purchased ..	1,12,20 888	8	3
Bank Post Bills, etc.	82,811	9	8	Balances with other Banks	30,91,318	13	5
Sundries	22,07,141	8	2	Dead Stock	11,152	7	11
				Bullion	18,08,076	3	2
				Stamps	21,300	15	5
				Sundries	2,56,691	2	3
					10,81,80,849	3	8
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office and Branches *	3,76 89,561	3	8
Total ..	14,55,80,410	15	5	Total ..	14,55,80,410	15	5

* Includes 31 Sovereigns = Rs. 1,315.

(By order of the Directors)

B. H. E. RICHARDSON,
Chief Accountant.

N. M. MURRAY,
Acting Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans, 6 per cent.

Percentage of Cash to Liabilities payable on demand, 51·63.

Bank of Madras, Madras, 7th July 1919.

STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE BANK OF MADRAS FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING 30TH JUNE 1919.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	A.	P.	ASSETS.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	75,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	1,78,43,927	12	3
Reserve Fund	53,00,000	0	0	Other authorised Investments ..	4,00,675	2	0
Public Deposits at Head Office .. Rs. 88,91,721 14 11				Loans on Government and other authorised Securities	5,07,43,180	0	2
Public Deposits at Branches .. Rs. 53,49,674 15 3	1,42,41,445	10	2	Amounts of credit on Government and other authorised Securities ..	5,75,37,888	3	3
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	11,54,09,726	11	1	Bills discounted and purchased ..	1,00,58,580	12	5
Bank Post Bills, etc.	15,185	13	5	Balances with other Banks	26,97,856	2	2
Sundries	23,08,420	2	3		12,815	5	10
				Bullion	18,08,218	4	3
				Dead Stock	21,452	13	5
				Stamps	1,88,198	5	7
				Sundries	10,21,01,510	9	3
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office and Branches *	4,26,69,351	13	1
Total ..	14,47,12,845	8	3	Total ..	14,47,12,845	8	3

* Includes 31 Sovereigns = Rs. 1,315.

(By order of the Directors)

B. H. E. RICHARDSON,
Chief Accountant.

N. M. MURRAY,
Acting Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans, 6 per cent.

Percentage of Cash to Liabilities payable on demand, 57·86.

Bank of Madras, Madras, 4th July 1919.

MARINE NOTIFICATIONS.

REPORT OF VESSELS arrived at and departed from the PORT OF MADRAS from the 22nd to the 28th June 1919.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Arrived or sailed.	Vessel's name.	Tons.	Nation.	Commander.	Where from.	Whither bound.	Berth occupied.
1919								
June 22 ..	Arrived.	S.S. "Chakrata" ..	2,802	B	A. R. W. Lundquist.	Rangoon.	..	No. 3
" 22 ..	Do.	S.S. "Sutlej" ..	2,720	B	L. P. Robson ..	Calcutta.	..	Nos. 6 and 4 and south quay.
" 21 ..	Do.	S.S. "City of Canton" ..	4,471	B	J. Leary ..	New York.	..	No. 2.
" 23 ..	Do.	S.S. "Hayo Maru".	1,784	J	Y. Nakano ..	Pondicherry.	..	South quay
" 26 ..	Do.	S.S. "Sealda" ..	2,731	B	G. W. Sinclair.	Rangoon.	..	No. 6.
" 26 ..	Do.	S.S. "Clan Robertson" ..	3,104	B	G. A. Neill ..	Chittagong.	..	West quay No. 3.
" 26	Do.	S.S. "Akron" ..	3,266	A	A. L. Geisler ..	New York.	..	Nos. 1 and 2.
" 27 ..	Do.	S.S. "Blackwell" ..	2,844	B	J. P. Rowe ..	Middlesbrough.	..	No. 4.
" 27 ...	Do.	S.S. "Clan Stuart" ..	3,450	B	A. Williamson.	Colombo.	..	West quay No. 1.
" 28 ..	Do.	S.S. "Fultala" ..	2,709	B	H. Fenton ..	Singapore.	..	South quay and No. 7.

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Arrived or sailed.	Vessel's name	Tons.	Nation.	Commander.	Where from.	Whither bound.	Berth occupied.
1919								
June 21 ..	Sailed ..	S.S. "Virawa" ..	2,176	B	C. H. Ruxley ..	..	Rangoon.	No. 3.
" 21 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Kualdar" ..	3,091	B	G. P. Robb ..	..	Java ..	No. 6.
" 21 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Salimba" ..	1,667	B	A. Poole ..	..	Rangoon	No. 8.
" 23 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Hayomaru".	1,784	J	Y. Nakano ..	..	Marseilles.	South quay.
" 26 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Salsal" ..	2,272	B	A. Sprenger ..	..	Colombo.	No. 5 and quay and No. 7.
" 27 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "City of Canton".	4,471	B	J. Leary ..	..	Calcutta.	No. 2.
" 27 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Clan Robertson".	3,104	B	G. A. Neill ..	..	Dunkirk.	West quay No. 3.
" 23 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Blackwell" ..	2,844	B	J. P. Rowe ..	..	Calcutta.	No. 3.
" 28 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Akron" ..	3,266	A	A. L. Geisler ..	..	Do.	Nos. 1 and 2.

B = British. J = Japanese. R = Russian. A = American.

1st July 1919.

REPORT OF VESSELS arrived at and departed from the PORT OF MADRAS from the 29th June to the 5th July 1919.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Arrived or sailed.	Vessel's name.	Tons.	Nation.	Commander.	Where from.	Whither bound.	Berth occupied.
1919.								
June 19 ..	Arrived.	S.S. "Clan Matheson".	4464	B	L. F. Rafford ..	Glasgow.	..	Fairway.
" 29 ..	Do.	S.S. "City of Baroda"	4138	B	B. H. Reddy ..	Calcutta.	..	West quay No. 3
" 29 ..	Do.	S.S. "Kaedusang" ..	887	H	C. S. Tasmuck ..	Rangoon	..	No. 6.
" 29 ..	Do.	S.S. "Salsal" ..	1135	D	H. Vaithina ..	Singapore	..	Nos. 11 and 9.
July 2 ..	Do.	S.S. "Tara" ..	3664	H	P. L. Bisley ..	Do.	..	South quay and No. 1.
" 2 ..	Do.	S.S. "Bahadur" ..	2928	B	C. J. Ellis ..	Calcutta.	..	No. 3.
" 3 ..	Do.	S.S. "Clan Ogilvy".	3716	H	W. M. Porter-Reid	Barry ..	..	No. 6.
" 3 ..	Do.	S.S. "Loodiana" ..	2452	I	S. Do. Rai ..	Calcutta.	..	No. 9.
" 4 ..	Do.	S.S. "War Leopard".	3142	B	J. Hickaller ..	Do.	..	No. 3
" 5 ..	Do.	S.S. "Fultala" ..	2709	B	H. Fenton ..	Negapatam.	..	South quay and No. 9
" 3 ..	Do.	S.S. "Medway" ..	1991	B	R. K. Millar ..	Singapore.	..	No. 5.
" 3 ..	Do.	S.S. "Nore" ..	4184	B	C. G. Smith ..	London.	..	No. 9.

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Arrived or sailed.	Vessel's name.	Tons.	Nation.	Commander.	Whence from.	Whither bound.	Berth occupied.
1919.								
June 29 ..	Sailed ..	S.S. "Ceylon" ..	2111	D	T. T. De. Boer.	..	Sourabaya (Java).	South quay and No. 9
„ 30 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Bally" ..	2179	B	L. P. Isaacs ..	..	Rangoon	Nos. 6 and 8 and South quay.
July 1 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Chakrata" ..	2502	B	A. R. W. Hancock.	..	Calcutta.	No. 5.
„ 2 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Khedeung" ..	357	B	C. S. Fenwick ..	..	Rangoon.	No. 1.
„ 2 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Patiala" ..	2108	B	D. Patton ..	..	Singapore	South quay No 7 and East quay.
„ 3 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Sahabadi" ..	1926	D	H. Veltkamp ..	..	Do.	Nos. 11 and 9.
„ 4 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Tara" ..	2631	B	P. L. Healey ..	..	Do.	South quay and No. 1.
„ 4a ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Clan Ogilvy".	3716	B	W. M. Fotheringhill.	..	Calcutta	No 3
„ 5 ..	Do ..	S.S. "City of Barcelona"	4281	B	H. H. Haddy ..	..	London ..	West quay No. 3.
„ 8 ..	Do. ..	S.S. "Lucadore" ..	2552	I	S. De. Rei ..	..	Venice and Calcutta	No. 2.

E = British. D = Dutch I = Italian.

Harbour Office Madras,
7th July 1919.

H. GARLAND,
Acting Deputy Conservator of the Port.

MILITARY NOTIFICATIONS.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a deserter or absentee without leave from the Second Battalion Norfolk Regiment, dated at Bangalore, this 29th day of June 1919.

Number, rank and name, 32839, Private, George Thompson; age, 37 years; height, 5 feet 6 inches; colour of complexion, florid; hair, brown, turning grey; eyes, grey; trade, motor engineer; date of enlistment, 10th July 1917; place of enlistment, Poona; parish and county in which born, not known, beam believed to be in Poona; date of desertion or absence, 5th May 1919; place of desertion or absence, Bangalore.

C. F. W. DIMOND, Lieut.-Col.,
Commanding No. 1 Combined British Infantry Depot.

Report of a deserter or absentee without leave from No. 24 Special Battalion, dated at Bangalore, the 8th July 1919.

Number, rank and name, 554144, Sapper E. E. Bullet, R.E. (I.W.T.); date of absence, 29th June 1919; height, about 5 feet 8½ inches; clean shaven; very dark skin (easily be taken for a native); kinky hair; age, 30 years; speaks French, English and a little Tamil; trade, seaman; tattoo marks, on right arm, tiger; on left arm, a woman standing on a globe.

A. P. BOSWALL, Lieut. and Adjutant,
for *Officer Commanding* Bn. 24 *Special Battalion.*

PUBLIC WORKS NOTIFICATIONS.

UNCLAIMED SUMS.

Notice is hereby given that a sum of Rs. 8-3-0 being the value of work done by T. Vijayaraghavalu Chetti, contractor, Public Works Department, has been outstanding in the accounts of this division for the last three years and that it will be credited to Government, if not claimed within a month from the date of this notification.

Madras, 23rd June 1919.

DAVAM Y. KOIL PILLAI,
Officiating Executive Engineer,
North Presidency Division.

Notice is hereby given that an amount of Rs. 2-4-8 towards the salary and allowances for September and October 1918 of K. Ramachandra Rao, late clerk of this division, is outstanding in this office.

The amount will be credited to Government if not claimed within three months.

Dowlaishweram, 24th June 1919.

F. M. WAINWRIGHT,
Executive Engineer, Godavari Northern Division.

Notice is hereby given that the amounts due to the following piece-workers of Siddapet tank project, Kurnool division, will be credited to Provincial revenue if not claimed by their legal heirs within three months from the date of this notification. Application for payment of the amounts should be made to the undersigned:—

(1) Subbigadu Chanagadu, Re. 1.
(2) Venkata Peddagadu, Re. 2.

Kurnool, 21st June 1919.

A. S. LAURIE,
Executive Engineer, Kurnool Division.

Statement of arrears of wages due to coolies on Tellicherry-Coorg Road lying unclaimed for over three months.

Period of roll.	C.D. Vr. No.	Item No.	Name.	Father's name.	Amount. Rs. A. P.
Annual repairs to four Sections of Tellicherry-Coorg Road.					
Section I.					
1918.					
1st to 31st May ..	27-A 6/18	1	V. Govindan	Kallan	1 8 0
1st to 15th June ..	24-A 7/18	8	Do.	Do.	2 10 8
1st to 15th August ..	K A 9/18	29	Quitan Zanti Raman ..	Cashi Kutty	1 8 9
					5 10 5
Section II.					
16th to 30th June ..	31-A 7/18	1	C. Shankaran	Seppe	1 15 3
1st to 15th July ..	26-A 8/18	3	Do.	Do.	1 1 9
....	.. 8/18	5	C. Kotian	Poken	0 15 3
16th to 31st July ..	30-A 8/18	3	C. Shankaran	Amboo	0 8 3
....	..	3	N. Kunhy	Pather	1 3 6
....	..	4	C. Kotian	Poken	0 15 0
					6 9 3
Section III.					
1st to 31st May ..	23-A 5/18	21	K. Kunhappa	Raman	1 2 0
1st to 31st August ..	18-A 9/18	7	Shankaran	Poken	0 12 6
1st to 15th September.	28-A 10/18	8	V. Amut	Mamad	0 8 0
1st to 15th November.	28-A 12/18	6	K. P. Kittan	Appoo	0 4 0
1st to 31st December.	23-A 1/19	8	P. Raman	Raman	1 8 0
					4 2 6
Section IV.					
1st to 31st May ..	30-A 6/18	13	A. Pather	Mamat	0 10 6
1st to 15th June ..	37-A 7/18	6	K. Kannan	Kunhamboo	1 16 6
....	..	12	A. Pather	Mamad	0 8 3
....	..	7	A. Kunhi	Kunhi Raman	0 6 6
....	..	10	A. Kittan	Kanaran	1 3 3
....	..	15	C. V. Kannan	Ambikutty	1 3 9
....	..	5	C. K. Kittan	Kannan	2 11 6
....	..	2	A. K. Chathoo	Kunhamboo	0 15 6
16th to 30th June ..	38-A 7/18	9	P. K. Appoo	Amboo	1 15 6
....	..	3	C. Kunhikannan	Shankaran	3 13 0
1st to 31st December.	34-A 1/19	6	U. Kandan	Kunhikutti	2 10 6
					13 11 3
Special repairs to II Section of Tellicherry-Coorg Road.					
16th to 30th June ..	32-A 7/18	6	E. P. Mammu	Bichutty	1 5 0
1st to 31st August ..	19-A 8/18	6	P. Kunhi Raman	Thalan	4 1 0
....	..	4	Do.	Do.	0 2 0
1st to 15th September.	24-A 9/18	5	Do.	Do.	0 10 0
....	..	4	M. Kunhayya	Chathukutty	0 6 0
					6 4 0

Calicut, 18th June 1919.

C. PEDDER,
Executive Engineer, West Coast Division.

H-5

NOTIFICATION.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

GENERAL SPECIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL WORKS IN GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS.

MODEL FORM, VIII.

Subject to the General and Special Conditions of Contract in force (separately printed, to be sold as one work).

A.—GENERAL.

1. *Wiring rules of the I.E.E.*—The installation generally shall be carried out in conformity with the latest edition of the Wiring Rules of the Institution of Electrical Engineers (London), hereinafter referred to as the "I.E.E. Wiring Rules" but, where this Specification or the attached Special Conditions of Contract differ from these rules, the Specification and Special Conditions shall be followed.

2. *Definitions and conventional symbols.*—The definitions of terms in the I.E.E. Wiring Rules, Seventh Edition, Nos. 4 to 22 (reprinted in Annexure I) shall apply except No 12. A "point" shall consist of the branch wiring from the branch distribution board, together with a switch if required so far as and including the ceiling rose or wall plug, etc. The attached list of conventional signs and symbols shall be used in all drawings, wiring plans, etc. (Annexure II).

3. *Pressure and frequency of supply.*—All current consuming devices shall be suitable for the pressure and frequency of supply stated in the Special Conditions of Contract

4. *System of Wiring.*—(1) The wiring shall be carried out on such system as may be specified in the Special Conditions of Contract, and, unless otherwise specified in the Special Conditions of Contract, "power" wiring will be kept separate and distinct from lighting wiring. The wiring must be done on the distributing system, with main and branch distribution boards at convenient centres and without isolated fuses. All conductors shall be run as far as possible along the walls and ceiling, so as to be easily accessible and capable of being thoroughly inspected. The balancing of circuits in 3-wire or 5-phase installations shall be arranged beforehand by the Engineer. Circuits on opposite sides of a 3 wire system or on different phases of a 3-phase system should be kept as far as possible apart, where bringing them into the same room is unavoidable.

(2) Within one month of the taking over of the installation the Contractor shall supply to the Engineer a complete set of wiring diagrams of the same, on drawings to be supplied, when available by the Engineer, and to the satisfaction of the Engineer, and these wiring plans shall be deemed to be "drawings" within the meaning of the term as used in the General Conditions of Contract. (*See Special Conditions of Contract.*)

5. *Conductors.*—All conductors to be of copper in accordance with the resolutions of the Engineering Standards Committee as set forth in the I.E.E. Wiring Rules, 7th Edition, No. 57; *vide* Annexure I. Except as provided in clause 18, no insulated conductor shall have a cross-section less than that of one No 18 S. W. G. and every such conductor of greater cross-section shall be stranded *

6. *Cables.*—(1) All cables, other than flexible cables, unless the contrary is expressly stated in the Special Conditions of Contract, shall be "Association cables" of the British Cable Makers' Association and each coil must be accompanied by the maker's test certificate to that effect, stating the "class" and giving the results of insulation tests. The dielectric to be vulcanized rubber of 250 volt I.E.E. grade (I.E.E. Wiring Rule 10 in Annexure I) unless otherwise specified in the Special Conditions of Contract

(2) Twin flexible cables shall comply with the I.E.E. Wiring Rules (7th Edition), Nos. 53 to 56; *vide* Annexure I.

(3) All taped cables shall have the maker's name or other means of identification, printed on the tape.

7. *Fall of potential.*—The cross-sectional area of all conductors inside buildings shall be so proportioned to their length that the drop in pressure between the main fuses and the furthest or any lamp shall not exceed 2 per cent. with all the consuming devices in use.

8. *Rating of lamps and fans.*—In estimating the current to be carried by any conductors, glow lamps are to be rated as of 4 and 1·25 watts per candle-power for carbon and metallic filament lamps respectively where the conditions are known, and otherwise at 20 watts, except in the case of gas filled lamps. Ceiling fans are to be rated at 140 watts; table fans at 80 watts; unless actual values are known and specified.

9. *Tests.*—The installation with fittings complete shall, before current is switched on, satisfactorily pass the following test:—

The whole of the lamps and appliances having been connected to the conductors, and all switches and fuses being "on," a pressure not less than twice the intended working pressure (subject to a limit of 500 volts) shall be applied and the insulation resistance of the whole or any part of the installation to earth must not be less in megohms than 25 divided by the number of points as defined above. With all lamps and appliances removed from the circuits a similar test between poles may be demanded Provided that during the rainy season, or in new buildings at any season, half the above test value will be accepted. Where any apparatus referred to is a motor larger than one-half B. H. P., the insulation resistance of that particular circuit must be greater than 1 megohm.

10. *Joints and looping back.*—Unless with the sanction of the Engineer all joints in conductors shall be made by means of approved mechanical connectors in suitable and approved joint boxes; but "looping back" is preferable.

11. *Switches.*—(1) All main switches (other than those of ironclad pattern) carrying over 10 amperes shall be fitted for back connections.

(2) All switches and circuit breakers shall be constructed in accordance with I. E. R. Wiring Rules (7th Edition), No 28 (*vide* Annexure I); provided also that springs shall be either of phosphor bronze or, if of steel, shall be copper or nickel-plated; and that handles shall be so fastened that they do not tend to unscrew and become loose. (*See also clause* 18.)

* During War conditions the provision as to stranded conductors will be relaxed where necessary.

12. *Control at point of entry of supply.*—There shall be one main switch and one main fuse on each pole of each main circuit (other than the neutral conductor of a 3-wire circuit) at the point of entry of the supply. The switches must be locked unless otherwise specified in the Special Conditions of Contract.

13. *Distribution boards.*—(1) Main distribution boards shall be of marble or slate, or iron skeleton frames for enclosed switchgear, and shall be provided with a switch and fuse on each pole of each circuit.

(2) Branch distribution boards shall be provided with one fuse on each pole of each circuit. One spare circuit of the same carrying capacity shall be provided on each branch distribution board. No final sub-circuit radiating from a branch board shall carry more than 4 fans. Incandescent lighting sub-circuits shall comply with the limits specified in I.E.E. Wiring Rule (7th Edition), No. 32; *vide* Annexure I.

(3) Switches and fuses of opposite polarity shall be mounted on separate bases and the holes for the fixing bolts of the bases shall be bushed.

(4) In wiring a branch distribution board the total number of lamps shall be divided as far as possible evenly between the number ways of the board. The spare circuit shall be left for future extensions.

(5) In the construction and fixing of main and branch distribution boards the following requirements shall be fulfilled :—

(*a*) A bracket carrying an 8 candle-power lamp shall be fixed over each main board and connected through an independent single pole switch and fuse to the bus bars of the board controlling the lighting circuit. If required by the Special Conditions of Contract a pilot lamp shall be similarly fixed over each branch board.

(*b*) All fuses shall be of approved type.

(*c*) Connections shall be arranged as far as possible to form their own diagram.

(*d*) Connections of all circuits carrying more than 10 amperes shall be made by means of cable sockets.

(*e*) Fuses shall be of approved material and each circuit shall be clearly numbered from left to right in conspicuous figures, to correspond with the wiring plans.

(*f*) Two spare fuse carriers per main and branch board shall be supplied for replacements.

(*g*) All boards (other than those of "ironclad" pattern) shall have strongly made, well finished and approved teak cases with dovetailed corners and shall be painted, varnished or polished as directed by the Engineer, and shall be marked with conspicuous letters on labels, to correspond with the wiring plans [*clause* 4 (2)].

(*h*) Except in the case of "ironclad" boards, cases shall have hinged or sliding plate-glass doors with glass not less than $\frac{1}{4}$th inch in thickness, and the doors must be capable of being shut when any switch is either "on" or "off."

(*i*) Where so required by the Special Conditions of Contract the attachment of cases of branch and small main distribution boards to walls shall be so arranged as to enable the board to be swung from the wall, to allow examination of the back of the panels. Ample room shall be provided behind the board for the neat arrangement of the wires.

(*j*) Cases for use with conduit or cleated wiring shall be provided with suitable inlets and outlets.

14. (1) *Passing through walls.*—Except as laid down in clause 62, where conductors pass through walls one of the following alternative methods shall be used :—

(*a*) A hole of suitable area shall be made in the wall, through which the casing or conductors shall be carried so as to allow of an air space of not less than 1 inch on three sides of the casing or conductors, as the case may be ; or

(*b*) The conductors shall be carried in an approved heavy gauge solid drawn or lapwelded insulated conduit or tube. Where casing wiring is used the ends of the conduit must be neatly entered into the casing and where cleated wiring is used the mouth of each tube shall be bushed with a snapheaded bush. Where the supply is alternating current the conductors of the circuit must be bunched.

(2) Where a wall tube passes outside a building so as to be exposed to the weather, the outer end shall be bell-mouthed and turned downwards.

15. *Plugging walls.*—Plugs for ordinary walls or ceilings shall be of well seasoned teak or other approved hard wood not less than 2 inches long by 1 inch square on the inner end and $\frac{3}{4}$ inch square on the outer end, except for use with metal-sheathed wiring (see clause 55). They shall be mounted into the walls, to within $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of the surface, the remainder being finished according to the nature of the surface used, with plaster or lime pointing ; and to give the cement a hold on the plug, there must be on each of two opposite sides two counterbores not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch diameter × $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep. Unless otherwise similarly specified iron screws may be used for attaching casing to the plugs. Where owing to irregular coursing or other reasons the plugging of the walls or ceiling presents difficulties, the casing, conduit or cleats (as the case may be) shall be attached to the wall or ceiling in a manner approved by the Engineer.

16. *Branch switches (see also clause 11).*—In installations supplied from a 3-wire system all branch switches shall be placed on the "outer." Switches (other than those for multiple-control) controlling not more than 10 amperes shall be of the tumbler type, and the switch shall be "on" when the handle or knob is down. Where the specified position of branch switches is altered, any such alteration of position, after fixing, will be paid for.

17. *Ceiling roses and wall sockets.*—Ceiling roses and wall sockets shall not contain fuse terminals. Wall sockets shall comply with the requirements of the British Engineering Standards Committee.

18. *Fittings.*—Where conductors require to be threaded through tubes or channels formed in the metal work of fittings, these must be free from sharp angles or projecting edges and of such a size as will enable them to be wired with the conductors used for the final sub-circuits without removing the braiding or taping. As far as possible all tubes or channels should be of sufficient size to permit of "looping back." Where, with the approval of the Engineer, "electrolier wire" is used for wiring fittings the sub-current leads must terminate in a ceiling rose or connector, from

which this will be carried into the fittings. Flexible wire must not be used for wiring fittings, except portable fittings. All fittings must have not less than a ½ inch male nipple. Fittings and lamp-holders for gas filled lamps shall be adequately ventilated.

19. *Lamp-holders.*—Lamp-holders for use on brackets, etc., shall have not less than a ½ inch female nipple, and all those for use with flexible pendants shall be provided with cord grips. All lamp holders shall be provided with shade carriers. All cases must be solid and substantial, this cased export type not being admissible. Edison screw holders will not be accepted for lamps below 100 watts.

20. *External and Road lamps.*—External and road lamps shall have weather-proof fittings of approved design so as effectually to prevent the admission of moisture. An insulating distance piece of moisture-proof material must be inserted between the lamp-holder nipple and that of the fitting. Flexible cord conductors and cord-grip lamp-holders must not be used where exposed to the weather. In verandas and similar exposed situations rod pendants shall be used.

21. *Lamps.*—(1) All glow lamps, unless otherwise specified in the Special Conditions of Contract, shall be hung at a height of 8 feet above the floor level. Metal filament lamps shall be made of drawn wire only.

(2) When carbon filament lamps are used, they shall comply with the Engineering Standards Committee's specification for carbon filament glow lamps.

22. *Fans and Regulators.*

(1) (a) All ceiling fans shall be wired to a ceiling rose and suspended from a hook or shackle, and insulated from the same. All joints in the suspension rod shall be screwed and all joints or bolts in connection therewith shall be additionally secured by means of split pins.

(b) The canopy at the top of the suspension rod shall effectually hide the suspension.

(c) The leading in wires shall not be smaller than 3/22 S.W.G. and shall be protected from being cut.

(d) All fans shall be free from sparking, noise, oil throwing and excessive heating.

(2) Unless otherwise stated in the Special Conditions of Contract:—

(a) All fans shall be hung 9 feet above the floor.

(b) All fans shall be capable of running continuously at full speed for one month without additional oiling.

(c) Each fan shall have a separate switch.

(d) Each fan shall have a speed regulator, which shall have a cover and an "off" position, and shall be so designed as to be capable of reducing the normal speed of the fan by not less than 50 per cent with all resistance in circuit. The regulator shall be capable of continuous use of any contact without burning or overheating.

23. *Attachment of fittings and accessories.*—(1) In other than conduit wiring all ceiling roses, wall-sockets, switches, regulators, brackets, pendants and accessories attached to walls or ceilings shall be mounted on substantial teak wood blocks twice varnished after all fixing holes are made in them. Brass screws only are to be used for attaching fittings and accessories to their base blocks.

(2) Unless otherwise specified in the Special Conditions of Contract all attachment blocks shall be spaced from the wall or ceiling by means of moisture-proof distance pieces not less than ½ of an inch thick. The blocks should preferably consist of a hollow base and a cover, to enable the wires to be protected when fittings, etc., are removed during annual repairs.

24. *Interchangeability.*—Similar parts of all switches, lamp-holders, distributing boards, ceiling roses, brackets, pendants, fans and all other fittings of the same type shall be interchangeable.

B.—WOOD CASING WIRING.

25. *Material and pattern of casing.*—All casing shall be of teak or other approved hard wood, free from knots, shakes, sap or other defects and shall have a smooth finish. The casing shall have a grooved body with a simple reeded or plain moulded cover.

26. *Dimension of casing and capping, etc.*—The sizing of casing and capping shall be to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The grooves shall be rounded and in no case shall the width of the fillet between the grooves be less than ¼ inch, or the thickness of the back under the grooves or capping over the grooves be less than ¼ inch. Dimensions of grooves shall be such that the wires will not require any force to put them in place. Where capping is attached to casing by screws at the sides, the thickness of the outer wall of the casing shall not be less than ½ inch.

27. *Bunching of circuits.*—Wires of opposite polarity shall not be bunched, but wires of the same polarity may, with the permission of the Engineer, be bunched in accordance with I.E.E. Wiring Rule (7th Edition) No 63—*vide* Annexure I.

28. *Attachment of casing to walls and ceilings.*—Ordinarily all casing shall be fixed, by means of screws, to plugs at intervals not exceeding 3 feet, arranged as provided for in clause 15. Unless otherwise specified in the Special Conditions of Contract all casing shall be spaced from the walls or ceilings by means of moisture-proof distance pieces not less than ½ inch thick. All screws shall be so spaced as not to break the wall of the grooves. Casing shall not be buried in walls. Where it is ordered that casing shall be partially sunk in a chase in a permanently dry wall, it must be painted externally with at least two coats of oil paint and be allowed to dry thoroughly before being fixed in position.

29. *Passing through floors.*—Where conductors pass through floors, the conductor shall be carried in an approved heavy gauge insulated conduit or tube. The floor tubes shall be carried 12 inches above floor line and 1 inch below ceiling line and neatly entered into the casing where shall, if required by the Engineer, be suitably protected at the floor line. Where the supply is alternating current the conductors of the circuit must be bunched in the tube.

30. *Joints in casing and capping.*—Casing and capping shall be run in lengths as long as possible. All joints shall be scarfed, or cut diagonally in longitudinal section. Capping shall be secured at the joint with two or more screws as may be necessary. Joints in capping must break joints with those in the casing.

31. *Conductors carried round mouldings and angles.*—In order to avoid carrying casing round wood mouldings or beams, holes should, where practicable, be pierced through the same, provided that the piercing of such holes does not appreciably weaken the structure. A separate hole should be pierced for each groove in the casing. Where casing forms an angle on a wall or ceiling the

corners of the grooves must be properly rounded. In all other cases corner pieces with front grooving shall be used at all inside angles, where casing attached to a wall is united to casing attached to a ceiling.

32. *Casing to harmonize with decorations.*—Where wiring is to be carried over ornamental work, with which it is required to harmonize, the design of any special casing which may be necessary shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval. Casing attached to the ceilings shall be carried completely across the ceiling whenever required by the Engineer, instead of being stopped at the fitting; and in all cases where it is required by the Engineer, dummy casing must be used.

33. *Attachment of capping.*—Capping shall be attached to casing by round-headed brass screws placed in each edge at intervals not exceeding 12 inches in all sizes of and above 1½ inch in width, and along the centre in smaller sizes. In casing having more than two grooves, screws, for fixing the capping, shall be placed in the fillets between the conductors as well as in the outer walls of the casing, if so required by the Engineer.

34. *Painting and varnishing.*—All casing and capping shall be served before erection, internally and on the back, with two coats of varnish made up of not less than 3 lb. of pure shellac per gallon of spirit. In addition, all casing together with capping after erection shall be finished, painted or varnished in such manner as may be ordered by the Engineer.

35. *Inspection.*—Unless with the sanction of the Engineer, capping shall not be put on until the work has been inspected with the wires in position, and approved by the Engineer. This inspection will be done from time to time as the work progresses, on the application of the contractor.

C.—CONDUIT SYSTEM.

36. *Conduit to be continuous.*—Conduit shall be heavy gauge solid-drawn or lapwelded of approved pattern and manufacture, and in accordance with the specification of the British Engineering Standards Committee. It shall be supplied with or without an insulating lining as may be specified in the Special Conditions of Contract. The conduit shall be electrically continuous from distribution board to outlet boxes for fittings, switches and other appliances. No conduit tube less than six-tenths inch in diameter, measured inside the metal tube or insulating lining, shall be used.

37. *Bunching of wires.*—The wires of a circuit may be bunched together in a conduit and, if the supply is alternating current, they shall be bunched.

38. *Junctions in conduit.*—The lengths of conduit shall be joined by means of screwed sockets. Threads shall be free from grease or oil and no material of this nature shall be allowed to come in contact with the conductors. The greatest care shall be taken in preparing the conduit that no sharp edges or burrs are left which may damage the insulation. The Engineer, with a view to ensuring that the above proviso has been carried out, may require (if he should consider it necessary) that the separate lengths of conduit, etc., after they have been prepared, shall be submitted for inspection before being fixed.

39. *Precaution against insects and damp.*—In order to minimize condensation or sweating inside the tubes, all outlets of conduit systems shall be properly drained and ventilated, but in such a manner as to prevent the entry of insects.

40. *Insulating lining of tubes.*—Where insulating conduit is to be used the lining shall be firmly secured to the tube and shall not be less than one-sixteenth inch in thickness. The insulating material must not soften injuriously at any temperature below 212° Fahrenheit and must be composed of such materials as will not have a deteriorating effect on the dielectric of the conductor, it must be sufficiently tough and tenacious to withstand the abrasion test of drawing in and not fray ringing of conductor from a length of tube. All bends and fittings shall be made so that neither the conduit nor the lining of the same will be injured when drawing in wires.

41. *Protection of conduit against rust.*—The outer surfaces of conduits including all bends, unions, tees, junction boxes, etc., forming part of the conduit system shall be protected from rust by being galvanized or enamelled, or by two coats of iron oxide paint, applied before they are fixed. If so required by the Engineer, all conduits shall be painted after fixing, in such manner as may be directed.

42. *Fixing of conduit.*—The conduit shall be fixed to the surface of walls, secured to plugs, arranged as in clause 15, by saddles and round-headed screws. No conduit shall be buried beneath the surface of masonry unless so specified in the Special Conditions of Contract or approved by the Engineer.

43. *Bends in conduits.*—The conduits shall be brought round angles of walls by means of bends or inspection elbows as may be directed. Angles on the face of the wall shall be arranged for by means of cast iron inspection boxes, with suitable inlet and outlet sockets and screwed joints. Each box shall be provided with a cover, properly secured, by means of which access to the conductor may be obtained. The radius on the inner side of any bend shall not be less than 3 inches and no length of conduit shall have more than the equivalent of four quarter bends from outlet to outlet, the bends at the outlets not being counted.

44. *Outlets.*—All outlets for fittings, switches, etc., shall be equipped with an approved socket box.

45. *Conductors.*—All conductors used in conduit wiring shall be stranded.

46. *Erecting and earthing of conduit.*—The whole system of conduit shall be erected and completed before the conductors are drawn in. The whole metal system of the conduit shall be electrically continuous throughout and shall be permanently and efficiently connected to earth in general conformity with the method laid down in clause 35; gas or water pipes must not be used to obtain an earth connexion. Not less than the equivalent (solid or stranded) of one No. 6 S. W. G copper wire shall be used for making an earth connexion. In conduit system the pipe must be continuous when passing through walls or floors, and no other form of insulating or protecting tube is required.

D.—CLEATED WIRING SYSTEM.

47. *Accessibility.*—All cleated wiring shall be run as far as practicable so as to be visible and accessible.

48. *Cleats.*—All cleats shall be of porcelain of approved design and must consist of two parts, a base piece and a cap. A special pattern of cleat should be used if necessary where conductors pass round corners, so that there may be no risk of the conductors touching the walls owing to sagging or stretching. Cleats shall be fixed at distances not greater than 4 feet apart and at regular intervals. There must be no apparent sag on the conductors.

49. *Fixing of cleats.*—(1) In ordinary cases, cleats shall be attached to plugs arranged as provided for in clause 15.

(2) Where practicable the same method shall be adopted in the case of stone walls, but when, owing to irregular coursing or other reasons, it is impracticable to fix the cleats in a regular and workmanlike manner, a wood batten shall be provided and fixed with not less than one plug per four-feet run. The batten shall be of teak or other suitable hard wood, ¾ inch thick, and one inch wider than the steel used; it shall be chamfered on the edges, wrought all over and varnished with two coats of varnish (prepared as specified in clause 34), or painted, as may be ordered by the Engineer.

(3) Where reasons exist which prevent the use of either plugs or battens, cleats must be attached to the wall or ceiling in a manner approved by the Engineer.

50. *Distance apart of wires.*—(1) For pressures up to 250 volts cleats shall be of such dimensions that, in the case of branch leads, conductors shall not be less than 1 inch apart centre to centre; in the case of sub-mains, not less than 1½ inches apart, centre to centre; in the case of mains, not less than 2½ inches apart, centre to centre.

Provided that this sub-clause shall not apply to twin conductors used with the approval of the Engineer.

(2) Where the pressure exceeds 250 volts cleated wiring shall only be used under such conditions as may be laid down by the Engineer in the Special Conditions of Contract.

51. *Crossing of conductors.*—Where cleated conductors cross each other they may be either looped over to maintain the prescribed distance or fixed to an insulating bridging piece, which will rigidly maintain a separation of at least one-half inch between the poles. If the point of crossing be within 10 feet of the ground or floor level, an insulating bridging piece must be used.

Provided that this clause shall not apply to twin conductors used with the approval of the Engineer.

52. *Protection near floors.*—No cleat wiring shall be left unprotected within 5 feet of a floor. When brought through the floor it shall be enclosed in conduit in the manner specified in clause 29.

E.—METAL-SHEATHED WIRING SYSTEM.

53. *Plain or braided wire.*—Plain or braided metal-sheathed wiring shall be used according to which is specified in the Special Conditions of Contract.

54. *Attachment to walls and ceilings.*—All conductors shall be supported on walls and ceilings at intervals not exceeding 9 inches horizontally and one foot vertically, and special clips, fixed by screws or suitable pins to the plugs, shall be used for their attachment. The heads of such screws or pins shall be set level with the surface of the clips, so as not to injure the metal sheathing. The clips shall be of such character as not to lead to corrosion or electrolytic action from contact. Saddles may only be used if specified in the Special Conditions of Contract. No band shall have a radius of less than 3 inches.

55. *Plugs.*—Wooden plugs used for metal sheathed wiring under the above conditions shall not be less than 1½ inches long, and ¾ inch in diameter on the outer end. With the Engineer's permission, Rawl or other special plugs may be used. In other respects clause 15 shall apply.

56. *Wiring on rolled steel joists.*—Where wiring is to be carried along the face of rolled steel joists a wooden backing, preferably the full width of the joist, shall first be laid on the joist, and clipped to it as inconspicuously as possible. The wiring shall be fixed to this backing in the ordinary way.

57. *Spacing of walls.*—Unless otherwise stated in the Special Conditions of Contract all metal-sheathed wiring run on plastered walls shall be spaced ¼ inch off the plaster.

58. *Joints.*—Joints shall be made by means of connectors of porcelain, or other approved material, enclosed in joint boxes approved by the Engineer. The joint boxes shall be so constructed as to prevent leakage entering them, and to allow of the whitewashing of the walls without water having access to the connectors. All wires shall be bunched through or across these boxes. Bending connections shall be so arranged as not to come in contact with plaster.

59. *Stripping of insulation.*—(1) When V.I.R. insulation has to be stripped for joints, etc., the metal-sheathing must be nicked only, cut out, and the insulation between the metal sheath and the conductor shall be of rubber only. All tape shall be stripped off.

(2) Where paper-insulated, metal-sheathed cable is used all openings in the same shall be efficiently sealed.

60. *Protection of wiring.*—(1) When so required by the Special Conditions of Contract, metal-sheathed wiring must be covered with a sheet metal protective covering, to protect it from damage, and the base of the protective covering shall be flush with the plaster or brickwork, as the case may be.

(2) Such protective covering shall in all cases be fitted on all down drops within such distance from the floor as may be specified in the Special Conditions of Contract.

61. *Passing through floors.*—All wires taken through floors shall be enclosed in an insulated heavy gauge steel conduit, extending 6 inches above the floor and flush with the ceiling below, or protectively bushed with porcelain, wood or other approved material. The ends of all conduits or pipes shall be

62. *Passing through walls.*—The method to be adopted shall be either that laid down in clause 14 (1) (*a*) or shall be similar to that in clause 61, the conduit to extend 1 inch beyond the wall on either side, if the wire is taken through the wall straight; and to be flush with the wall if the course of the wire is at right angles to the wall.

63. *Buried wires.*—Metal-sheathed wire shall in no case be buried directly in plaster.

64. *Metal sheathing to be bonded and earthed.*—All metal-sheathing shall be well bonded throughout the whole of its length and efficiently connected with earth and shall pass the test specified in clause 67. The earthing shall extend to the metal frames of all mains and branch switch and distribution boards.

65. *Earth wire and Plates.*—(1) The earthing wire and the connexion with earth shall be of the same metal, whether iron or copper, and shall be so constructed and laid as to avoid the formation of any electrolytic couple.

(2) The size of the earthing wire shall be not less than No. 8 S.W.G. or equivalent stranded cable. For the portion in the ground the size of the earthing wire shall not be less than No. 4 S.W.G. solid wire.

(3) Copper earthing wires, where underground, shall be insulated, and all earthing wires shall be protected in the manner laid down in the Special Conditions or Contract.

(4) The connexion with earth shall have a total contact area not less than is specified in the Special Conditions of Contract. It shall be buried to a depth of not less than 6 feet below ground and shall not be less than 6 feet from any building.

66. *Painting.*—All metal-sheathed wiring, or the protective covering of the same when fixed, shall be neatly painted, after erection, with two coats of zinc paint, to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

67. *Testing.*—Every circuit of metal sheathing shall be tested to earth by the Contractor with a pressure not exceeding four volts, which shall ring a bell requiring not less than half an ampere to actuate it. Alternatively a low reading ammeter may be used.

ANNEXURE I.

ABSTRACT OF THE WIRING RULES OF THE INSTITUTION OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS, REFERRED TO IN THE SPECIFICATION.

Definitions.—(*See clause 2 of specification.*)

1. *System.*—An electrical system in which all the conductors and apparatus are electrically connected to a common source of supply.

2. *Three-wire system.*—(*a*) *Outer conductors.*—Those between which there is the greatest difference of potential. This use of the word *outer* must not be confused with the use of the word when applied to the external conductor of a concentric main. (*b*) *Neutral conductor.*—That which is at a potential intermediate between the potentials of the other conductors.

3. *Earthed.*—Connected to the general mass of the earth in such a manner as will ensure at all times an immediate and safe discharge of electrical energy.

4. *Dielectric.*—Any material which offers high resistance to the passage of an electric current.

5. *Uninsulated conductor.*—A conductor without provision, by the interposition of a dielectric or otherwise, for its insulation from earth.

6. *Bare.*—Not covered with insulating material.

7. *Touched conductors.*—When more than one conductor is contained within a single duct or groove, or when they are run enclosed and not spaced apart from each other.

8. *Fuse-switch.*—A quick-break switch with fuse forming an integral part of the switch.

9. *Fuse.*—In writing [Special definition in clause 2 of this specification.]

10. *Single pole switch.*—A switch controlling one conductor only of a circuit.

11. *Linked switches.*—Switches linked together mechanically so as to operate simultaneously, or in definite sequence.

12. *Switchboard.*—An assemblage of switches, fuses, conductors, measuring instruments and other apparatus for the control of the electrical machinery and circuits.

13. *Grade of insulation, 250 volt cable.*—Vulcanised rubber cable is said to be I.E.E. 250 volt cable when the minimum radial thickness of its dielectric is that shown in column 2 of the table (not repeated) and when its minimum insulation resistance is that shown in column 3 after application of a pressure test of 1,000 volts for half an hour.

14. *Grade of insulation, 650 volt cable.*—Vulcanised rubber cable is said to be I.E.E. 650 volt cable when the minimum radial thickness of its dielectric is that shown in column 4 of the table, and when its minimum insulation resistance is that shown in column 5 after application of a pressure test of 2,500 volts for half an hour.

15. *Protected machine.*—One having end shield bearings, and in which there is free access to the interior without opening doors or removing covers.

16. *Semi-enclosed machine.*—One in which the ventilating openings in the frame are covered with—

(*a*) Grids, expanded metal or wire gauze, with openings of not less than ½ inch, so as not to obstruct free ventilation;

(*b*) Wire gauze, in which the openings are less than ½ inch but not less than 3·32 inch (diameter or width);

(*c*) Screens with smaller openings than the above.

17. *Totally-enclosed machine.*—One in which the enclosing case and bearings are dust-proof, and which does not allow circulation of air between the inside and outside of the case.

18. *Pipe-ventilated machine.*—An enclosed machine in which the frame is so arranged that the ventilating air may be conveyed to it through a pipe attached to the frame, the ventilation being maintained by the fanning action produced by the machine itself.

19. *Forced draught machine.*—An enclosed machine in which the ventilating air supply is maintained by an independent fan external to the machine itself.

CURRENT IN CIRCUITS AND SUB-CIRCUITS—(*Clause 18 of specification*).

32. (*Part only*)—For lighting purposes, in any final sub-circuit which supplies more than a single point, the current must not exceed 6 amperes for pressures up to 125 volts, nor the power 600 watts from 126 to 250 volts and the maximum number of points on any sub-circuit must not exceed 10.

BUNCHING—(*See clause 27 of specification*)

33. *Bunching.*—Where protected from mechanical injury by metal conduits (Rule 63) or by a covering of tough rubber compound (Rule 65) conductors of opposite polarity may be bunched. Where the protecting tubing or casing is non-metallic, lengths of conductors of the same polarity and free from joints, carrying small currents for incandescent lighting, from sub-centres, as in Rule 32 may be bunched. If the supply is alternating and the protective iron or steel, the lead and return conductors must be bunched.

FLEXIBLE CONDUCTORS.—(*See clause 5 of specification.*)

34. *Size.*—Flexibles must be made up so that the total cross-sectional area is not less than equivalent to No. 22 S.W.G., and they must be composed of wires twisted together on a short lay, no wire being smaller than a No. 36 S.W.G.

35. *Dielectric and tests.*—The insulating material used as the dielectric must be pure rubber equal to washed Para rubber or vulcanised rubber of the best quality. The pure rubber must be laid on in two layers, care being taken that the edges of each layer overlap, and the radial thickness of the dielectric must not be less than 30 mils. Each coil of pure rubber flexible must be tested in air for 15 minutes with a pressure of 1,500 volts alternating between the conductors at a frequency of 50 to 100.

36. *Vulcanised rubber.*—Vulcanised rubber flexible must be insulated with one layer of pure rubber and two layers of vulcanised rubber; the minimum insulation resistance and radial thickness of the dielectric must be those specified in the Table for 250 volt or 650 volt cable having similar cross-sectional area of conductor. In the case of flexibles having a conductor cross-sectional area less than 0·0009 square inch, the radial thickness must not be less than 35 mils for low pressures and not less than 62 mils for medium pressures. The pressure tests and insulation tests must be applied before braiding, and as specified in Rules 47 and 48, with the exception that the pressure tests may be applied for 15 minutes only.

38. *Sulphur.*—Insulating material containing sulphur must not be in direct contact with copper wires (Rule 41).

COPPER CONDUCTORS.—(*See clause 6 of specification.*)

37. *Standards.*—The data for the resistances of copper conductors are based on the standards defined by the Standards Committee as follows:—

(a) At a temperature of 20° C. the resistance of a wire of standard annealed copper one metre in length and of a uniform cross-sectional area of one square millimetre is 1/58 ohm = 0·017241.....ohm;

(b) The density of commercial annealed copper at 20° C. is 8·89 grammes per cubic centimetre;

(c) A variation of 2 per cent from the adopted standard of resistance is allowed in all conductors;

(d) A variation of 2 per cent from the adopted standard of weight is allowed in all conductors;

(e) An allowance of 1 per cent increased resistance, as calculated from the diameter, is allowed in all tinned copper conductors between diameters 0·218 and 0·028 inch inclusive;

(f) For the purpose of calculation of tables, a lay, involving an increase of 2 per cent in each wire, except the centre wire, for the total length of the cable is taken as the standard;

(g) The legal standard wire gauge, as fixed by Order in Council, dated August 23rd, 1883, is adopted as the standard for all wires.

SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT-BREAKERS.—(*See clause 11 of specification.*)

38. *Switches and circuit-breakers.*—Switches and circuit-breakers (Rules 2 h, 86 and 87), whether fixed separately or combined with lamp-holders or fittings, must comply with the following requirements:—

(a) Overheating must not take place at the point of contact or elsewhere, when the full current flows continuously;

(b) They must be so constructed or arranged that the contacts cannot accidentally close when left open;

(c) They must be incapable of forming a permanent arc when breaking circuit, and they must be tested with pressures and currents 50 per cent in excess of those which will be used on the circuits for which they are intended;

(d) The bases must be of incombustible, non-conducting, and moisture-proof material;

(e) Circuit-breakers must be so arranged and placed that no combustible material is endangered by their action;

(f) Unless placed in an engine room or in a compartment especially arranged for the purpose they must have their live parts covered. The covers must be of incombustible material and must be either non-conducting or of rigid metal and clear of all internal mechanism. For more than 6 amperes, at pressures exceeding 125 volts metal covers must be lined with insulating material;

(g) In positions where they are liable to injury or to come into contact with goods, they must be further protected by an open fronted box or other suitable guard;

(h) Handles must be insulated and so arranged that the hand cannot touch live metal, or be injured through an adjacent fuse blowing;

(i) Switches having a handle projecting through an open slot in the cover must not be used.

ANNEXURE II.

Table of Conventional Symbols, etc., for use in drawings and wiring plans, as agreed to at the second conference of Electrical Engineers and Inspectors, 1918, vide Report, paragraphs 78 and 79.

Table of Conventional Symbols.

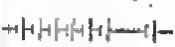
Name of apparatus.	Symbol.
Battery	
Continuous current generator	
" " motor	
Alternator	
Alternating motor	
Inductive coil	
Non-inductive resistance	
Transformer	
Incandescent filament lamp	
Fan	
Fan on clamp between beams	
Fan with traveller	
Oscillating fan	

Table of Conventional Symbols—*contd.*

Name of apparatus.	Symbol.
Desk or bracket fan	
Ventilator fan (pressure or exhaust)	
Regulator	R
Switch	S
Service bracket	— [or]
Post for overhead wires	●
Meter board	M 1 M 2 &c.
Main distribution board	M D B.
Branch distribution board	B D B.
Circuit fuses on boards	1, 2, 3, &c.
Single pendant light	○
Counterweight pendant	○Cw
Stiff pendant	○Rod.
Three-light pendant or electrolier	③
Multiple pendant or electrolier	④ ⑤ &c.

Table of Conventional Symbols—*concld.*

Name of apparatus.	Symbol.
Single bracket light	
Two-light bracket	
Batten lamp-holder	○ *B.H.*
Water-tight fitting	
" bracket	
Single bulkhead fitting	
Double " "	
Two-pin wall socket	
Concentric "	
Hand lamp "	○ H.L.
Table lamp	○ T.L.

A.

INSTRUCTIONS TO TENDERERS.

1. Tenders, sealed and marked on the outside "Tender for Electric Installation at _____" will be received by the undersigned at _____ up to noon on the _____ day of _____ 19 , in the form of "Tender for Electrical Works" hereto annexed.

2. The tenderer shall state precisely in his tender the type and description of the materials, plant and stores he proposes to use for the work. If he proposes to use materials, plant or stores of other than British manufacture he must clearly state this in his tender, together with the name of the manufacturer and of the country of origin of the same.

3.

4.

5.

etc.

The Secretary of State for India in Council does not undertake to accept the lowest or any tender.

Dated the 19 .

Signature of Officer inviting tender.

E

SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

Clause of specification.	Conditions
3	The pressure of supply will be ——— volts. The frequency of supply will be ——— periods.
4 (1)	The system of wiring will be ——— Power and lighting circuits are to be kept distinct.
(2)	Plans for wiring diagrams not required.
8	Tropical / Non Accumulator cable may be used.
13 (5) (a)	Cable is to be of 250 volt, I E E grade.
13 (5) (i)	Pilot lamps will not be required on branch distribution boards.
22 (2) (a)	The distributing boards shall swing back to give access to connexions.
22 (2) (b)	The height of fuse will be 8 feet 6 inches
22 (2) (c)	The condition specified will be enforced.
22 (2) (d)	A separate switch is not required.
28	Regulators shall have an 'off' position.
36	Casing shall be spaced as specified.
42	Conduit shall be insulated.
53	Conduit may not be buried.
54	Plain / Enamel wire shall be used.
55	Saddles may be used.
57	Bawl plugs may be used.
60 (1)	Metal sheathed wires need not be spaced from walls.
60 (2)	Sheet steel protective covering shall not be used.
65 (3)	The distance from the floor to which protective covering shall be extended is five feet.
	The protection of earthing wires shall be carried out as follows :— Earth wires—which shall be of iron—shall be protected where accessible from the ground or floor level by being carried in a conduit pipe for a length of five feet above ground and one foot in the ground.
65 (4)	The minimum contact area of the connexion with earth shall be four square feet.

II. The officer with whom cash deposits are to be made, or to whom securities are to be endorsed, in accordance with the General Conditions of Contract for Electrical Works, is ———

C

[To be retained by the purchaser.]

Original.

FORM OF TENDER FOR ELECTRICAL WORKS

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

1. I / We do hereby tender to execute the whole of the work at ——— described in the accompanying tender for the several sums, and in the case of measured works, at the several rates, set forth in the tender hereto attached and signed by me / us and should this tender be accepted I / we further undertake to complete the work within the time stated below reckoned from the date of acceptance of the tender, namely ———

2. I / We do agree and bind myself / ourselves to abide by and fulfil the general conditions of contract and the special conditions of contract annexed to the specification or in default thereof to pay to the purchaser, as reasonable compensation for such breach of such conditions, the sums of money mentioned in the said conditions.

3. I / We further agree to make good at my / our own expense all defects in the installation which appear within twelve months from the date of bringing the installation into beneficial use when such defects are due to defective workmanship or material executed or supplied by me / us.

Signature(s)

Dated at ———

The ——— day of ——— 191 .

The above tender is hereby accepted by me for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council.

Dated at ———

The ——— day of ——— 191 .

C

[To be retained by the contractor.]

FORM OF TENDER FOR ELECTRICAL WORKS. *Duplicate.*

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

1. $\frac{I}{We}$ do hereby tender to execute the whole of the work at _____ described in the accompanying tender for the several sums, and in the case of measured works, at the several rates, set forth in the tender hereto attached and signed by $\frac{me}{us}$ and should this tender be accepted $\frac{I}{we}$ further undertake to complete the work within the time stated below reckoned from the date of acceptance of the tender, namely _____

2. $\frac{I}{We}$ do agree and bind $\frac{myself}{ourselves}$ to abide by and fulfil the general conditions of contract and the special conditions of contract annexed to the specification or in default thereof to pay to the purchaser, as reasonable compensation for such breach of such conditions, the sums of money mentioned in the said conditions.

3. $\frac{I}{We}$ further agree to make good at $\frac{my}{our}$ own expense all defects in the installation which appear within twelve months from the date of bringing the installation into beneficial use when such defects are due to defective workmanship or material executed or supplied by $\frac{me}{us}$

Signature(s).

Dated at _____

The _____ day of _____ 191 .

The above tender is hereby accepted by me for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council.

Dated at _____

The _____ day of _____ 191 .

Madras, 27th June 1919.

E. J. B. GREENWOOD,
Electrical Engineer to Government.

REVENUE NOTIFICATIONS

PREPARATION OF A LIST OF CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS AND TRUSTS, MADRAS DISTRICT.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that in order to render more effective the control over charitable endowments and trusts vested in the Board of Revenue by the Madras Endowments and Escheats Regulation of 1817, the Government have ordered the preparation of a list of such endowments and trusts in the City of Madras. A Deputy Tahsildar assisted by a staff of Revenue Inspectors has been appointed for the purpose; his office is in the Collector's office buildings, North Beach Road, Madras. All persons interested in the maintenance of charities other than those directly connected with worship in temples, mosques or churches are hereby invited to lodge with the said officer information respecting charitable endowments whose existence is within their knowledge describing the purposes for which the endowment was made and the properties constituting it. Purely religious endowments are outside the scope of this inquiry, as stated above. As persons directly entrusted with the maintenance of charities may sometimes be disinclined to furnish information about them it is hoped that the public in their own interests will co-operate actively in the compilation of the list and so enable the object of Government to be achieved.

Madras Collector's Office,
23rd June 1919

A. TOTTENHAM,
Collector.

JANMAM REGISTRATION.

Under section 4 of the Malabar Land Registration Act, 1896, it is notified hereby that an inquiry into the janmam title to S. No. 55/2 of Kotter desom No. 57 of Waluvanad taluk, which was treated as unregistered and unassessed at the time of settlement, but a portion of which is now found to be occupied will be held by the Malappuram Divisional Officer in order that the name of the janmi may be registered.

All persons claiming to be proprietors or joint proprietors of the land are required hereby to apply to the Divisional Officer in person or by duly authorized agent under section 5 of the aforesaid Act on or before the 15th October 1919 to have their names registered as such.

Malabar Collector's Office,
Calicut, 23rd June 1919.

J. F. HALL,
Acting Collector.

II-8

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 13.—In virtue of the powers delegated under clause XI of Government notification No. 485, dated 13th July 1866, published on pages 1203 and 1204 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 28th September 1869, Part I, and in supersession of Board's notification *No* 7, dated 8th July 1918, the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue hereby prescribes the following rules for the issue, etc., of licenses under section 12 of the Madras Abkari Act I of 1886, for the tapping of toddy-producing trees and for the drawing of toddy therefrom, to have effect in the following local areas from the 1st day of October 1918 :—

(1) The whole of the ordinary tracts of the Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari districts and in the Agency tracts of the last two districts the villages specified in Schedule I annexed.

(2) The rest of the Presidency with the exception of the Nilgiri district and the Wynad taluk, Anjengo, Tangasseri and the Attappadi valley of the Malabar district.

(3) The Banganapalle State.

2 Tree-tapping licences shall be issued on the application—

(*a*) of licensed toddy shopkeepers in areas in which the toddy shops are sold by auction or licensed separately ;

(*b*) of persons having the exclusive privilege of manufacture and supply of coconut toddy arrack as foreign liquor ;

(*c*) of tappers on their own application in the South Kanara district, provided that the application for licence is accompanied by an application for a permit for the transport of the toddy drawn to some particular shop and that the latter application is countersigned or acknowledged to be correct by the shopkeeper to whose shop the toddy is to be taken ;

(*d*) of tree-owners generally, and of sweet-toddy tappers in the Godaveri district, in the Narasapur, Bhimavaram, Tanuku, Ellore and Yernagudem taluks of the Kistna district and in the Repalle and Bapatla taluks of the Guntur district for not more than five trees in the case of tree-owners and three trees in the case of sweet-toddy tappers, for the drawing of toddy required for domestic consumption, but not for sale ;

(*e*) of toddy shopkeepers or renters in the Mysore territory and in the Banganapalle State desiring to obtain toddy from trees growing in British territory ;

(*f*) of toddy shopkeepers in the Pudukkottai State desiring to obtain toddy from trees in British territory provided that the application is certified or countersigned by the Salt and Abkari Inspector of the State ; and

(*g*) of any member of a hill tribe whether a tree-owner or not, residing in any of the villages of the Vizagapatam district specified in Schedule II, for not more than five trees for such household for domestic consumption but not for sale.

In cases (*a*), (*b*), (*d*) and (*g*) the licences may be issued in the name of the applicant himself or of his nominee, and in cases (*c*), (*f*) and (*g*) in the name of the applicant only.

3. Persons wishing to apply for the grant of tree-tapping licences must first pay the fees (or the first instalment thereof, as the case may be) due on account of the trees which they desire to tap, into a Government treasury, which may be either the District treasury, a Taluk treasury or a Salt treasury. Divisional officers may also empower heads of villages to receive payments on account of tree-tax and to grant receipts therefor. Pudukkottai renters when applying for trees in British territory must pay the full tree-tax into a British treasury at the rates prevailing in British territory.

4. (1) Applications for the grant of tree-tapping licences must be made in the prescribed form to the Inspector, Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, in charge of the circle in which the trees are situated. Forms may be obtained from the Inspectors of Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, and from all Tahsildars and Deputy Tahsildars and will be supplied free of charge. Applications put in by shopkeepers and tappers need not be stamped ; those put in by other persons must bear a court-fee stamp of one anna. In any case, if the fees have been paid into a treasury, the application must contain a certificate of payment from the treasury officer ; if payment has been made to a village head the receipt must accompany the application. Mysore renters and shopkeepers applying for trees in British territory should pay the tree-tax into the Mysore Amildar's treasury and should present before the distant Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar concerned along with the application in form T.T. 6, the receipt with the Amildar's certificate at the foot to the effect that the applicant is a person entitled to take out a tree-tapping licence in Mysore. The tree-tax should be calculated at the higher rate if the rates are not the same on the two sides of the frontier.

(2) Applications for tree-tapping licences in the South Kanara district should be countersigned by the owner of the trees intended to be marked, in token of his consent.

5. Toddy shopkeepers in tracts adjoining the Mysore territory will also be allowed to tap trees in Mysore for the supply of toddy to their shops on payment of the whole of the tree-tax in one instalment into the British treasuries and subject to such restrictions regarding permits, etc., as may be prescribed in this behalf. The rate of tree-tax to be paid in such cases will invariably be the higher rate in force if the rate is not the same on the two sides of the frontier.

The British and Mysore Governments reserve to themselves the right to impose, in addition to the tree-tax, a rent for the use of trees belonging to them, the same when imposed being payable by British and Mysore licensees alike. The arrangements agreed to by the Madras and the Mysore Governments with regard to the issue of licences for tapping trees in either territory on the application of farmers or shopkeepers in the other do not prevent the reservation of trees in any specified area in the Madras Presidency or in Mysore with a view to afford rest thereto or for other sufficient reason and the mere payment of tree-tax into a British or Mysore treasury does not entitle an applicant to tapping licences for trees so reserved.

6. Toddy shopkeepers in British territory adjoining the Banganapalle State will be allowed to tap trees in the State on payment of tree-tax, the rate being the same as in the Kurnool district. Similarly those in the Banganapalle State will be allowed to tap trees in the adjoining British territory. Toddy shopkeepers in British territory adjoining the Pudukkottai State will be allowed to tap trees in that State on payment of tree-tax to that State at the higher of the rates prevailing on both sides of the frontier.

7. Persons applying for the issue of licences will be responsible to Government for all sums payable as tree-tax on account of the trees licensed to be tapped.

8. (1) On receipt of an application, the Inspector, unless he sees special cause to the contrary, will at once take steps for the marking of the trees by an officer superior in rank to a petty officer and for the issue of the licence. Applicants for trees shall point out to the marking officer, when required by the latter to do so, the trees applied for by them. Should they fail to do so after reasonable notice, the fees paid by them shall be liable to be forfeited at the Collector's discretion

(2) In the Godavari district, in the Narasapur, Bhimavaram, Tanuku, Ellore and Yamagudem taluks of the Kistna district, and in the Ongole and Bapatla taluks of the Guntur district, trees intended for the drawing of fermented toddy and those for the drawing of sweet toddy shall, as far as possible, be in separate topes or blocks.

9. Collectors may, from time to time, prescribe the minimum number of trees to be entered in an original application. They may also direct that the trees situated in one village only shall be included in an application.

10. Toddy shall not be drawn from any toddy tree, nor shall any pot be attached to any toddy tree, until the tree has been marked by the proper officer.

11. For palmyra and date trees in the Presidency and for Dadasal (*Areca Wightii*) trees in South Kanara, tree tapping licences shall be annual, that is, in force from 1st October or any subsequent date to the 30th September immediately following, and for coconut and sago trees they shall be half-yearly, that is, in force from 1st October or any subsequent date to the 31st March immediately following, and from 1st April or any subsequent date to the 30th September immediately following except in the case of the trees which have been illicitly tapped, on which the full tree-tax may be levied.

12. The following shall be the fees payable on account of each tree for the tapping of which license is applied for:—

Districts.	Coconut palms (for each half-year as defined in rule 11 above).	Sago palms (for each half-year as defined in rule 11 above).	Palmyra or date palms (for the whole year as defined in rule 11 above).	Dadasal (*Areca Wightii*) palms (for the whole year as defined in rule 11 above).
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Ganjam				
Vizagapatam except villages in Schedule II ...				
Rampad	3 12 0	7 8 0	2 8 0	1 4 0
Tinnevelly				
South Kanara				
Malabar				
Vizagapatam—villages noted in Schedule II.	5 12 0	1 8 0	0 8 0	....
All other districts	4 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	....

The tree-tax payable by toddy shopkeepers in the Tinnevelly subdivision who mark in August and September, palmyras which throw out hot weather spathes will be at the rate of Rs. 1-4-0 per tree.

13. The fees payable on account of any licenses issued under these rules shall be payable in the following instalments, unless the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue shall otherwise direct.

Period within which the license is applied for.	Instalments in which tree-tax is to be paid.
In the case of half-yearly fees.	
Between 1st October and 31st December in any year.	One-half at the time of application and the other half on the 1st February following.
Between 1st January and 31st March in any year ...	The whole at the time of application.
Between 1st April and 30th June in any year ...	One-half at the time of application and the other half on the 1st July following.
Between 1st July and 30th September in any year ...	The whole at the time of application
In the case of annual fees.	
Between 1st October and 31st December in any year.	One-half at the time of application and the other half on the 1st February following.
Between 1st January and 30th April in any year ...	One-half at the time of application and the other half on the 1st of the second month following.
Between 1st May and 30th September in any year ...	The whole at the time of application.

Note.—The tree-tax payable by the hill tribes in the villages mentioned in Schedule II shall be paid in one instalment at the time of application

14. Every instalment of tree-tax shall be paid on the first day of the month in which it falls due.

15. For the convenience of applicants, applications will be received from 1st September or 1st March; but no trees will be marked, nor licences issued, nor preparation of spathes permitted before 15th September or 15th March; nor shall pots be attached to trees before the evening of the 30th September or 31st March, as the case may be. In the case of 'Kodai Palai' palmyra trees tapped at concession rates in the Tinnevelly subdivision, marking will be allowed from the 25th July. In the case of date trees the process of preparation will be allowed from the 15th September but the incision required for the insertion of the drip leaves will not be allowed before the evening of the 30th September. In no case shall toddy be drawn except during the currency of the licence.

16. All toddy drawn under the tree-tapping licenses granted in accordance with these rules shall, as soon as the pots containing it are removed from the trees, be immediately conveyed direct to a distillery or a licensed toddy shop under a general transport permit which will be granted gratis by the Inspector. In the South Kanara district when a licensee desires to change the shop to which

his toddy is to be taken, the permit will be amended on application and on prepayment of two annas in addition to the court-fee stamp of the value of one anna to be affixed to the application. No toddy drawn under these rules shall be sold otherwise than to a licensed distiller or shopkeeper except at a regularly licensed shop. Tree-foot sales or sales in the open are absolutely prohibited.

17. Between sunset and sunrise no toddy shall be drawn or kept by a person holding a licence under these rules in the garden or field in which stand the trees which he is licensed to tap, except the toddy contained in the pots attached to the spathes of the trees, provided that the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue may, on sufficient cause being shown, relax the restriction in any local area.*

* In the Madras Town Circle palmyra and date toddy may be drawn as early as 4 a.m.

SCHEDULE I.

VIZAGAPATAM DISTRICT.

Pottanga Agency.

1. Padalavalasa.
2. Velagavalasa.

Golgonda Agency.

3. Pedda Juggammapeta.
4. Dharmavaram.
5. Kottagudem
6. Sarabhupalapatnam.
7. Guniapadi.
8. Galugondapeta.
9. Vedurupalli.
10. Krishnapuram Agraharam.
11. Kodavatipadi.
12. Gummidigonda.
13. Suradapalli.
14. Kaluvarodu Sarabhavaram.
15. Pottangandharapalem.
16. Chammachinta.
17. Ghantavari Kottagudem.
18. Valamrayupadu.
19. Padi.
20. Kankamogi.
21. Kumarapuram.
22. Chidikada.
23. Krishnadevipeta.

Golgonda Agency—cont.

24. Lakshmipuram.
25. Kondagollum.
26. Sarabhupati Agraharam.
27. Ramachandrapuram Agraharam.
28. Ratnampeta or Antada Muttah.
29. Lingapuram.
30. Kullum.
31. Talabada.
32. Yerravaram.
33. Anantapupalapatnam.
34. Kandasantha.
35. Gummidivampalem.
36. Rabbasingi.
37. Dunnaru.
38. Rellalapalem.
39. Melapeta.
40. Dharmavaram (near Dharakonda forest reserve).
41. Ramannapalem.

Viravalli Agency.

42. Jimbad.

Salur Agency.

43. Gadivalasa.
44. Jalladivalasa.

GODAVARI DISTRICT.

Chodavaram Agency division.

1. Peda Bhimpalli.
2. Ramachandrapuram.
3. Purushottapatnam.
4. Indukurupeta.

Polavaram Agency division.

1. Nallipadi.
2. Mallara.
3. Gontavaripalem.
4. Yammetta.
5. Chodavaram.
6. Kotturuvaram.
7. Pataramavaram.
8. Boyanapalli.
9. Pidathamamidi.
10. Vemulova.
11. Koddipalem.
12. Bairreddivarapupalem.
13. Ramaldevupuram.
14. Chinnampalem.
15. Lingavaram.
16. Kattamilli.
17. Timmapuram.
18. Dokalamanda Krishnavaram.
19. Kothurupadu.
20. Kammuru.
21. Saranupetapadu.
22. Doddivaka.

Polavaram Agency division.

1. Bayyanagudem and
   (1) Narasannapalem } hamlets.
   (2) Sitampeta }
2. Vedantapuram alias Krishnapuram.
3. Lakshmidagudem and
   (1) Bandarlagudem
   (2) Gollagudem
   (3) Kangalavarigudem } hamlets.
   (4) Venkayapalem

Polavaram Agency division—cont.

4. Buttayagudem.
5. Ravigudem and
   (1) Mattagudem hamlet.
6. Nagavaram Muttah and
   (1) Regulagunta
   (2) Srivamavaram
   (3) Yepalapadu
   (4) Nagavaram
   (5) Sitiappagudem } hamlets.
   (6) Narayanagudem
7. Busarajupalli and
   (1) Moolapacodavarigudem hamlet.
8. Sitaramanagaram.
9. Mariagudem.
10. Ramanujapuram.
11. Jangareddigudem and
    (1) Bayyanru
    (2) Ramachandrapuram
    (3) Sitaramakandrika } hamlets.
    (4) Parreddigudem
    (5) Markandeyapuram
12. Ankampalem alias Srinivasapuram.
13. Pullipadu.
14. Maisamagudem and
    (1) Koyagudem hamlet.
15. Akkampeta.
16. Jayanavarigudem.
17. Pettampalem and
    (1) Pidagoppagudem hamlet.
18. Ganapavaram and
    (1) Bandaringadem
    (2) Nagolagudem
    (3) Nirumalagudem
    (4) Ramanapeta
    (5) Sankuramanagudem } hamlets.
    (6) Yelatullagudem
    (7) Palakuta
    (8) Chennalavarigudem
    (9) Gavarampeta

GODAVARI DISTRICT—cont.

Polavaram Agency division—cont.

9. Jaggesettigudem and
   (1) Regulagunta hamlet.
10. Mulagalampalli and
   (1) Bawtugudem } hamlets.
   (2) Pakalagudem }
11. Swarnavarigudem and
   (1) Chekkulakattigudem }
   (2) Gohulagudem alias Sukalagudem } hamlets.
   (3) Pamulavarigudem }
12. Peddipalli.
13. Matamgudem
14. Tadavayi and
   (1) Challavarigudem }
   (2) Gollagudem
   (3) Jonnalavarigudem
   (4) Mangasettigudem } hamlets.
   (5) Ramachandrapuram
   (6) Ramaravapeta
   (7) Venkatarasamanjapuram. }
15. Ganganagudem and
   (1) Dibbagudem } hamlets.
   (2) Tallaganganagudem }
16. Parimpudi and
   (1) Narayanapuram hamlet.
17. Ankampalem.
18. Darbhagudem and
   (1) Chinnalavarigudem }
   (2) Lakshmipuram
   (3) Pandwangudem alias Penumavarigudem } hamlets.
   (4) Tammavarigudem }
19. Iyyavaripolavaram.
20. Polacherla and
   (1) Rayavaram hamlet.
21. Julugumilli.
22. Koyagudem and
   (1) Baragada Gangulugudem }
   (2) Barrinkalapadu or (gudem) }
   (3) Chintakoyyagudem }
   (4) Ramannapalem }
   (5) Tatiyakulagudem }
   (6) Venkatadrigudem } hamlets.
   (7) Yembangudem }
   (8) Madasugudem }
   (9) Nerumgudem alias Mekalatatayyagudem. }
   (10) Dasamarangudem }
   (11) Dadavarigudem }
23. Polavaram and
   (1) Dwaragandi }
   (2) Itikalakota }
   (3) Kottagudem }
   (4) Kottaru }
   (5) Mamidigondi } hamlets.
   (6) Rajampalem }
   (7) Ramannapalem }
   (8) Ramayyapeta }
   (9) Tatagondi }
24. Pata Pattisam and
   (1) Bangarammapeta } hamlets.
   (2) Pattisandhi }
25. Gattala and
   (1) Kotta Pattisam } hamlets.
   (2) Mahalakshmanapeta }
26. Tatipudi.
27. Ballipadu.
28. Cherukumilli and
   (1) Jagannadhapuram hamlet.
29. Venkatayapalem.
30. Poolivaram.
31. Tupakulagudem.
32. Rogolapalli.

Polavaram Agency division—cont.

33. Bayavaram.
34. Saggonda.
35. Gangola and
   (1) Gopavaram }
   (2) Hakumpeta }
   (3) Narasampalem }
   (4) Pedaragapalem } hamlets.
   (5) Ramapalem }
   (6) Venkatanarasimhapuram }
   (7) Yettavaram }
36. Venkatapuram.
37. Vinjaram and
   (1) Bodigudem }
   (2) Kommugudem }
   (3) Koyangampalem } hamlets.
   (4) Tatalakunta }
   (5) Venkatareddigudem }
38. Pragadapalli and
   (1) Ramannapalem alias Viranarasimhapeta }
   (2) Repallivada }
   (3) Garlagoyyi } hamlets.
   (4) Gollapalli }
   (5) Gunjavaram }
39. Dondapudi.
40. Lakshmanarayanadevupeta and
   (1) Pedrala }
   (2) Redlakunkala }
   (3) Chintapalli }
   (4) Degamamidi } hamlets.
   (5) Jillilagudem }
   (6) Kallumamidi }
   (7) Kottakunkala }
   (8) Patakunkala }
41. Sagipadu.
42. Karakapada and Buchcheyyapalem hamlet.
43. Lakshmipuram.
44. Korvada and
   (1) Muddapagudem }
   (2) Rajanagaram }
   (3) Saripallikunta }
   (4) Virannagudem } hamlets.
   (5) Yerrayyagudem }
   (6) Gegumilli }
   (7) Gommaluru }
45. Mangapatidevupeta.
46. Ramannagudem.
47. Pedakoyalli and
   (1) Kandrikagudem }
   (2) Kota Ramachandrapuram } hamlets.
48. Billamilli and
   (1) Bhupangarapeta }
   (2) Bottappagudem }
   (3) Chendragudem }
   (4) Dharmarayupeta }
   (5) Dippakayalapadu } hamlets.
   (6) Kishchappagudem }
   (7) Kopagudem }
   (8) Mangahpalem }
   (9) Saripalli }
   (10) Surampadi }
49. Rajahmundry and
   (1) Chakaladanigudem hamlet.
50. Parimpadi and
   (1) Atchathapuram }
   (2) Ankalagudem }
   (3) Bodigudem }
   (4) Koyyalagudem } hamlets.
   (5) Mallavolu }
   (6) Repallivada }
   (7) Subhadrampalem }
51. Kannapuram.

SCHEDULE II.

LIST OF VILLAGES.

Vizagapatam district.

Srungavarapukota taluk.

1. Parvagiri.	4. Gumpada.	7. Rayipalem.*	10. Tummikapalle.*
2. Virala	5. Mariko.	8. Chappanagidda.*	11. Kunda.
3 Dungada	6. Dasaparti.	9. Gottigundam.*	

* Hamlets of Dasaparti.

Salur taluk.

1. Kodam.	9. Yekava Thadivalsa.	18. Mimmilapadu.	26. Neeruduvalsa.
2. Sasa.	10 Gurugujala	19. Maddivavalsam.	24 Tolivalsa.
3. Chatlamala.	11 Pera Alajjivalsa.	17. Mettavalsa	25. Kristadavalsa.
4 Sarvara.	12. Madanga.	14. Sangamvalsa.	26. Pardigamvalsa.
5. Peppala.	13. Saraja.	15. Jallakavalsa.	27 Gonnakatti.
6. Sundeerla.	14 Kottavalsa alias Bodga	20. Mungadivalsa.	28. Salepalsa.
7. Mandangi	Ivalsa, hamlet of	21. Chedivalsa.	29. Gedabavalsa.
8 Chinna Mandangi.	Kottipavuva.	22. Sompigam.	

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue), Madras, 23rd June 1919.

F. GRAHAM, *Secretary.*

In exercise of the power delegated under sub-section (2) to section 5 of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act (IV of 1897) as amended by the Madras Decentralization Act (VIII of 1914), the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of 1897 of the Razole taluk of the Godavari district.

P. NARAYANA MENON, *Secretary.*

3rd July 1919.

POST OFFICE NOTIFICATION.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

MADRAS CIRCLE.

MR. A. W. LANE-RYAN assumed charge of the office of Postmaster-General, Madras Circle, from MR. J. Monteath, M.A., I.C.S., on the afternoon of the 2nd July 1919.

A. W. LANE-RYAN, *Postmaster General.*

Madras, 7th July 1919.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF GRANITE SURVEY STONES.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of granite survey stones, size 2' × 6" × 6". The stones must be roughly squared to one-third of their length from the top. The broad arrow must be cut on the side and a plummet hole on the top; the former to depth of one-third of an inch, and the latter to a depth of one inch. The stones must be cut on the estates in the Wynaad wherever suitable rock is available. About 100 will be required for each mile of estate area. Tenders will be considered as they reach the undersigned but he does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

F. P. VINCENT GOMPERTZ, *Deputy Director of Survey, No. IV Party.*

Trichinopoly, 29th June 1919.

RECOVERY OF WRECKS.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 75 of Act VII of 1880 that the undermentioned property has been salvaged within the limits of the port of Madras, and claimants should submit their claim within a week's time from the date of the circulars and remove the articles claimed within the close of the month on payment of the salvage charge. Should they fail, the articles will be sold in the following month by the Engineer, Port Trust, Madras.

Description of articles.	Mark.	Date of recovery	Place of recovery.
One flat iron bar	Nil	15th June 1919	Madras harbour.
One wooden steeper 7' × 8" × 5"	"	"	
One iron chain piece	"	"	
One galvanized iron wire rope coil	"	"	
Five bags wattle barks	"	"	
One empty gunny bag	"	21st June 1919	
Five bags wattle barks	"	23rd June 1919	
One flat iron bar	"	"	
One cast iron arrowing block for rail	"	24th June 1919	
One coir rope skein	"	"	

மேலும் 1890-ஆவது சட்ட 7-ஆம் சுருக்க 75-ஆம் கொளையுடன் விளம்பப்பித்துள்ள பரிசு, மதராஸ் போர்ட் ஸ்டேஷனுக்குட்பட்ட கடற்கரை எல்லைகளிலும் கப்பல்களிலும் கலங்கரை விளக்கக் கப்பலான ஆக்ஸிலரி மீதில் பாதுகாப்பாகவிருக்கிறது. சொத்தைப் பெறுவதற்கு உரிமையுடையோர் இந்த விளம்பரத்தேதியிலிருந்து ஒரு வருஷத்துக்குள் தெரிவித்து கொள்ளும் பட்சத்தில் அந்த பரிசு அவர்களுக்குரியதாக கொடுக்கப்படும். அப்படி கொடுக்கப்படாத பரிசு பொது நிதிக்கு இருக்கிறபடி உத்தரவு பெறுவதற்கு இந்த அலுவலகத்தில் விசாரணை செய்யவும்.

சாமான்களின் விவரம்.	குறி.	கப்பல் இறங்கிய தேதி.	அவர்கள் இடம்.
		1919-ஆம் வருஷம்.	
1 தகரம் இருப்புப் பெட்டி	பூச்சியம்	Ship 19th.	
1 மர வண்டி 7' × 3' × 5"	Ship.	Ship. 19th.	
1 இருப்பு சம்மிதி தராசு	Ship.	Ship. 19th.	
1 கையுறை இருப்பு சம்மிதி உருளை.	Ship.	Ship. 16th.	
5 தூண்டா மாட்டுவண்டிகள்	Ship.	Ship. 21st.	மதராஸ் தபால் ஆபீஸ்.
1 தகர தொட்டிகள்	Ship.	Ship. 23rd.	
5 தூண்டா மாட்டுவண்டிகள்	Ship.	Ship. 23rd.	
1 தகரம் இருப்புப் பெட்டி	Ship.	Ship. 24th.	
1 சமீன் தலையோல இருப்பு	Ship.	Ship. 24th.	
1 தோலாலான வீடு தூண்டா	Ship.	Ship. 24th.	

Harbour Office, Madras,
26th June 1919.

W. R. B. DOUGLAS, Commander, R.I.M.,
Deputy Conservator of the Port,
for Receiver of Wrecks for the Port of Madras.

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CLASSIFIED LIST OF FOREST OFFICERS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY (with Coorg), corrected up to 1st JUNE 1919. Imperial 8vo. Paper cover. Anna 1 (3 *p.*).

MADRAS TREASURY MANUAL, Vols. I and II. Ninety-second list of corrections. Anna 1 (6 *p.*). Ninety-third list of corrections. Price 6 (6 *p.*).

LIST SHOWING THE NAMES OF THE TOWNS AND VILLAGES CONSTITUTING SEVERAL REGISTRATION SUB-DISTRICTS IN THE REGISTRATION DISTRICT. Correction slip Nos. 42, 43, 46, 56, 58, 57, 58 and 62 to Trichinopoly, Nos. 37 to 44 to Kistna, No. 3 to Vizagapatam and No. 40-A to Tanjore. Each Price 6 (6 *p.*).

LIST OF GAZETTED OFFICERS IN THE MADRAS POLICE DEPARTMENT. Corrected up to 1st July 1919. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 4 (3 *p.*).

MONTHLY LIST OF CIVIL SERVANTS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY. Corrected up to 1st June 1919. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8 (1 a.)

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Proceedings of the War Conference held at Delhi, 27th to 29th April 1918. Foolscap 4 to. Paper cover As. 4 (2 as.).

VACANCIES.

Applications are invited from duly qualified candidates for the posts of minor irrigation sub-overseer on Rs. 30—5—60 (increment biennial) vacant in this district. Men from the Madras College of Engineering or with past experience will be preferred.

Chittoor Collector's Office,
17th June 1919.

A. GALLETTI,
Collector.

Applications are invited from duly qualified candidates for an acting typist post on Rs. 20 per mensem excluding war allowance in this office. The appointment is likely to last about six months. Applications should reach the undersigned as soon as possible before 10th July 1919.

Kurnool, 19th June 1919.

A. S. LAURIE,
Executive Engineer.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Income-tax Accountants carrying a salary of Rs. 40—2—60 in the offices of the Board of Revenue, Collectors of districts, Divisional Officers and Tahsildars.

Applicants should have an adequate knowledge of English and must have had experience of Commercial book-keeping as carried on by Indian merchants and, if possible, training in a Commercial school or in an Auditor's office. Applications may be made either to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Land Revenue and Income-tax or to Collectors of districts and should contain the following particulars:—

(1) Full name; (2) age; (3) general educational qualifications; (4) knowledge of Indian languages; (5) present appointment and pay; (6) technical qualifications, such as proficiency in accountancy and past experience with commercial firms or in auditing accounts, if any; with testimonials.

Applications should be sent not later than the 10th July 1919.

Board of Revenue, Land Revenue and Income-tax,
Madras, 23rd June 1919.

E. GRAHAM,
Secretary.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates qualified under Public Service notifications for acting post of Typist of this office on Rs. 20—1—23. Preference will be given to those who are already in service and whose vernacular is Telugu. The post is likely to fall permanently vacant.

Bellary, 21st June 1919.

S. VENKATANARASU,
Revenue Divisional Officer.

APPLICATIONS are invited from passed candidates for Range Clerks' places on Rs. 20-1-30 this division as three clerks' places have fallen vacant permanently. The appointments will be on probation for six months after which they will be filled up permanently if the work of the clerk is found satisfactory.

24th June 1919.

T. A. WHITEHEAD,
District Forest Officer, South Kanara.

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

On or after the 1st August, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Madras, 19th May 1919. M. RAMACHANDRA RAO.

On or after the 31st July, I intend moving the High Court, Madras, to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Wadakanchery, Cochin State, 1st June 1919. S. VENKATAKRISHNA AYYAR.

On or after the 26th July, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Madras, 3rd June 1919. A. DEVARAJA MUDALIYAR.

On or after the 17th July, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Conjeeveram, 6th June 1919. R. TIRUMALAI TATACHARI.

On or after the 28th July, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Saidapet, 9th June 1919. N. SAKHARAM RAO.

On or after the 3rd August, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Madras, 12th June 1919. A. RAMAKRISHNAN.

On or before the 22nd July, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Mannargudi, 12th June 1919. K. V. RAMACHANDRAN, B.A., B.L.

On or after the 19th July, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Trichinopoly, 11th June 1919. C. R. RAJAGOPALACHARI.

On or after the 28th July, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Uyyampad, 16th June 1919. T. K. SRINIVASATATACHARI.

On or after the 27th July, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Triplicane, 10th June 1919. E. R. KRISHNAN.

On or after the 7th August, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Madras, 20th June 1919. V. MAHADEVA AYYAR.

On or after the 18th July, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Trichinopoly, 15th June 1919. S. V. SRINIVASAN.

On or after the 28th July, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Saraveram, 19th June 1919. P. SATYANARAYANA.

On or after the 1st August, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
San Thome, 21st June 1919. S. V. RAJAGOPALAN.

On or after 12th August 1919, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.
Mylapore, 23th June 1919. T. G. RAMASWAMI.

On or after 19th July 1919, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

Ichachpur (Ganjam), 28th June 1919. P. C VENKATARAMANAYYA.

On or after 29th July 1919, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

Madras, 24th June 1919. M. DURAISWAMI AYYANGAR.

On or after 3rd August, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

Madras, 30th June 1919. A. BALAKRISHNAN.

On or after 2nd August, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

Godavari, 23rd June 1919. B. PRAKASAM.

On or after 7th August, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

Madras, 29th June 1919. M. CHIDAMBARA AYYAR.

On or after 17th July, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

Ongole, 24th June 1919. O. NATHANIEL.

I, P. Narayanayya, intend changing my name into O. P. Narayana Rao from 25th June 1919.

Nellore, 29th June 1919. P. NARAYANAYYA.

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

Insolvency Petition No. 52 of 1919 to adjudge petitioners' Chinnaswami Pillai and Periya swami Pillai insolvents is posted for 16th July 1919 before the Official Receiver, Trichinopoly.

N. RAMANATHA AYYAR,
Pleader for petitioners.

Trichinopoly, 26th June 1919.

Notice is given that Kuppuswami Nayudu, son of Muthuvira Nayudu, residing at Tailor's street, Trichinopoly Fort, has filed Insolvency Petition No. 59 of 1919 on the file of the Official Receiver of Trichinopoly for declaring him an insolvent and that the petition is posted for hearing on 14th July 1919.

V. N. GOPALA AYYANGAR,
Pleader for petitioner.

Trichinopoly, 21st June 1919.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend for the half year ended 30th June 1919 of Rs 30 per share, being at the rate of 10 per cent per annum and bonus of 2 per cent per annum on the capital stock of the Bank, will be payable to the proprietors, free of income-tax, on the 15th instant, until which date the transfer books will be closed.

(By order of the Board of Directors)

N. M. MURRAY,
Acting Secretary and Treasurer.

4th July 1919.

STATEMENT OF AFFAIRS OF THE BANK OF MADRAS.

Balance Sheet as at 30th June 1919.

Liabilities.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Assets	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital				75,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	1,76,46,127	10	8
Reserve Fund				52,00,000	0	0	Other authorised Investments ..	6,54,878	9	9
							Loans on Government and other authorised Securities	8,07,46,290	0	2
Public Deposits at Head Office ..	89,91,751	12	11				Accounts of credit on Government and other authorised securities ..	8,76,27,085	2	6
Public Deposits at Branches ..	52,49,078	13	0	1,42,41,429	10	9	Bills discounted and purchased ..	1,00,51,893	15	6
Other Deposits				11,64,09,790	11	5	Balances with other Banks	24,87,156	0	0
Bank Post Bills				53,155	13	6	Bullion	13,035	8	10
Sundries				23,08,020	0	0	Dead Stock	18,05,215	8	5
							Stamps	61,459	28	5
							Sundries	1,95,744	0	7
							Cash	8,23,00,351	10	1
Total ..				14,47,12,882	0	2	Total ..	14,47,12,882	0	0

Profit and Loss Account.

Dr.	Rs.	A.	P.	Cr.	Rs.	A.	P.
To Dividend at 10 per cent per annum on Capital Stock	8,75,000	0	0	By Balance from last half-year ..	2,67,656	0	7
,, Bonus at 2 per cent per annum ..	75,000	0	0	,, Profit for the half-year	6,81,938	8	8
,, Reserve Fund	88,00,000	0	0	,, Reserve Fund at 31st December 1918.	52,00,000	0	0
,, Balance carried forward	2,98,488	8	10				
Total ..	91,49,488	8	10	Total ..	91,49,488	8	10

Published for the information of the proprietors.

(By order of the Board of Directors.)

B. H. E. RICHARDSON,
Chief Accountant.

N. M. MURRAY,
Acting Secretary and Treasurer.

MADRAS PORT TRUST.

MINUTES OF A BOARD MEETING, No. 8 OF 1919-20, HELD ON THE 20TH JUNE 1919.

PRESENT:

Mr. H. H. G. MITCHELL, O.B.E., M. INST. C.E., *Ag. Chairman.*

Mr. F. S. Funnell.
Capt. C. B. Henley, R.I.M.
Mr. M. Brown.
Mr. A. Muirhead, C.I.E.
The Hon'ble Sir Gordon Fraser, *Kt.*
Mr. J. F. Simpson.
Mr. W. A. Turner.
Mr. H. P. M. Rae.
Mr. S. J. Green.
Khan Bahadur Muhammad Abdul Kuddus Badsha Sahyb.
M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur N. C. Rajagopala Achariyar Avargal.
M.R.Ry. C. Gopal Menon Avargal.

127. Read, approved and recorded the minutes of the proceedings of the previous meeting held on Friday, the 6th June 1919.

128. Read and recorded G.O. Mis. No. 260, Revenue (Special) (Marine), dated the 12th June 1919, appointing Mr. A. A. Bigge, M. INST. C.E., to be a Trustee of the port of Madras *vice* Brigadier-General C. L. Magnac, C.M.G., C.B.E., resigned.

129. Read letter, dated 5th June 1919, from M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur C. Ramaswamy Chetti Garu, requesting permission, under section 7 (2) (*c*), Act IX of 1905, to be absent for six consecutive meetings of the Board.

Read also a note by the acting Chairman.

Resolved that the permission asked for be granted.

130. Read a note by the Trust's acting Chief Engineer, submitting for approval a letter from the Oriental Telephone and Electric Company, Limited, Madras, No. 2606, dated the 28th May 1919, revising the tariff scale of rates for telephone lines which have a direct connexion with the Oriental exchange.

Read also a note by the acting Chairman.

Resolved that the revised tariff scale of rates for telephone lines be accepted.

130. Read a letter, dated 9th June 1919, from Messrs. Best & Co. requesting the Trust for reasons given, to remit transit dues on 441 barrels of mineral jelly ex S.S. "City of Birmingham".

Read also a note by the acting Chairman recommending that transit dues be charged throughout at the rate for the first week.

Resolved that Government be asked to sanction the collection of transit dues for the whole period, at the rate laid down for the first week in clause 5 (*a*) Part I-A of the scale of rates.

132. Read report by the Deputy Port Conservator and a note thereon by the acting Chairman.

Resolved to confirm the action of the acting Chairman in having hired the tug "Thruster" for the purpose of towing the "Barquentine Coconada" from Pulicat to Madras.

Resolved also to consult the Board's Solicitors with a view to the preparation of a guarantee form for use when undertaking similar operations in the future.

133. Read a note by Mr. H. Garland, Senior Harbour Master, requesting, for reasons given, that the thirty-six days' privilege leave taken by him in 1916 be commuted to special leave.

Read also a note by the acting Chairman.

Resolved that the thirty-six days privilege leave taken by Mr. H. Garland in 1916 be treated as full pay leave but not debited against the privilege leave which he had earned.

134. Read a note by the Trust's acting Chief Engineer recommending payment of a gratuity of Rs. 100 to the dependants of a Hydraulic crane driver Poonnuswami who was drowned in the Harbour while on duty.

Read also a note by the acting Chairman.

Resolved that Rs. 100 be paid as compensation to these dependants on the workman and that the charge be debited to Revenue Maintenance—VIII. Cranes power.

135. The following statement comparing harbour dues collected in and up to the end of May 1919 with those for the corresponding period of the previous two years was ordered to be recorded:—

Statement showing the amount of dues collected during the month of May 1919.

	1917.			1918.			1919.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
I. Harbour receipts—									
(i) Dues on imports	51,413	5	2	59,800	5	6	69,221	0	6
(ii) Dues on exports	24,699	14	0	25,533	0	0	24,297	1	0
(iii) Transit dues, imports	2,012	12	0	14,176	12	0	23,179	10	0
(iv) Storage exports	378	5	0	5,282	14	0	233	0	0
(v) Rent for storage space ..	1,668	12	0	3,483	3	0	2,526	7	0
(vi) Harbour terminal charges ..	6,726	13	0	6,283	11	11	1,089	8	4
(vii) Cranage	11,858	14	0	7,391	11	0	10,948	4	0
(viii) Porterage, special	964	0	9	1,935	6	4	882	8	0
(ix) Demurrage	408	6	0	291	15	0	215	11	0
(x) Hire of harbour wagons ..	2,500	0	0	275	0	0	700	0	0
II. Rents, fees and penalties—									
(i) Rents of properties	8,210	8	0	13,414	13	0	10,662	0	0
(ii) Overtime fees	1,488	0	0	1,605	0	0	2,134	0	0
(iii) Passenger tolls	3,061	8	6	6,551	4	9	1,031	3	5
(iv) Fines and penalties	—57	0	0	109	4	0	221	10	0
(v) Railway tolls	....			....			....		
III. Sales—									
(i) Water sold to boats	1,674	1	0	1,639	9	0	1,761	0	0
(ii) Do to works	1,101	8	7	643	00	10	694	12	10
(iii) Sale of unclaimed goods ..	—902	10	3	....			902	0	0
(iv) Other sales	....			....			....		
Carried over ..	1,30,384	12	0	1,41,772	1	4	1,85,647	10	1

	1917.	1918.	1919.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Brought forward ..	1,30,384 12 0	1,41,772 1 4	1,86,627 10 1
IV. Contributions to reserve—			
(i) From Port funds ..	....	....	....
(ii) From Government ..	....	....	....
V. Interest—			
Interest on investments ..	....	....	....
VI. Miscellaneous—			
(i) Profit on investments ..	....	....	....
(ii) Commission on Corporation timber licence fees.	267 10 0	267 6 9	336 10 6
VII. Items awaiting adjustment ..	2 10 0	....	....
Total ..	1,30,655 0 6	1,41,978 7 10	1,86,974 4 7

Month.	Actuals of 1917-18.	Actuals of 1918-19.	Actuals of 1919-20.	Increase or decrease in the last two years.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
April ..	79,094 9 10	1,26,866 11 9	2,16,419 0 6	+ 89,722 12 8
May ..	1,30,655 0 0	1,41,978 7 10	1,85,974 4 7	+ 43,994 12 9
June ..	....	....	....	....
July ..	....	....	....	....
August ..	....	....	....	....
September ..	....	....	....	....
October ..	....	....	....	....
November ..	....	....	....	....
December ..	....	....	....	....
January ..	....	....	....	....
February ..	....	....	....	....
March ..	....	....	....	....
Total ..	2,10,359 10 4	2,87,878 3 1	4,01,393 4 4	+1,33,717 11 8

138. Resolved, subject to sanction of Government which is necessary under section 44 (2) of the Madras Port Trust Act to approve of the Trust's Traffic Manager's recommendation for remission of transit dues in four cases amounting to Rs 135.

137. Recorded a *nil* statement of estimates sanctioned since the 6th June 1919.

138. Recorded G.O. No. 52, Routine, Revenue (Special) (Marine), dated 6th June 1919, sanctioning the remission of transit dues amounting to Rs. 18-10-0—*vide* Resolution No. 101, dated 23rd May 1919.

139. Recorded G O Ms. No. 255, Revenue (Special) (Marine), dated the 7th June 1919, sanctioning the refund to Messrs. The Imperial Tobacco Co of harbour dues amounting to Rs. 372-12-0—*vide* Resolution No. 83, dated 23rd May 1919.

140. Recorded G.O. Ms. No. 287, Revenue (Special) (Marine), dated 9th June 1919, sanctioning the remission of transit dues amounting to Rs. 47-4-0, on four bales of paper consigned to Messrs. E.—Shaik Ahmed Saib & Co.—*vide* Resolution No. 84, dated 23rd May 1919.

141. Recorded G.O. No. 453, Financial, dated 11th June 1919, sanctioning the excess expenditure incurred by the Port Trust Board in 1918-19 under certain of the Revenue and Capital Heads of Accounts—*vide* Resolution No. 86, dated 23rd May 1919.

142. Recorded G O No. 778 W, Public Works, dated 12th June 1919, directing publication of a notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette* fixing a flat rate of 5 annas per unit for electric energy supplied by the Madras Electric Supply Corporation, Limited.

143. Recorded G.O. No. 55, Routine (Special) (Marine), dated 18th June 1919, sanctioning the remission of transit dues amounting to Rs. 209-2-0—*vide* Resolution No. 121, dated 6th June 1919.

144. Recorded budget estimates of the Karachi Port Trust for the year 1919-1920.

145. Recorded the Trust's Capital and Revenue Accounts for April 1919.

146. Recorded a review of the Sea-borne trade of the Madras Presidency for the year 1918-19.

147. Securities and cash held by the Bank of Madras for the Madras Port Trust on the 19th June 1919 were ordered to be recorded as follows:—

	Government securities.	Cash balances.
	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Revenue Account	Nil.	2,41,263 15 1
Provident Fund Account	3,75,800	6,504 2 1
Deposit Account	15,950	1,137 14 1
Buban Seiors' Home Charity Account ..	57,500	620 7 0
Disabled Boatmen's Fund Account ..	30,500	1,865 11 11
Pilotage Fund Account	98,400	10,666 0 3
Harbour Dues Advance Account	Nil	1,02,804 14 6
Railway Freight Advance Account	Nil.	26,628 16 8
Capital Account	Nil.	1,77,823 0 9

Port Trust Office, Madras,
4th July 1919.

H. H. G. MITCHELL,
Acting Chairman.

METEOROLOGICAL RESULTS.

FROM THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY REGISTER.

1919	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Thermometers. Corrected daily means. Dry.	Wet.	Observed extremes. Max.	Min.	Maximum solar heat in vacuo.	Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Daily velocity.	Depth of rain.	Cloudy sky.	Bright sunshine.	General weather.
June.	Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Cts.		Miles.	Inches.	Cts.	Hrs.	
30th Mon. ..	29·649	87·8	76·6	101·2	69·8	141·3	55	W. by N. W.	262	0·10	30	6·2	Passing showers
July.													
1st Tues ..	·621	83·2	75·1	98·8	72·6	143·7	55	W. by S.	159	0·01	50	1·0	Do.
2nd Wed. ..	·704	87·3	76·8	103·1	80·8	150·8	50	S. W.	181	..	30	7·1	Passing clouds.
3rd Thurs ..	·741	88·2	76·8	102·8	82·8	153·2	50	S.S.W.	188	..	50	6·3	Do.
4th Fri. ..	·720	87·2	76·7	101·4	82·6	154·4	53	S.S.W.	220	0·21	28	7·5	Showery.
5th Sat. ..	·691	83·1	77·6	93·8	76·1	141·5	77	S.S.W.	141	2·21	85	4·6	Data of Thunder-storm.
6th Sun. ..	·716	84·2	77·5	98·2	78·6	139·2	72	S. W.	128	..	65	5·0	Overcast.

The standard Barometer and Thermometers are read at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 4 p.m. and 8 p.m., and the daily means are obtained by the application of hourly corrections, deduced from twenty years' observations. The cistern of the Barometer is twenty-two feet above the level of the sea, and the receiver of the rain-gauge is two feet from the ground. The wind, rain and general weather registered are for the current civil day—from midnight to midnight.

The total quantity of rain collected since January 1st is 6·68 inches, the average due for the same period being 7·01 inches.

ABSTRACT of the MEAN METEOROLOGICAL CONDITION of MADRAS in JUNE 1919 compared with the average of past years.

Mean values of	1919.	Difference from	Average.
Reduced atmospheric pressure	29·639	0·034 below	29·673
Temperature of air	87·4	1·0 above	86·4
Do. of evaporation	77·0	0·4 „	76·6
Percentage of humidity	61	6 below	64
Greatest solar heat in vacuo	144·7	4·2 above	140·5
Maximum in shade	98·9	0·6 „	98·3
Minimum in shade	80·8	0·5 „	80·3
Do. on grass	73·8	1·2 „	72·6
Rainfall in inches on 12 days	2·49	0·38 „	2·11
Do. since January 1st on 12 days	6·68	1·56 below	8·24
General direction of wind	S.W. by W.	2 points W	S W by S.
Daily velocity in miles	173	45 below	220
Percentage of cloudy sky	71	7 above	64
Do. of bright sunshine	27·4	14·3 below	59·7

DURATION and QUANTITY of the WIND from different points.

From	Hours.	Miles.	From	Hours	Miles.	From	Hours.	Miles.	From	Hours	Miles.
North.	14	64	East.	3	18	South.	6	70	West.	66	705
N. by E.	9	36	E. by S.	11	67	S. by W.	22	118	W. by N.	42	450
N.N.E.	1	14	E.S.E.	9	61	S.S.W.	36	194	W. N.W.	42	284
N.E. by N.	5	32	S.E. by E.	10	61	S.W. by S.	31	140	N.W. by W.	28	175
N.E.	4	30	S.E.	14	97	S.W.	53	286	N W.	7	59
N.E. by E.	3	11	S.E. by S.	19	135	S.W. by W.	42	335	N.W. by N	8	21
E.N.E	2	20	S.S.E.	28	184	W.S.W.	49	468	N.N.W.	1	3
E. by N.	5	40	S. by E.	27	203	W. by S.	98	807	N. by W.	4	28

There were 11 calm hours during the month. The resultant corresponding to the above numbers is represented by a W.S.W. wind, blowing with a uniform daily velocity of 100 miles.

EDWARD B. ROSS,
Offg. Deputy Director.

Madras Observatory, 7th July 1919.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 27.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 8, 1919. [Price, 6 pies.

ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 5TH JULY 1919.

DISTRICT REPORTS.

GANJAM.

Water-supply sufficient. Russellkonda 27·45 feet. Sarada 15·00 feet. Ploughing sowing of paddy progressing and transplantation of ragi commencing. Standing crops poor to fair. Harvest nil. Pasture sufficient, fodder scarce in two talukas. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available except in two talukas. Grain-stocks insufficient in five talukas.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Sowing of gingelly, paddy proceeding or concluding and chama, millet, ragi, groundnut, cumbu concluding and transplantation of cumbu and ragi proceeding or concluding in parts. Standing crops thriving. Harvested paddy; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient. Fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally inadequate. Prospects improving.

GODAVARI.

Water-supply insufficient in three talukas. Godavari 2·5 feet above anicut. Ploughing; sowing of dry crops, transplanting paddy and preparing seedbeds in progress in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested chama, outturn fair; dalwa fair to normal. Pasture sufficient except in one taluk. Fodder available except in two talukas and two divisions and in parts of another taluk. Condition of cattle good. Employment generally available. Grain-stocks insufficient in uplands. Prospects fair.

KISTNA.

Water-supply insufficient in parts of one taluk. Kistna 3·00 feet above anicut. Sowing of cumbu and korra and transplantation of paddy progressing or commencing in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvest nil. Pasture sufficient except in parts of one taluk. Fodder available except in parts of one taluk. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient except in uplands. Prospects poor in uplands, fair elsewhere.

GUNTUR.

Water-supply insufficient in four talukas and parts of two others. Ploughing; sowing of dry crops, raising of seed beds and transplantation of paddy in progress. Standing crops fair. Harvests nil. Pasture scarce in three talukas and parts of two others. Fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment adequate. Grain-stocks sufficient except in parts of two talukas. Prospects hopeful.

KURNOOL.

Water-supply insufficient in tanks. Tungabhadra 11 feet above anicut, Sunkesala anicut average discharge 1,036 cusecs. Sowing of early crops in red-soil tracts and preparation of other lands in progress. Pasture improving. Fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good but rinderpest prevails in three villages. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects hopeful.

BANGANAPALLE.

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing in progress. Standing crops good. Pasture becoming available; fodder getting scarce. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

BELLARY.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in one taluk. Sowing of early crops proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy; outturn fair. Pasture scanty; fodder sufficient except in one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient except in one taluk. Prospects fair.

SANDUR.

Water-supply sufficient for drinking purposes. Sowing of cholam proceeding in parts. Standing crops good. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle fair, but malignant sorethroat prevails in one village. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

ANANTAPUR.

Water-supply insufficient except under wells and a few channels and tanks. Ploughing; sowing of ragi, cholam, groundnut, castor, urika, redgram, shama, shillies, cumbu, cotton and pulses, and transplantation of ragi and shillies and weeding of sugarcane and dry crops proceeding in parts. Standing crops generally fair. Pasture, sprouting; fodder generally available. Condition of cattle generally good, but malignant sorethroat prevails in parts of one taluk and disease (unspecified) in parts of another. Employment generally available. Grain-stocks insufficient. Prospects slightly encouraging.

CUDDAPAH.

Water-supply sufficient except under a few tanks and channels. Ploughing; sowing of groundnut, korra, cumbu turmeric and castor and transplantation and weeding of paddy, ragi and cumbu proceeding in parts. Condition of standing crops not reported. Harvested cumbu, cholam, korra, tobacco and indigo; outturn fair. Pasture scanty; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good but rinderpest prevails in parts of one taluk. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

NELLORE.

Water-supply insufficient except in two taluks and one division. Flow over the Nellore and Sangam anicuts nil and 0·4 foot respectively. Supply at the Kanigiri reservoir adequate. Ploughing; sowing and transplantation of cumbu proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested cholam and cumbu; outturn fair to normal; paddy bad to normal. Pasture generally scanty; fodder generally available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects good.

CHINGLEPUT.

Water supply generally insufficient. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, gingelly and cumbu under wells; transplantation of paddy and ragi, and weeding of gingelly and cumbu proceeding in parts. Agricultural operations backward due to scanty rains. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but disease (unspecified) prevails in two villages. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

MADRAS.

Employment available. Grain-stocks—rice sufficient, but ragi insufficient.

SOUTH ARCOT.

Water-supply insufficient except in parts. Ploughing and manuring; sowing of paddy, cumbu, cholam, groundnut, ragi and varaga, planting sugarcane, transplantation of ragi and paddy under wells, and weeding of cumbu proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, groundnut, gingelly and cholam; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient except in two taluks and in parts of another; fodder available except in parts. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of three taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient except in two taluks and in parts of another. Prospects generally fair.

CHITTOOR.

Water-supply generally insufficient. Ploughing; sowing of cumbu and groundnut and transplantation of paddy and ragi under wells proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested cholam, groundnut and paddy; outturn poor to normal. Pasture scanty in parts; fodder scanty in parts. Condition of cattle fair to good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of two taluks, foot-and-mouth disease in one taluk, anthrax in another taluk and black-quarter in one division. Employment available except in parts of one division and one taluk. Grain-stocks generally sufficient except in parts of one division and two taluks. Prospects generally fair.

NORTH ARCOT.

Water-supply insufficient. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, cumbu, groundnut and gingelly and transplantation of paddy and ragi proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, cholam, castor and gingelly; outturn fair. Pasture improving; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally fair, but rinderpest prevails in parts of one taluk and one division. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects more rain needed.

SALEM.

Water-supply insufficient except under Cauvery channels. Ploughing; sowing of cumbu, cholam and gingelly and transplantation of ragi under wells proceeding in parts. Dry crops withering in one taluk and require rain urgently in other taluks; crops under wells fair. Harvested cumbu, cholam, ragi, paddy, tenai and cotton; outturn fair. Pasture scarce in two taluks; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of one taluk. Employment generally available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects not bad.

COIMBATORE.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts. Five feet of water in the Cauvery at Erode. Ploughing; sowing of cholam concluding; of cumbu proceeding or concluding; transplantation of ragi and paddy proceeding; of sugarcane commencing. Standing crops fair. Harvested gingelly; outturn poor; cholam, ragi, cumbu and cotton, fair; sugarcane, normal. Pasture sufficient except in two taluks; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of two taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient except in six taluks. Prospects encouraging.

TRICHINOPOLY.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of two taluks. 3·6 feet of water over the Grand Anicut. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, ragi, cumbu and transplantation of paddy, ragi, turmeric and sugarcane proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, cholam and cumbu; outturn fair to normal. Pasture generally sufficient except in the dry parts of one taluk; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good; but dysentery prevails in parts of one taluk. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects fair.

TANJORE.

Water-supply sufficient in all the deltaic taluks, bad in two taluks, indifferent in the dry parts of another taluk and fair elsewhere. Height of water over the crest of the northern and southern branches of the Coleroon at the Lower Anicut 7·7 feet. Ploughing; raising of seedlings, transplantation of paddy commencing in two taluks and of ragi proceeding in parts of one taluk and two others. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested gingelly, maize, paddy and ragi; outturn fair. Pasture

sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good; but rinderpest prevails in three taluks. Employment generally available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects not very encouraging in portions of the district and somewhat indifferent in parts of one taluk.

PUDUKKOTTAI.

[Not received].

MADURA.

Water-supply insufficient except in Periyar-affected parts of three taluks and two divisions. Discharge through the Periyar main channel 728 cusecs. Ploughing and manuring; sowing of paddy, ragi, cholam and cumbu on dry lands under wells proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy and cholam; outturn fair. Pasture generally sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good but foot and mouth disease prevails in one village. Employment available. Grain-stocks insufficient in parts. Prospects fair.

RAMNAD.

Water-supply insufficient except in parts of one taluk. Ploughing; sowing of cotton and gingelly under wells; cultivation of plantain and transplantation of ragi and chillies commencing or concluding in parts. Standing crops fair to good, but paddy withering in parts of one taluk. Harvested paddy, cotton, cumbu, gingelly, plantain, tobacco and betels; outturn poor to fair. Pasture sufficient except in three divisions; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally insufficient. Prospects fair.

TINNEVELLY.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of two taluks. No flow over Srivaikuntam anicut. Discharge not reported. Sowing and transplantation of paddy in progress in parts. Agricultural operations below normal in two taluks. Standing crops good. Harvested gingelly; outturn poor. Pasture sufficient except in parts of two taluks; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available except in parts of one taluk. Grain-stocks insufficient in five taluks. Prospects fair.

MALABAR.

Water-supply sufficient. First crop cultivation proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvest nil. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good; but anthrax prevails in parts of one taluk. Employment available. Grain-stocks fairly sufficient. Prospects fair.

SOUTH KANARA.

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing; sowing and transplantation of paddy progressing. Standing crops fair. Harvest nil. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TRAVANCORE.

Water-supply and pasturage sufficient. Sowing of paddy progressing. Condition of cattle good.

COCHIN.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good.

THE NILGIRIS.

Water-supply sufficient. Pitting, manuring, pruning, weeding, sowing and transplanting proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested tea and coffee; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle fair, but rinderpest prevails in parts of one division. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SEASON TELEGRAM TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, SIMLA.

Week ending 5th July 1919.—Rainfall very heavy Malabar, South Kanara; heavy Cochin, Ganjam, Vizagapatam Agency; good Vizagapatam Littoral, Godavari, Madras, Travancore, (the) Hills; nil Trichinopoly, Madura; light or fair elsewhere. Standing crops fair generally but withering in small areas in Salem and Ramnad. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops limited; outturn generally fair, but poor in parts of five districts. Sowings of paddy progressing extensively on West Coast; cultivation of paddy and dry crops elsewhere limited. Condition of cattle good generally. Water insufficient except in Ganjam, Vizagapatam, West Coast and (the) Hills. Pasture sufficient except in parts of thirteen districts. Fodder insufficient in parts of six districts. Prices showing tendency to rise. Prospects continue bad in parts of Ganjam and Kistna; elsewhere fair generally. Numbers on three test works in Kistna 1,134; gratuitous relief 231; total 1,515.

Special report for Ganjam.—Relief works 25 Goomsur, 13 Udayagiri and 21 Kallikota-Atagada in progress. Poor ryots, coolies, Khonds and Panos in Goomsur mostly affected. People resorting freely to works. Condition of people and public health generally fair, though cholera and smallpox prevail in parts. Relief measures adequate. Distribution of cloths provided. Remissions being granted and State loans being advanced where necessary. Prices, rice 3·70 seers Goomsur, 4·00 Udayagiri. Test works with gratuitous relief—one in Biridi, Palur and Humma of Chatrapur taluk and one in Ronabha estate in progress. Numbers on Chatrapur and Ronabha test works 520 and 194; relief works 52,592; gratuitous relief incomplete 84,893; total 138,204.

BOARD OF REVENUE
(R.S., SUR., L. RDS. & AGRI.),
MADRAS, *8th July 1919.*

P. NARAYANA MENON,
Secretary.

RAINFALL AND PRICES OF THE STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 5TH JULY 1919.

Districts		Rainfall in inches.				Price in Seers (of 80 Tolas) per Rupee.											
		In the week.		Up to the end of the week from 1st April.		Rice.			Ragi.			Cholam.			Cumbu.		
		1919.	Average of 25 years ending 1914.	1919.	Average of 25 years ending 1914.	Average for July.*	Last week.	This week.	Average for July.*	Last week.	This week.	Average for July.*	Last week.	This week.	Average for July.*	Last week.	This week.
Circars	Ganjam	4·4	2·1	17·0	10·5	9·5	(c) 4·1	4·6	16·6	(a) 5·7	6·0	..		..	..	..	..
	Vizagapatam A.	4·2	3·3	13·1	12·3	8·6	(a) 4·4	4·5	14·7	6·1	6·0	..	6·6	6·6	14·9	(a) 8·6	8·2
	Vizagapatam L.	2·6	1·4	10·2	8·1												
	Godavari	1·1	1·2	10·6	8·2	10·1	4·6	5·0	16·5	(a) 6·0	5·6	16·5	6·1	6·0	..	7·0	6·6
	Kistna	0·5	1·1	9·3	6·0	8·8	(a) 5·4	5·2	14·6	7·7	7·5	12·5	6·3	5·7	..	7·0	6·5
	Guntur	0·1	0·7	5·2	4·6	9·6	4·6	4·6	..	6·1	6·3	13·5	5·6	5·6	16·5	6·4	6·4
Deccan	Kurnool	0·7	0·6	5·6	4·4	8·4	4·6	4·6	..	6·9	6·7	13·0	(a) 6·6	6·0	13·6	(a) 6·6	6·6
	Bangalore	0·3	† 0·3	6·4	† 3·6	..	4·6	4·6	..	..	..	..	6·6	5·6	..	7·0	7·0
	Bellary	0·2	0·4	7·4	5·6	7·4	5·7	5·6	..	5·6	5·6	15·6	4·8	4·8	..	..	..
	Anantapur	0·7	† 0·7	8·6	† 6·6	..	3·6	3·2	..	..	..	..	6·4	6·4	..	7·5	7·0
	Cuddapah	0·2	0·4	6·3	4·6	8·0	4·4	4·8	17·2	6·4	6·4	15·8	5·7	5·8	16·5	..	..
		0·2	0·6	5·9	4·1	8·8	4·9	4·1	16·4	6·8	6·8	16·6	6·6	6·5	14·6	6·6	5·8
Carnatic	Nellore	0·3	0·3	3·5	3·4	10·0	6·5	5·4	15·8	7·4	7·2	14·3	6·6	6·2	14·0	6·0	6·6
	Chingleput	0·4	0·3	4·0	2·6	6·6	6·6	6·1	12·6	8·2	8·9	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madras	1·2	0·6	4·4	6·3	7·0	4·8	4·7	13·4	8·2	8·2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	South Arcot	0·3	0·3	5·0	4·0	8·6	4·5	4·4	13·5	8·4	8·9	..	..	..	13·1	5·9	5·4
	Chittoor	0·2	0·3	6·6	6·0	8·6	6·1	6·6	16·1	5·9	6·6	..	..	..	14·0	6·5	6·4
Central	North Arcot	0·3	0·4	7·6	6·2	8·6	4·6	4·6	14·4	6·7	6·4	..	..	..	12·8	6·3	5·3
	Salem	0·3	0·4	6·0	6·4	8·7	4·4	4·6	16·3	6·6	6·6	14·1	5·4	6·4	13·7	5·1	5·2
	Coimbatore	0·1	0·2	6·3	7·1	7·6	4·3	4·1	13·6	6·8	6·2	13·2	5·6	5·6	12·3	6·5	5·6
	Trichinopoly	..	0·2	6·6	6·2	8·7	4·6	4·1	15·9	6·7	6·4	14·3	5·4	6·6	12·6	6·2	6·1
South	Tanjore	0·1	0·2	6·5	6·6	8·2	4·6	4·6	13·8	6·7	6·2	..	..	..	..	6·6	6·6
	Pudukkottai	..	0·3	..	5·2	..	4·6	..	..	7·2	..	..	7·1	..	..	6·6	..
	Madura	..	0·2	6·4	6·6	8·1	(c) 3·6	6·7	14·1	(a) 6·1	6·6	12·5	(c) 6·4	6·6	11·6	(a) 6·5	5·5
	Ramnad	0·1	0·1	6·2	4·3	8·7	4·1	4·6	13·7	7·1	6·7	15·9	6·6	6·7	11·6	6·2	6·1
	Tinnevelly	0·1	0·2	6·6	4·2	6·6	6·6	6·4	13·6	6·5	6·6	14·6	(a) 6·7	6·1	11·4	6·6	6·6
West Coast	Malabar	7·0	6·5	26·7	41·6	8·1	6·6	6·7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	South Kanara	11·4	9·3	44·4	42·6	6·6	4·1	4·1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Travancore	2·0	3·6	24·1	24·7	..	5·6	5·6	..	11·4	11·4	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Cochin	5·0	† 6·6	39·6	† 37·2	..	4·5	4·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hills	The Nilgiris	2·5	2·2	21·6	16·6	7·1	4·6	4·6	12·6	6·6	6·6	..	..	..	..	..	..

A. = Agency; L. = Littoral. * Average of the 15 years ending 1918-19. † Average of 10 years. (a) Revised figures.

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SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 27] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 8, 1919. Price, 1 anna.

SALT, ABKARI AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION.

No. 12, *dated* 23*rd June* 1919.

NOTICE OF SALE OF ABKARI PRIVILEGES

Notice is hereby given that the privilege of sale of toddy in independent shops in the tree-tax areas of the Presidency including the Sanganapalle State and the toddy farms of 122 villages of the Parlakimedi Maliahs of the Ganjam district will be put up to auction subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth. The period for which the privileges will be sold will be twelve months commencing 1st October 1919 and ending 30th September 1920. The number of shops and farms, the local limits appointed for them and the dates on which, the places at which and the officers by whom the auction sales will be conducted will be notified by Collectors in their District Gazettes. The Collector of Ganjam will notify separately the special conditions applicable to the toddy farms in his district. A separate notification will be issued regarding operations under the tree-tax system.

Conditions of Auction Sale.

I. A deposit must be made by each bidder before bidding and will be received by the selling officer on the day of sale. A deposit of Rs. 50 will ordinarily be required from any person wishing to bid for any important shop or any large number of shops This will be reduced to Rs. 20 in the case of bidders for not more than two or three shops of an aggregate monthly value of Rs. 50 or less and to Rs. 5 in the case of bidders for single small shops. In the Kurnool district, the selling officer may, where he finds it necessary, require a deposit of Rs. 10 from bidders for toddy shops. In the South Kanara district, the selling officer may, at his discretion, reduce the deposit to Rs. 2 for shops whose average monthly rental does not exceed Rs. 2. In the case of farms Rs. 100 will be the ordinary deposit. This will be reduced to Rs. 50 in the case of bidders for farms of an aggregate monthly rental of not more than Rs. 100 and to Rs. 10 in the case of bidders for single small farms.

II. The shops or farms will be put up to auction in the order in which they are notified, unless the selling officer sees reason to change that order. Upset prices will be fixed at the discretion of the Collectors. The reserve price placed by Government on the shops or farms will not be published, but the average of the previous five years' rentals will be notified by the Collectors, wherever possible, for the information of bidders.

III. No person will be allowed to bid for another unless he holds a power of attorney from him.

IV. The officer conducting the sale may, at his discretion, refuse to accept the bid of any person on the ground (1) that he has been convicted by a Criminal Court or has previously been guilty of such a breach of the conditions of licence or of a contract under the Abkari Act as to render him undesirable as a holder of a licence; or (2) that he is insolvent or in arrears to Government; (3) that his bid is purely speculative; (4) that he is a village officer or a relative of a village officer of the village in which the shop is situated or which is supplied by the shop, or of a neighbouring village; (5) that he is a contract supplier of country spirits for the contract area within which the shop is situated, (6) that he is a trader bidding for beer shops; (7) that such a course is necessary to prevent arrangements to the detriment of Government interests; or (8) for any other valid reason

V. The shops will be knocked down to the highest bidder. If for any of the reasons mentioned in the preceding clause the highest bid is rejected, the next highest shall be taken or the shop resold at the selling officer's discretion. In case of dispute the selling officer's decision shall be final. The sale will be subject to formal confirmation of the Collector, who shall be at liberty to accept or reject any bid at his discretion. Such formal confirmation will be tantamount to an acceptance of the bid, unless resised by the Board of Revenue for special reasons, and will be necessary whether the sale be held by the Collector himself or by any officer appointed by him.

VI. At the close of each day's sale, the deposits made by the unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them. As the auction proceeds, each person whose bid is accepted shall at once, if so required by the selling officer, or otherwise at the close of the day's sale, make a further deposit of half a month's rent (in addition to the deposit made under clause I) for each shop or farm unless the mutual deposit equals or exceeds two months' rent. Should he fail to do so, the deposit made by him under clause I will be forfeited and the shop or farm will be put up again immediately by the selling officer on the above conditions or otherwise disposed of by the Collector and the defaulter will be debarred from bidding again for the same or for any other shop or farm.

VII. Any person to whom a shop or farm has been knocked down and who has made deposits as provided in clauses I and VI shall also deposit, in cash or approved security, within ten days from the date of communication of the Collector's acceptance of the bid, such further sum as with the former deposits will make up two months' rent and shall without unnecessary delay take out a licence on the conditions hereinafter set forth. In the event of the purchaser's death after issue of the licence, his heirs and assigns shall be responsible for all moneys that may become due to Government under the terms of the licence as well as for the proper observance of all the conditions of the licence. Should the initial deposit exceed two months' rental, the excess will be refunded unless the purchaser is requested to deposit twice that sum under clause VIII infra.

VIII. If on enquiry subsequent to sale the purchaser shall be found to be of doubtful solvency, he may be required either to deposit two months' rental in addition to the sum prescribed in clause VII supra, or to get a surety or sureties to execute a security bond for the due payment of all moneys that may become due by him under the terms of the contract. The bond shall be stamped (article 57, Schedule I, Act II of 1899) and registered at the expense of the purchaser if the amount secured exceeds Rs. 1,000. In all cases where sureties are demanded the licensee shall be bound to execute a counterpart agreement.

IX. On the failure of any person to make a deposit or take out a licence under clause VII or to comply with any requisition or to execute any engagement under clause VIII supra, the deposits already made may be forfeited and the shop or farm may be resold under the orders of the Divisional Officer on a date to be notified by the Collector or may be otherwise disposed of by the latter officer. Resales under this clause will be at the risk of the defaulting bidder, who will forfeit all gain, and in the event of a loss, will be required to make good the deficiency between the total amount payable for the whole period under the terms of the original sale and the total amount payable by the successful bidder at the resale. In the latter case, the forfeited deposits will be deducted from the loss arising from the resale, and the remainder, if any, will be recoverable in the same manner as if it were an arrear of land revenue. Should, however, the forfeited deposits be greater than the loss by resale, the whole of such deposits will be credited to Government. The defaulting bidder will be similarly liable if the shop or farm is disposed of otherwise than by resale and such disposal results in loss to Government as compared with the original sale.

X. The purchaser of any abkari or opium privilege is liable to the penalties prescribed for breaches of the conditions set forth below, though a formal licence may not have been issued to him.

XI. The deposits referred to in clause VII or VIII may be made either in cash or in recognized Government, Port Trust, Municipal or Local Board securities or by depositing Postal Savings Bank pass-books. When deposits are made otherwise than in cash, the Collector may demand that they shall be of such higher face value than the cash deposit required, as in the circumstances of the market he may think necessary. The securities or Savings Bank pass-books deposited must be endorsed in the name of the Collector and Government promissory notes must be enfaced for payment of interest at the treasuries at which they are deposited, if so required. Deposits in cash will be adjusted towards the instalments of kists due in the last months of the period of the lease. Deposits of securities or savings bank pass-books will be returned upon payment of the full amount of the kists due in cash unless the depositors wish that Government should take them over, in which case they will be taken over at the price of the day, and the balance, if any, due to Government must be paid in cash. In cases of default under clause IX of the conditions of auction sale or under condition 37 of the General Conditions applicable to all Abkari and Opium licences, all securities deposited are liable to be sold for any amount due to Government under the terms of the lease, the retundoday, if any, due after such sale, being recovered as arrears.

General Conditions applicable to all Abkari and Opium Licences.

1. Shops and depots must be opened by the dates fixed by the Collectors and must be kept open every day unless their temporary or permanent closure is authorized under condition 10, 11 or 41 infra.

2. Except where definite sites in the possession or under the control of Government have been prescribed, purchasers of shops must make their own arrangements for securing proper sites for their shops. They are at liberty to choose any site within the local limits notified by the Collector, provided the site selected is approved of by the Revenue and Police authorities. The limits of the site selected and approved will be entered in the licence. The possession (except subject to the rules applicable to unlicensed persons) or sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs outside those limits is prohibited.

3. Sales under any abkari or opium licence must be conducted in an approved building of which the whole or the whole of a separable part must be entirely set aside for sale as a depot or shop. In the case of arrack shops and taverns in municipalities, or towns having a population of 20,000 or over, there shall be no possible means of ingress or egress in any direction except into the main street; if there are other doors they shall be kept locked under the seal of an officer of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department; the interior of the shop shall be sufficiently lighted by day and the whole interior visible from the front door; the shop shall not be used as a place of residence save by the vendor and his family or caretakers. If there are means of communication between the depot or shop and an adjoining dwelling house, they must be kept locked at night.

4. Except when two or more foreign liquor licences are held by one person or in the case of licences held by chemists and druggists and medical practitioners, sales under different licences must be conducted in different premises.

5. Private bars in liquor shops may be allowed by the Collector under a special licence to be granted by him free of fee; provided that the interior of the bar is wholly visible from the doorway

and that the entrance to it is either through the main door of the shop or through a separate door provided with a proper sign to show the nature of the bar.

6. A signboard must be affixed to the front of each depot or shop showing the nature and number of the licence under which sales are conducted there, the name of the licensee and (except in the case of foreign liquor) the current rate of sale. These particulars must be legibly painted in the local vernacular and in the case of taverns and wholesale depots in English also. The licence must be hung up in a conspicuous place within the depot or shop.

7. The possession upon any licensed premises of any liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs except that to which the licence relates or of any essence or substance used or capable of being used for colouring or flavouring liquor except in accordance with the terms of a compounding licence is prohibited.

8. Such supply of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs as the Collector may consider sufficient to meet local requirements must be maintained in depots and shops.

9. No arrack shop, foreign liquor tavern or beer shop and none of the toddy shops opened for the supply of toddy to the Salem town shall be opened before 9-30 a.m. No other shop or depot shall be opened before sunrise.

10. (a) No depot or shop shall be kept open after 8 p.m. except under special authority. Collectors may at their discretion order the closure of any depot at sunset and may on the report of the Police or for other sufficient reasons order the closure of any shop at an earlier hour if they consider such a course to be advisable in the interests of the public. The Board may for sufficient reasons order the general closure of any kind or kinds or all kinds of licensed premises at any earlier hour than 8 p.m.

(b) Collectors are authorised to notify at the time of the auction sales that specified shops will be closed on the occasion of specified festivals and that the hours of sale at specified shops which are situated within a mile of a market or shandy will be limited on market days generally or that they will be liable to limitation on such occasions by orders issued during the currency of the lease, if it is found that the shops promote drunkenness. Discretion is also allowed to Collectors to order the closure of specified shops within 3 furlongs of factories, mills and other places where large numbers of operatives assemble on week days from 11-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m. on the afternoons of pay days and at all hours on Sundays except between 11-30 a.m. and 4 p.m. A special condition embodying these restrictions or liabilities will be inserted by the Collector in the licences granted to the renters of all such shops.

11. Depots and shops situated on or adjacent to line of march must be closed, if the Collector so orders, while a regiment or detachment of soldiers is passing or is encamped in the vicinity. Collectors or Divisional Officers shall have power also temporarily to close any shops in times of religious excitement or disturbance. Every depot and shopkeeper shall on his motion close his depot or shop when there is a riot or disturbance in the neighbourhood.

12. All liquor, opium and intoxicating drugs sold or kept for sale shall be of good quality and unadulterated. Nothing shall be added to liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs either to increase their intoxicating power or for any other purpose. This prohibition, however, does not apply to the compounding or blending of liquor or to the manufacture of intoxicating drugs from hemp drugs and opium in accordance with the terms of a licence. Liquor shall not be bottled except under a bottling licence. Nor shall different kinds of liquors be mixed and sold under the designation of one of them.

13. No women shall be employed in any abkari or opium shop for the sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs without the special permission of the Collector unless she be a member of the renter's family.

14. The sale or transport of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs by persons below the age of 18 or by persons suffering from leprosy or any contagious disease and the employment in any capacity of such persons in shops or depots licensed for the sale of the same are prohibited. No persons who have been convicted under the Indian Penal Code shall be employed in the transport or sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs without the Collector's previous permission. The Divisional Officer may, where necessary, call for the names of all persons employed or proposed to be employed in any depot or shop and forbid the sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs by any person of whom he may disapprove.

15. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold or given—

(a) Except at shops specially approved by the General Officer Commanding the Division (or Independent Brigade) or the Officer Commanding the Cantonment or Camp, and then only in respect of such liquors as shall be approved by the same authority in consultation with the local Excise authorities and specified in the licence—

(b) (1) to sailors of the Royal Navy, soldiers and members of their families; or
(2) to any other person living in barracks;

(c) (1) to persons whom a vendor knows, or has reason to believe, to be camp followers, i.e., any class of followers (other than private servants) whether on or off duty, who have a right to be in cantonments;
(2) to Policemen, Excise officers and Railway servants when on duty; or,

(d) in any circumstances to any—
(1) European vagrant under escort of the Police;
(2) child or young person under eighteen years of age;
(3) insane person; or
(4) person known or believed to be intoxicated.

Note.—The restrictions in (a) and (b) do not apply to soldiers, their families and followers when they are absent on leave from their regiments.

16. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold in shops except for cash. The licensee shall be bound to give intimation of the offer of anything other than cash to the nearest Magistrate or Police officer. This condition is not, however, meant to restrict credit sales in the ordinary course of business by shopkeepers or firms of standing and respectability dealing in foreign liquor for consumption off the premises.

17. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold either below or above such minimum * or maximum † prices as may be fixed for sale of the same in accordance with the law for the time being in force.

* For liquor shops—vide Board's Notification No. 6, dated 21st January 1919.
† For opium shops in the Agency tracts of the Ganjam, Vizagapatnam and Godavari districts a uniform rate of 13

18. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug in excess of the quantities prescribed for possession without a licence as specified below shall be issued to any person at any one time from any licensed premises without a valid permit, nor shall liquor or intoxicating drugs be sold at wholesale depots in quantities less than the minima prescribed :—

Arrack.	Toddy	Ganja	Opium.
One-sixth of a gallon except at special localities separately notified, where it is generally one dram. In the Coimbatore and Cuddapah talukas and the Salem municipality four drams.	One gallon except at special localities separately notified, where it is one dram. In the Kurnool municipality and in certain villages near the Nallamalais separately notified in the Kurnool district and in the Salem municipality and the adjoining Kannankurichi and Ommyapatti villages 16 drams.	In the Agencies of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari ten tolas of ganja and forty tolas of bhang, and elsewhere five tolas of ganja, twenty tolas of bhang and preparations or admixtures containing the above quantities.	In the Agencies of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari any quantity up to three tolas, and elsewhere one tola of opium or preparations therefrom other than morphia or preparations for smoking.

Permits shall be in printed books, which can be obtained at all offices of the Inspectors of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department on production of receipts for payment of the cost price into a Government Treasury. The signing of blank permits for subsequent issue is prohibited.

19. Only such weights and measures as may from time to time be prescribed by the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue shall be possessed or used on any licensed premises, and they shall be tested and stamped by the stamping establishment of the district if the Collector shall so direct.

20. No drunkenness, disorder or gaming shall be permitted in depots or shops. Entertainments of any kind in depots or shops are also strictly forbidden.

21. No robbers or thieves or disorderly or riotous persons shall be harboured in depots and shops. Intimation of their resort thereto shall be given to the nearest Magistrate or Police officer.

22. No person shall be harboured in any depot or shop during the night.

23. True accounts of transactions shall be maintained from day to day in ink in the prescribed form. Unless special permission is given to the contrary, separate accounts shall be kept for the transactions under each licence. The accounts shall be in printed books which may be obtained from local Revenue officers on payment of cost price. Permits for liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs received and the counterfoils of permits issued must be carefully filed in support of the accounts. The accounts and counterfoils of permits shall be preserved for one year after the period covered by the licence and shall be produced when called for by an officer not below the rank of an Assistant Inspector of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department.

24. Except in the case of fixed fee licences, the amount for which the privilege of sale has been purchased shall be payable in twelve equal monthly instalments into a Government treasury on or before the 10th of each month beginning with April or October as the case may be. Interest will be levied on any amounts not so paid and after the 25th of the month in Madras town or the 20th of the month elsewhere shops are liable to be sold for failure to pay kists. Toddy shops may also be resold for failure to pay tree tax. Fees for depot licences must be prepaid.

25. No remission or abatement of the rent shall be claimable on any account whatever.

26. Power is reserved to Revenue officers to suspend licences in case of failure of payment of kists or in the case of toddy licences of tree-tax on the due date. In the case of arrack, toddy, ganja and beer shops and taverns, this power will be exercised by Tahsildars or Deputy Tahsildars in independent charge, in the case of opium shops by Divisional Officers and in other cases by Collectors. In the event of suspension of a licence for failure to pay arrears, the privilege of sale will be resold with effect from the date of issue of the licence to the new purchaser or otherwise disposed of at the Collector's discretion. All losses on account of suspension and resale or other disposal of the privilege shall be borne by the defaulting licensee, but he shall have no right to any gain which may accrue. The whole of the deposit, if any, made by the licensee shall be liable to forfeiture. The officer who has power to suspend the licence may at his discretion allow sales to continue pending resale or other disposal of the privilege.

27. No privilege of supply or vend shall be sold, transferred or sub-rented without the Collector's previous permission. Nor, if the Collector so orders, shall any agent be appointed for the management of any such privilege without his previous approval.

28. No holder of any abkari or opium licence will be allowed, without special permission from the Collector, to possess any interest in any abkari or opium licence in any Native State or foreign territory or in any British territory where a low rate of duty is in force and which is adjacent to the district in which he holds his licence.

29. Such returns and information as may be required by the Divisional Officer from time to time shall be furnished by holders of licenses.

30. Licensees are bound to report to the Divisional Officer all instances which come to their knowledge of persons employed by them in the manufacture, transport or sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs, committing breaches of the $\frac{\text{Abkari}}{\text{Opium}}$ laws and to comply with the Divisional Officer's orders respecting the continued employment of such persons.

31. Pecuniary dealings by licensees of any kind whatever with officials of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department are absolutely prohibited.

32. With the sanction of the Board of Revenue, any licence shall be revocable by the Collector at his discretion on giving the licensee fifteen days' notice of such revocation, in which case a proportionate part of the fee paid will be refunded.

33. All licensees shall be bound by any additional general rules that may be prescribed under the $\frac{\text{Abkari}}{\text{Opium}}$ laws and shall, if so required by the Collector or any officer authorised by him, deliver up their licences for amendment or for the issue of fresh ones.

34. The officers authorized to inspect licensed shops and depots are—

(1) any officer of the Revenue Department of rank not lower than Revenue Inspector, and

(2) any officer of the Salt, Abkári and Customs Department of rank not lower than Sub-Inspector.

These officers are empowered to enter and examine the premises, to test the weights, measures, liquor, opium and intoxicating drugs in the possession of the licensees, and to call for and check the accounts kept in the shop or depot. Police officers will also make inspections when it comes within the scope of their duty.

35. All officers authorized to inspect depots and shops are authorized to detain any liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs found unfit for consumption or one or which they may believe to have been tampered with in any of the ways referred to in condition 12 and all Collectors and Deputy and Assistant Commissioners of the Salt, Abkári and Customs Department are empowered to condemn, or destroy such liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs.

36. An inspection note-book, with pages numbered consecutively, shall be maintained for the use of inspecting officers and shall be handed over to the Inspector of the circle or to any officer authorized by him to receive it on a receipt being given therefor.

37. An infraction of any of the conditions of the licence either by a licensee or by any person in his employment will render the licensee liable to—

Either (a) fine up to Rs. 50;

or (b) cancellation of licence and resale or other disposal of the privilege at the risk of the licensee and, if considered necessary by the Collector, forfeiture of deposits;

or (c) prosecution of the licensee or his agent for the specific offence committed.

The rent for the whole lease shall become due at once, when a lease is cancelled under this condition.

NOTE.—For continuing breaches of a licence, continuing fines may be imposed.

38. Any licence may be forfeited and the privilege be resold or otherwise disposed of at the risk of the licensee if the licensee be convicted before a Magistrate of any offence against the Abkári Act, or of any offence under the Indian Penal Code, which in the Collector's opinion renders Opium him unfit to hold it, or if it is brought to the notice of the Collector that the licensee has been convicted prior to the issue of a licence to him before a Magistrate of any such offence and has concealed that fact.

39. Any sum due by a licensee may be adjusted from the deposit, if any, made by him or collected under the Revenue Recovery Act as an arrear of land revenue. The licensee shall be bound to replace any sum adjusted from his deposit within fifteen days of receipt of notice from the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar in independent charge.

40. Interest on all moneys due shall be payable at the rate of 6 per cent per annum.

41. Collectors may order the transfer of depots and shops from one locality to another or their closure or the opening of new depots and shops within limits as to number to be fixed by the Board of Revenue in their discretion. But no new shops should be opened unless notice of the sites selected has been published in the District Gazette six months before the commencement of the lease and no such changes as affect the interest of adjacent shopkeepers shall be made during the currency of a lease except under special sanction of the Board. A Tahsildar may at any time permit the transfer of a shop within the limits notified for the shop in the sale notice.

42. The right is reserved to the Collector to grant 'occasional licences' for the sale of liquor, opium and intoxicating drugs, on the occurrence of fairs, festivals, etc., in places in the vicinity of which there are no regularly licensed shops. Such licences should be issued only when absolutely necessary and shall ordinarily be granted to the shopkeepers who usually supply the locality or to rented areas to be representative of the rents. The licences shall run only for such period not exceeding ten days as they are actually required. Not more than one licence shall be issued for a fair or festival without the sanction of the Board.

The fees to be paid for the licences shall be fixed at the discretion of the Collector.

Conditions applicable to Toddy Licences.

1. The privilege conferred extends only to the sale of toddy.

2. Toddy required for sale should be drawn under separate tree-tapping licences to be obtained under the tree-tax rules from toddy trees in the tract in which the shop is situated or in any other tract in which the rates of tree-tax are not lower, subject to the discretion of the officer granting transport permits.

3. No toddy except the produce of trees, for the tapping of which a licence has been issued, shall be kept in the shop, offered for sale or sold.

4. The Collector will fix the minimum number of trees to be entered in original applications for tree-tapping licences.

5. The licence confers no right to the free use of any trees.

6. Arrangements for tapping private trees must be made with the owners thereof and tree-tax at the prescribed rates paid thereon.

7. The licensee shall be responsible to Government for all payments of instalments of fees due on account of tree-tapping licences granted on his application in his own name or in the names of his nominees under the conditions set forth therein and in the rules relating thereto.

8. Toddy may be imported from His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Dominions for sale in toddy shops in the Bellary district on payment of a duty of two and a half annas per gallon.

9. Toddy shopkeepers in British districts adjoining Mysore, Banganapalle and Pudukkottai will be allowed to tap trees in those States on payment of tree-tax into British treasuries in the case of Mysore and Banganapalle and into the State treasury in the case of Pudukkottai.

10. The addition of water to and the distillation of spirits from toddy are absolutely prohibited.

11. No sweet toddy, even if it be the produce of marked trees on which tree-tax has been paid, shall be kept or sold in the shop, nor shall any sweet toddy be mixed or allowed to be mixed with fermented toddy drawn from trees marked for the shop either in the shop or outside it.

12. In addition to the restrictions imposed by general conditions (2) and (14) the following restrictions will be imposed in respect of the area of shops and number of compartments and sellers in the districts named.

District.	Maximum area.		Maximum number of compartments and sellers.	
	Town shops.	Rural shops.	Town shops.	Rural shops
	Yards.	Yards.		
Vizagapatam	20 × 15	15 × 10	2	1
Godavari	25 × 14	15 × 10	20	6
Kistna	30 × 16	15 × 10	15	5
Guntur	20 × 15	15 × 10	9	5

This rule may be relaxed by special order of the Collector as regards any shop or any area in which he may consider it necessary to relax it.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 23rd June 1919.

F. GRAHAM,
Secretary.

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ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ്ജ് ഗസറ്റ്

1-ാം ഭാഗത്തോടുചേർന്ന സപ്ലിമെൻറ്.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART I OF THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

JULY 8, 1919.

നമ്പർ 27.] മദിരാശി : ചൊവ്വാഴ്ച ദിവസത്തിനു, 1919 ജൂലായി മാസം . [വില, 1 അണ.

ഗവർമ്മെണ്ട് പരസ്യങ്ങളുടെ മലയാള തർജ്ജമ.

Malayalam Translations of Notifications by Government.

ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറ് ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറ്.

പരസ്യം.

ഉദകമണ്ഡലം, 1919 ജൂൺ 14-നു.

നമ്പർ 27.—താഴെ കാണുന്ന ഉത്തരവ് ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടിലെ ചേർന്നും നമ്മാലുള്ള പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു :—

നമ്പർ 1457 F.

ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർണ്മെണ്ട്.

ഫൈനാൻസ് ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറ്.

~~മദിരാശിലെ ഫൈനാൻസും~~
പബ്ലിക് കടം.

സിംല, 1919 ജൂൺ 12-നു.

ആദായ നികുതിയില്ലാതെ നൂറിനു മുകളിൽ വിലയുള്ള കടം.

നൂറിനു 5 വീതം കിഴിച്ചുള്ള വിലക്ക് പുറപ്പെടുവിക്കുന്നതും 1945 നു ഉമ്പായിട്ടോ 1955 നു ചിലപ്പോയിട്ടോ തുല്യമായ പേർവില കൊടുത്തു വീട്ടുന്നതുമാകുന്ന.

നിശ്ചയപ്പെടുത്തിയ പ്രകാരം.

ഈ സംഖ്യയുടെ അവസാനിച്ച് ക്ലിപ്തപ്പെടുത്താതെ വെക്കുന്നതും 1919 ജൂലായി 2-നു തീയതി ഉണ്ടായ ആഗസ്റ്റ് 30-നു തീയതി (ഉൾപ്പെടെ) വരെ അതിലേക്ക് പണം അടക്കുവാനും തീരുമാനിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു.

പുറപ്പെടുമ്പോൾ ഉള്ള വില.—ഒരു കൊല്ലത്തിൽ പുറപ്പെടുവിക്കുന്നതിന്റെ വില ആവശ്യപ്പെടുന്ന ദിവസം 100 ക. കടപ്പത്രങ്ങൾക്ക് 95 ക. പ്രകാരമായിരിക്കും.

പലിശ.—കൊല്ലത്തിൽ നൂറിനു 5 വീതമായി ഏപ്രിൽ 15 - നും, ഒക്ടോബർ 15 - നും ഇങ്ങനെ അനേകശ്ലോകങ്ങളിലും കൊടുക്കുന്നതാണ്.

കടപത്രം വാങ്ങുന്ന തീയതി മുതൽ ഒക്ടോബർ 14 - ാം തീയതിവരെയുള്ള പലിശ പത്രംകൊടുക്കുന്ന സമയത്തു മുൻകൂറായി കൊടുക്കുന്നതാണ്.

കടം നടപ്പിലിരിക്കുന്ന സമയത്തെല്ലാം അതിന്മേലുള്ള പലിശക്കു കുടിശ്ശികയിടുകയില്ലായിരിക്കും; പക്ഷേ മറ്റുള്ള വരവിനത്തിൽ എന്തു നിവൃത്തിയിൽ കുടിശ്ശികയിടുകയുണ്ടായാലും ആ പലിശ സംഖ്യയെ കണക്കിനു മുട്ടുകുന്നതിനു ഏതുവിധത്തിൽ സപ്ലിമെന്റാക്കുന്നു (അധിക വരവിനത്തിലുള്ള പ്രത്യേക നികുതി) കൊടുക്കുന്നുമാകുന്നു.

യുദ്ധകടപത്രങ്ങൾ ഒടുക്കിവാങ്ങി തന്നിരുപതാം ഒരു കടമ്പത്രം ചാർത്തിക്കൊടുക്കുന്നു.—1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1925, 1926, 1928 എന്ന വർഷങ്ങളിലുള്ള യുദ്ധകടപത്രങ്ങൾ കൊടുത്താൽ അവയുടെ പേർവിലായ സമ്മായ പണസ്സംഖ്യ കൊടുക്കുന്നതിനു പകരം ഒരു കടത്തിലേക്കു പണംനിക്ഷേപിക്കുവാനായി അവയെ സ്വീകരിക്കുന്നതാണ്.

വിലകുറഞ്ഞു പോകുന്നതിനുള്ള നിവാരണത്തിനുള്ള ഒരു ഫണ്ട്.—കടപത്രത്തിന്റെ കൈമാറ്റവില കുറഞ്ഞുപോകാത്ത നിലയിൽ നിന്നിട്ടുപോരേണ്ട ഉദ്ദേശത്തിലേക്കു അവയെ പുറപ്പെടുവിച്ചുപോരുമ്പോൾ ഉള്ള അവയുടെ അസൽ വിലയെക്കാൾ കൈമാറ്റവില കുറഞ്ഞുപോകുന്നപക്ഷം അവയെ കരുതി വാങ്ങുവാനും വിൽക്കുവാനും വേണ്ടി ഉപയോഗിപ്പാൻ കടമ്പത്രത്തിന്റെ നൂറിനു 1½ വീതത്തിനുള്ള സമ്മായ ഒരു സംഖ്യ കൊല്ലത്തിനു മുടങ്ങി ഒരു ഫണ്ട് ഏർപ്പെടുത്തുവാൻ ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർമെന്റ് ഏർപ്പാടുണ്ട്.

ഫണ്ടിലേക്കു മുടക്കി വെയ്ക്കേണ്ടുന്ന സംഖ്യ കണക്കാക്കുന്നതു പുറപ്പെടുവിച്ചതായ എല്ലാ കടമ്പത്രങ്ങളുടെയും മൊത്തത്തിലുള്ള സംഖ്യയിന്മേലാകുന്നു. മേലിൽ കടമ്പത്രം ചാർത്തിക്കൊടുക്കുന്നതു നടിക്കും നൂറിനു 95 വീതത്തിൽ കവിഞ്ഞ വിലക്കായിരിക്കയില്ല. ആ വിലയിൽ അധികമാകുന്നപക്ഷം അങ്ങനെയുള്ള അധികവിലയേക്കാൾ കൈമാറ്റവില കുറഞ്ഞുപോകുന്നതായ കടപത്രങ്ങൾ മുടക്കി വാങ്ങുന്നതിനും അവയെ നശിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിനും ഫണ്ടിലെ പണം ഉപയോഗപ്പെടുത്തും.

നിശ്ചയങ്ങളുടെ വിവരങ്ങളും പുറപ്പെടുവിക്കുന്ന വിധവും.

ഏതു തീയതിയിലെ വിവരം.

1. 1928 ഒക്ടോബർ 15 - ാം തീയതിക്കു മുമ്പായി പണം മുടക്കി കൊടുത്തിട്ടുള്ളതും ആ തീയതിക്കു കടപത്രത്തിന്റെ പേർവില കൊടുത്തു കടം വീട്ടുന്നതുമായ; എന്നാൽ ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർമെന്റിൽ മുന്നു പ്രാവശ്യമായി നോട്ടീസ് കൊടുത്തുകൊണ്ടു 1945 ഒക്ടോബർ 15 - ാം തീയതിക്കോ അതിനു ശേഷമോ കടപത്രത്തിന്റെ പേർവില കൊടുത്തു മുഴുവൻ കടസ്സംഖ്യയും അതിന്റെ ചില്ലറയും വീട്ടുന്നതിനുള്ള അവകാശം ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർമെന്റിനുണ്ട്.

മേല്പടിക്കുള്ള മാതിരി.

2. കടപത്രങ്ങൾ പുറപ്പെടുവിക്കുന്നതു ഏതു മാതിരിയിലെന്നാൽ—

(a) സ്റ്റോക്ക്; ഇതു വാങ്ങുന്നവർക്കു സ്റ്റോക്ക് സർട്ടിഫിക്കറ്റുകൾ കൊടുക്കും, അല്ലെങ്കിൽ;

(b) പ്രൊമിസറി നോട്ട് (വാഗ്ദത്തപത്രങ്ങൾ).

പിന്നീടു ബോർ ബോണ്ടേഴ്സ് എന്ന പത്രങ്ങൾ (കൊണ്ടു ചെല്ലുന്നാൾക്കു പണം കൊടുക്കേണ്ടുന്ന വിധത്തിലുള്ള പത്രങ്ങൾ) തരുവായാൽ, സ്റ്റോക്ക് സർട്ടിഫിക്കറ്റുകളെയും വാഗ്ദത്തപത്രങ്ങളെയും ബോർ ബോണ്ടേഴ്സായി മാറ്റുവാൻ ആഗ്രഹിക്കുന്നപക്ഷം അങ്ങനെ ചെലവുകൂടാതെ മാറിക്കൊടുക്കുന്നതാകുന്നു.

തന്റെ ഇഷ്ടം എങ്ങനെ വാങ്ങുന്ന ആൾ പ്രത്യേകം പറയാത്തപക്ഷം സ്റ്റോക്ക് - സ്റ്റോക്കിലെന്നിന്റെ മതിരിയിലുള്ള ഉറപ്പ് പത്രങ്ങളുടെ സംഖ്യ കൊടുക്കേണ്ട വിലയുടെ മൂല്യത്തെപ്പറ്റി സംശയം ഉണ്ടാകുമെങ്കിൽ ഒന്നായി ഒരു സർട്ടിഫിക്കറ്റ് മാത്രം കൊടുക്കുന്നതാണ്.

സ്റ്റോക്കിലും ഡിബഞ്ചറിലും ഉള്ളതിനു പുറമെ ഉള്ള വാങ്ങുന്ന ആൾക്കു കൊടുക്കേണ്ട സർട്ടിഫിക്കറ്റുകൾ.

3. നൂറുരൂപികയും 100 കയുടെ പെരുക്കങ്ങളും ആയ സംഖ്യകൾക്കുള്ള വാഗ്ദത്തപത്രങ്ങളായ യൂണിവേഴ്സൽ പത്രങ്ങൾ 1919 ജൂലായി 2-ാംനു തൽ 1919 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 30-ാംനു വരെ അവധി കൊടുക്കേണ്ടും വിലകൊടുത്തു,

(a) ക്രിപ്രകാരമുള്ള അപേക്ഷകളോടുകൂടി സ്റ്റോക്ക് ബാങ്ക്, ബോണ്ട് ബാങ്ക്, മതിരാശി ബാങ്ക് എന്നിവയുടെ പ്രധാന ആപ്പീസുകളിലൊ അവയുടെ ഏതെങ്കിലും ഇന്ത്യൻ ശാഖകളിലൊന്നിനും;

(b) അപേക്ഷയും കല്പനായിലെ നാണയാധികാരിയുടെ ആപ്പീസിലൊ (കൺ ട്രോളർ ഓഫ് കറൻസി ആപ്പീസിൽ) ഏതെങ്കിലും ഒരു അക്കൌണ്ടന്റ് ജനറലിന്റെ യൊ കൺട്രോളറുടെയൊ ആപ്പീസിലൊ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ഏതെങ്കിലും ഗവർമ്മെണ്ട് ട്രഷറിയുടെ കീഴ് ട്രഷറിയിലൊന്നിനും

വാങ്ങാവുന്നതാണ്.

അപേക്ഷകൾ ഇതോട് ചേർത്തിരിക്കുന്ന മാതിരിയിലൊ (A എന്ന മാതിരിയിൽ) അല്ലെങ്കിൽ, ആവശ്യപ്പെടുന്ന ഉറപ്പ് പത്രങ്ങളുടെ സംഖ്യയും വിവരവും, വാങ്ങുന്ന ആളുടെ പൂർണ്ണമായ പേരും മേൽവിലാസവും, ചലിശ എടുക്കുവാനായിട്ടിനും കൊടുക്കേണ്ട കണക്കുകയാൽ ആശ്രയിക്കുന്നവരും ആ ട്രഷറിയുടെ പേരും വ്യക്തമായി കാണിക്കുന്ന വേറെ വല്ല മാതിരിയിലൊ ആയാം.

ഗവർമ്മെണ്ടാപ്പീസുകളിൽനിന്നും സ്റ്റോക്ക് സർട്ടിഫിക്കറ്റിനെ മാറിയിരുന്നു കടപത്രങ്ങൾ വാങ്ങുന്നതു സംബന്ധിച്ച്.

4. നൂറുരൂപികയും 100 കയുടെ പെരുക്കങ്ങളും ആയ സംഖ്യകൾക്കുള്ള സ്റ്റോക്കും സർട്ടിഫിക്കറ്റുകൾക്കും ആയ യൂണിവേഴ്സൽ കടപത്രങ്ങൾ 1919 ജൂലായി 2-ാംനു തൽ 1919 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 30-ാംനു വരെ അവധി കൊടുക്കേണ്ടും വിലകൊടുത്തു കല്പനായിൽ പൊതുവിലുള്ള കടങ്ങളുടെ ആപ്പീസിൽ (പബ്ലിക് ഡെബ്ത് ആപ്പീസിൽ) നിന്നു നേരിട്ടൊ താഴെപറയുന്ന വല്ല ആപ്പീസുകൾ മുഖാന്തരമൊ വാങ്ങാവുന്നതാണ്:—

(a) കല്പനായിലെ നാണയാധികാരിയുടെ ആപ്പീസ് അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ഏതെങ്കിലും അക്കൌണ്ടന്റ് ജനറലിന്റെയൊ കൺട്രോളറുടെയൊ ആപ്പീസ്;

(b) ബാങ്ക് ഓഫ്, ബോണ്ട് ബാങ്ക്, മതിരാശി ബാങ്ക് എന്നിവയുടെ പ്രധാന ആപ്പീസുകൾ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ അവയുടെ ഏതെങ്കിലും ഇന്ത്യൻ ശാഖകൾ;

(c) ഏതെങ്കിലും ഒരു ഗവർമ്മെണ്ട് ട്രഷറി അല്ലെങ്കിൽ കീഴ് ട്രഷറി.

അപേക്ഷകൾ ഇതോട് ചേർത്തിരിക്കുന്ന മാതിരിയിലൊ (A എന്ന മാതിരിയിൽ) അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ആവശ്യപ്പെടുന്ന ഉറപ്പ് പത്രങ്ങളുടെ സംഖ്യയും വിവരവും, വാങ്ങുന്ന ആളുടെ പൂർണ്ണമായ പേരും മേൽവിലാസവും, ചലിശ ഏതു ട്രഷറിയിൽനിന്നു കൊടുക്കേണ്ടതെന്നു അയാൾ ആശ്രയിക്കുന്നവരും ആ ട്രഷറിയുടെ പേരും വ്യക്തമായി കാണിക്കുന്ന വേറെ വല്ല മാതിരിയിലൊ ആയാം.

കടപത്രങ്ങൾ പുറപ്പെടീപ്പിക്കുന്നതിൽ നിന്നു ബാങ്കുകളെ ഒഴിവാക്കുന്നതു സംബന്ധിച്ച്.

5. സേവിംഗ്സ് ബാങ്ക് പ്രവൃത്തി നടത്തുന്നതായ ഏതെങ്കിലും ഒരു തപ്പാലാപ്പീസിൽനിന്നു സ്റ്റോക്കായൊ വാഗ്ദത്തപത്രങ്ങളായൊ 10,000 കയിൽ കവിയാത്ത 100 കയെ ഗുണിതന്റെ പെരുക്കങ്ങൾക്കുള്ള കടപത്രങ്ങൾ 1919 ജൂലായി 2-ാംനു തൽ 1919 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 30-ാംനു വരെ അപേക്ഷയും പത്രങ്ങൾ വാങ്ങുന്നതിനാവശ്യമായുള്ള പണവും കൊടുത്തു വാങ്ങാവുന്നതാണ്. അപേക്ഷകൾ ഇതോട് ചേർത്തിരിക്കുന്ന മാതിരിയിലൊ (B എന്ന മാതിരിയിൽ) അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ആവശ്യപ്പെടുന്ന കടപത്രങ്ങളുടെ സംഖ്യയും വിവ

നവും, അപേക്ഷകന്റെ പൂർണ്ണമായ പേരും മേൽ വിലാസവും, പലിശ ഏതു ബാങ്കിനായിരു നിന്നു കൊടുക്കണമെന്നു അയാൾ ആഗ്രഹിക്കുന്നുവോ ആ ബാങ്കിന്റെ പേരും വിലാസവും ആയിരിക്കുന്നു വേറെ വല്ല മാതിരിയിലോ ആവാം.

തപാലാപ്പീസ്സു മുഖാന്തരം വാങ്ങുന്ന ഉറപ്പുപത്രങ്ങൾ അങ്ങനെ ആവശ്യപ്പെടുന്ന പക്ഷം പോസ്റ്റൽ ടെലിഗ്രാഫും വക ഡൈറക്ടർജനറൽ ജനറലുടെ ബ്രാഞ്ചോഫീസിൽ ഏല്പിക്കുന്നതാണ്.

പോസ്റ്റും ടെലിഗ്രാഫുവക ഡയക്ടാജനറൽ ജനറലുടെ ബ്രാഞ്ചോഫീസ്സിൽ യുദ്ധ കടപ്പത്രങ്ങൾ വെച്ചു വാങ്ങിയിട്ടുള്ള സംഘടിതമായ സേവിംഗ്സ് ബാങ്ക് പ്രവൃത്തി നട ത്തുന്നതായ എതൊരു തപാലാപ്പീസിലും ഒരു കടത്തിലേക്കു ഇറക്കുമതിയുള്ള തൊക പണമതിനു തുല്യമായി സ്വീകരിക്കപ്പെടും.

6. പണമായോ ചെക്കുമുഖേനയോ വില അടക്കുവുന്നതാകുന്നു. ഉറപ്പുപത്രങ്ങൾ ബാങ്കുകൾ മുഖേന വാങ്ങുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ അങ്ങനെ വാങ്ങുന്നതു സംബന്ധമായ ബാങ്കിന്റെ ഹെഡ്ഡാപ്പീസ്സിൽനിന്നോ ഒരു ബ്രാഞ്ചാപ്പീസ്സിലെനിന്നോ ആയിരുന്നാൽ ബാങ്കുകൾ ഏഴു ദിവസത്തിനുള്ളിൽ യഥാക്രമം സംസ്ഥാന ബാങ്കിന്റെ സെക്രട്ടറിയുടെ ട്രഷറിയുടെ എന്നവരുടെ പേരിലോ, ബാങ്ക് ഏജന്റിന്റെ പേരിലോ ആയിരിക്കണം. ഒരു ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടാപ്പീസിൽനിന്നോ തപാലാപ്പീസ്സിൽനിന്നോ വാങ്ങുന്നതായാൽ ഏതു ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥനോടു അപേക്ഷിക്കുന്നുവൊ ആ ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്റെ പേരിൽ ചെക്ക് എഴുതേണ്ടതാകുന്നു.

(ക) പണം അടയ്ക്കുന്ന രീതി (a) പണമായോ ചെക്ക് മുഖേന.

1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1925, 1928 എന്ന വർഷങ്ങളിലെ യുദ്ധകടപത്രങ്ങൾ കൊടുത്തും വാങ്ങാവുന്നതാണ്. ആയവയെ അവയുടെ പേർവിലെ സമമായ രൊക്കം പണമെന്നപോലെ സ്വീകരിക്കുന്നതാണ്. കൊടുത്ത യുദ്ധകടപത്രങ്ങളുടെ ഉഭയവില അപേക്ഷിച്ചു കടസ്സംഖ്യക്കു കൊടുക്കേണ്ടതായ വിലയെ കുറയായി രൊന്നില്ലെങ്കിൽ അപേക്ഷകന്റെ ഇഷ്ടപ്രകാരം, എടുക്കുന്ന കടസ്സംഖ്യ 100 കയുടെ ശരിയായ ഗുണിതമായ രണ്ട സംഖ്യയാണവാൻ പിന്നെയും ഏതു സംഖ്യ കൊടുക്കേണമൊ അതുമായ പണമായികൊടുപ്പാനാ അവശ്യമുള്ള ബാക്കിയായിരുന്ന സംഖ്യ പണമായി മടക്കി കിട്ടിപ്പാനും പാടുള്ളതുമാകുന്നു.

ഉദാഹരണം.—കടപത്രം വാങ്ങുന്നതിനു പണമിക്കുമാറായി അപേക്ഷ ചെയ്യുന്നു രാൾ 500 കയുടെ യുദ്ധകടപത്രങ്ങൾ കൊടുക്കുന്നു. 500 കയുടെ വിലയായി പുറപ്പെടുവിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള കടപത്രങ്ങളുടെ സാക്ഷാൽ അസൽ വില 475 കയും, 600 കയുടെ കടപത്രത്തിന്റെ അസൽ വില 570 കയുമായിരിക്കും അപേക്ഷകന്റെ ഇഷ്ടപ്രകാരം കൊടുത്ത യുദ്ധകടപത്രങ്ങൾക്കു പുറമെ പണമായി 70 കയുംകൂടി അടച്ചു 600 കയുടെ വിലയുള്ള കടപത്രം വേടിക്കുകയൊ, അല്ലെങ്കിൽ 500 കയുടെ വിലയുള്ള കടപത്രം വേടിച്ചു 25 കയ്ക്കു പണമായി മടക്കി വാങ്ങുകയൊ ചെയ്യാം.

അടയ്ക്കേണ്ട പണത്തിനുപകരം യുദ്ധകടപത്രങ്ങൾ കൊടുത്തു കടപത്രത്തിനായി അപേക്ഷിക്കുന്ന ഏതുകാര്യത്തിലും യുദ്ധകടപത്രങ്ങളെ ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടിനു വിട്ടുകൊടുക്കണം, എന്തിനെയെന്നാൽ (a) വാടരത്നപത്രങ്ങളുടെ സംഗതിയിൽ "ഏതൊരു സമയത്തിൽ ഗവർണ്മെണ്ട് ജനങ്ങൾക്കു കൊടുക്കുന്നു" എന്ന അവയുടെ പുതുക്കുന്നു ഒപ്പിട്ടിട്ടും, (b) സ്റ്റോക്കിന്റെ സംഗതിയിൽ സ്റ്റോക്ക് സ്ഥിരീകരണത്തിന്റെ പിൻ കാഴ്ചയുള്ള നിദേശത്തിൽ ഒരു സാക്ഷിയുടെ ഉപകൈ ഒപ്പിട്ടിട്ടും; ബോർ ബൊണ്ടുസ് എന്ന (കൊണ്ടു ചെല്ലുന്നാൾക്കു പണം കൊടുക്കുന്ന) പത്രങ്ങളുടെ സംഗതിയിൽ യാതൊരെഴുത്തും ആവശ്യമില്ല.

(ഖ) ഇന്ത്യൻ ട്രഷറി ബില്ലുകൾ സ്വീകരിക്കുന്നതു.

സംസ്ഥാന ബാങ്കുകളുടെ ഹെഡ്ഡാപ്പീസിൽ വില അടക്കുന്നതു ഇന്ത്യൻ ട്രഷറി ബില്ലുകൾ മൂലമുമാവാം. ആവക ബില്ലുകൾ അവയുടെ ഉഭയവിലപ്രകാരം പണമെന്നപോലെ സ്വീകരിക്കപ്പെടുന്നതാകുന്നു. വാടകയുന്നതിനു ബാക്കിയുള്ള കാലത്തേക്കു കൊടുത്തിൽ നിറവിനു നാലുകണ്ടുള്ള നിരക്കുപ്രകാരം കിഴിവുതരുന്നതുമാകുന്നു.

(ഗ) സേവിങ്സ് ബാങ്കിലിട്ട നണമടുത്തിട്ട്.

ആലോചിപ്പിസ്സ് സേവിങ്സ് ബാങ്കുകളിൽ അപേക്ഷകനെറ പേരിലുള്ള സപ്പോസിറ്റുകൾ എടുത്തും കാലാകാലങ്ങളിൽ പലിശ അടക്കാവുന്നതാകുന്നു.

7. മേല്പറഞ്ഞപ്രകാരം യുക്തമെന്നു തോന്നുകയാൽ നാലു ശതമാനത്തിനു നൂറിനു 5½ വീതം പലിശ കൊടുക്കുന്നതാണു; (എ) 1920 മെയും 1922 മെയും യുക്തമെന്നു തോന്നുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ 1919 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 14 മുതലുള്ള (ആ തീയതി ഉൾപ്പെടെ) ഉള്ള കാലത്തേക്കും (ബി) 1921, 1923, 1925, 1928, എന്നവർഷങ്ങളിലെ യുക്തമെന്നു തോന്നുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ 1919 സപ്തമ്പർ 14-നു മുതൽ (ആ തീയതി ഉൾപ്പെടെ) ഉള്ള കാലത്തേക്കും തന്നെ. ആവക സംഗതികളിൽ ഈ പുതുക്കടത്തിലേതെ ഇൻട്രസ്റ്റായിക്കൊടുക്കുന്ന പലിശ ആഗസ്റ്റ് 15-നു മുതലോ സപ്തമ്പർ 15-നു മുതലോ ഒക്ടോബർ 14-നു വരെയുള്ള കാലത്തേക്കായിരിക്കും—അതായതു അപേക്ഷ ചെയ്ത തീയതി കൂടാതെ സംഗതിപോലെ ഏതുമായി നമ്മ മാസക്കാലത്തേക്കോ ഒരു മാസക്കാലത്തേക്കോ ആയിരിക്കും.

കടപ്പെടുത്തിയ തുക

8. സമ്മതിക്കപ്പെട്ട ബാങ്കുകാരുടെയും തരകുകാരുടെയും ഉപേന കടപ്പത്രങ്ങൾ വാങ്ങുവാൻ പണമായോ ചെക്കുകളായോ, യുക്തമെന്നു തോന്നുന്നപ്പോൾ ഇന്ത്യൻ ട്രഷറി ബില്ലുകളോ കൊടുത്തിട്ടോ, വില അടച്ചാൽ ആ ബാങ്കുകാർക്കോ തരകുകാർക്കോ ആ സംഖ്യയിന്മേൽ സംസ്ഥാന ബാങ്കും തരകു കൊടുക്കുന്നതാകുന്നു. ട്രഷറി ബില്ലായി അടച്ചാൽ തരകു നിരക്കു നൂറിനു ¼ (മാഹാണി) വീതവും മറ്റു സംഗതികളിൽ നൂറിനു ½ (അരശൊൽ) വീതവും ആയിരിക്കും.

കടപ്പത്രങ്ങൾ വാങ്ങുന്നതിനായി സമ്മതിക്കപ്പെട്ട ബാങ്കുകാരുടെയും തരകുകാരുടെയും ഒരുയോഗ്യതയിലധികം അപേക്ഷകൾ വരുന്നപക്ഷം ഗണനയുദ്യോഗസ്ഥർക്കു, വല്ല അക്കൗണ്ടന്റ് ജനറലിനോ, കൊൺട്രോളർക്കോ വല്ല ട്രഷറിയിലോ, കീഴ് ട്രഷറിയിലോ, കൊടുത്താൽ ആ ബാങ്കുകാർക്കോ തരകുകാർക്കോ നൂറിനു ½ വീതം തരക അനുവദിച്ചു കൊടുക്കുന്നതാകുന്നു.

(ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറലുടെ കല്പനപ്രകാരം)

ഇ. എം. കഫ്,

ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർമെന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറിയണിന്റെ സെക്രട്ടറി.

A എന്ന മാതിരി.

ഒരു ഗവർണ്മെന്റ് പ്രോമിസ്സറി നോട്ടിനു വാങ്ങുവാനുള്ള അപേക്ഷാഫാറം.

_____ എന്ന ആൾ
_____ എന്ന ഇടത്ത
_____ കു വിലയുള്ള നൂറിനു 5
വീതം പലിശയോടുകൂടിയ 1945 – 55 ലെ കടപ്പത്രങ്ങൾ ആപ്പീസിന്റെ അനുകൂലത്തിനു / ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർമെന്റ് സ്റ്റോക് സട്ടിഫിക്കേറ്റായി / എന്നിങ്ങനെ ഇവിടെ ഉപയോഗം
അനുസരിച്ചു വാങ്ങുന്നതിനായി ഇതൊന്നിച്ചു _____ കു
അയച്ചുകൊള്ളുന്നു. പലിശ _____ എന്ന
സ്ഥലത്തുനിന്നു കിട്ടുന്നതാണ്.

ഒപ്പു _____
പേര് _____
മേൽവിലാസം _____
തിയ്യതി _____

* സംഖ്യ മുഴുവനും തിരിച്ചടവുകാലത്തിനു മുമ്പായി കൊടുക്കുന്നപക്ഷം ഇവിടെ ചേർത്തിരിക്കുന്നതു വെക്കാം കു _____, ശിക്ഷാടവുമുണ്ടെങ്കിൽ കു _____ എന്നായിരിക്കണം.

കടപ്പത്രങ്ങൾ വാങ്ങുന്നതിനായി ഇതിനുമുമ്പു യുക്തമെന്നുതോന്നുന്നതിനു "ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർമെന്റ് ജനറലിനു കൊടുക്കേ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ മായ്ക്കുക പുറമുള്ള പുതി അപേക്ഷകൻ കൂട്ടിണം; അപ്പോഴത്തെ സ്റ്റാമ്പിനെക്കുറിച്ചു തിരിയിലണിയിൽ പിൻ മേലുള്ള കിടയാരണിക കണ്ടുകിയുടെ ഉയുക്ത അഭിപ്രായം കൂട്ടിണം. മറ്റു ചെല്ലുനിശ്ചയ വന്ന കൊടുക്കണ വിധം വരുത്തുക (ഗവർണ്മെന്റ് സിക്യൂരിറ്റീസ്) സംഗതിയിൽ യോജനയും എഴുതണം ആവശ്യമില്ല.

B എന്ന മാതിരി.

തപ്പാലാപ്പീസ്സിൽനിന്നു വാങ്ങുന്നതിനു ഉപയോഗിക്കേണ്ട മാതിരി.

_____

വിധേയമുള്ള 1945 - 55 ലെ നമ്പറിനു നേരുവിനം പരിശോധിച്ചുകൊള്ളുക

ബഹു. _____ ഞാൻ _____ എന്ന ആൾ ആകുന്നു എന്നും, _____ എന്ന തപ്പാലാപ്പീസ്സിൽ _____ എന്ന പേരിൽ ഒരു സേവിങ്സ് ബാങ്ക് കണക്കിലേക്കു _____ രൂപാ അടച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, ആയതിന്റെ പാസ്സ് ബുക്ക് (കണക്കുപുസ്തകം) _____ എന്ന തപ്പാലാപ്പീസ്സിൽനിന്നു _____ എന്ന തീയതിയിൽ കിട്ടിയതാണെന്നും, ആയതിൽ _____ രൂപാ _____ അണാ _____ പൈ ഇപ്പോൾ ബാക്കിയുണ്ടെന്നും, ആയതു _____ എന്ന തപ്പാലാപ്പീസ്സിൽനിന്നു _____ എന്ന തീയതിയിൽ വാങ്ങുന്നതിനു _____ എന്ന തപ്പാലാപ്പീസ്സിൽ _____ എന്ന തീയതിയിൽ _____ രൂപാ _____ അണാ _____ പൈ അടയ്ക്ക

ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ് ഗസറ്റ്

1-ാം ഭാഗത്തോടുള്ള സപ്ലിമെൻറ്

SUPPLEMENT TO PART I OF THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE,

JULY 8, 1919.

നമ്പർ 27.] തിരുമല: ചൊവ്വാഴ്ച, 1919 ജൂലൈ 8-ാം. [വില, 6 അണ.

ഗവൺമെണ്ട് പരസ്യങ്ങളുടെ മലയാള തർജ്ജമ.

Malayalam Translations of Notifications by Government.

ഹോം ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറ്.

(ജയിലുകൾ)

പരസ്യം.

ഉദകമണ്ഡലം, 1919 ജൂൺ 10-ാം.

നമ്പർ 441.—താഴെ കാണുന്ന ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവൺമെണ്ട് പരസ്യം വീണ്ടും പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു.

വാണിജ്യ വ്യവസായ ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറ്.

(റെയിൽവേ ബ്രാഞ്ച്.)

സിംല, 1918 ജൂൺ 3-ാം.

നമ്പർ 2574.—നം. ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിലെ 1914 ക്രമ 6-ാം തീയതിയിലെ 4013-33-ാം നമ്പർ ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവൺമെണ്ട് പരസ്യത്തോടുകൂടി പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയ 1914 ലെ ഇന്ത്യൻ റെയിൽവേ സാധന ചട്ടങ്ങളിൽ, 1854 ലെ (1854 ലെ 4-ാം നമ്പർ) ഇന്ത്യൻ റെയിൽവേ സ്വാധീന ആക്ട് 5-ാം വകുപ്പിനാൽ സിദ്ധിച്ച അധികാരപ്രകാരം ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ വങ്കത്തുവാനാലോചിക്കുന്നതിലേക്ക് മേലെഴുതിയ ആക്ടിന്റെ 18-ാം വകുപ്പിലേയും ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവൺമെണ്ട് ഹോം ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെൻറിലെ 1887 സപ്ലിമെൻറ് 2-ാം തീയതിയിലെ 1964-ാം നമ്പർ പരസ്യത്തിലേയും നിബന്ധനകളനുസരിച്ചു, ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ എല്ലാവരും കേൾപ്പാനായി പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു.

ഈ പരസ്യം ഇന്ത്യാ ഗസറ്റിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയ തീയതി മുതൽ രണ്ടു മാസം കഴിഞ്ഞതായ ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ ഈ കരട് നിയമം ആലോചനക്കെടുക്കുന്നതാകുന്നു.

കരടു കേരം.

മേപ്പടി ചട്ടങ്ങളിലെ 98–ാം ചട്ടത്തിൽ (f) ഖണ്ഡത്തിനു ശേഷം താഴെ പറയുന്ന ഖണ്ഡം ചേർത്തുചേർക്കും:—

(g) "എന്തെങ്കിലും (1–ാം പിരിവിലെ) വെടിമരുന്നും."

ആർ. രാമചന്ദ്ര റാവു,
മദ്രാസിലെ സെക്രട്ടറി.

വെസ്റ്റ് ഡിപ്പാർട്ട്മെന്റ്.

പരസ്യം.

ഉദകമണ്ഡലം, 1918 ഏപ്രിൽ 24-നാം.

നമ്പർ 157.—1918 ക്രൗൺ 4–ാം തീയതിയത്തെ ഗോവ് സെൻറ് ജോൺ ഗസറ്റ് 1–ാം കാണ്ഡം 570 മുതൽ 581 വരെ താളുകളിൽ കാണുന്ന 1918 മെയി 28–ാം തീയതിയത്തെ 23–ാം നമ്പർ ഫിനാൻഷ്യൽ (സപ്ലിമെന്റ് വെസ്റ്റ്) ഡിപ്പാർട്ട്മെന്റുവക പരസ്യത്തിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയ ചട്ടങ്ങളിൽ താഴെ പറയുന്ന ഭേദഗതികൾ വരുത്തുവാൻ ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ശവർണ്ണർ 1918 ലെ 7–ാമത്തെ ആക്ടായ ആക്ടായ ഇന്ത്യൻ ആർമ്സ് ആക്ട് 43–ാം വകുപ്പ് (1)–ാം ഉപവകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം തനിക്കു കിട്ടിയിരിക്കുന്ന അധികാരങ്ങൾ കൊണ്ടു നിശ്ചയിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു.

6–ാം ചട്ടത്തിൽ "കിഴിവു ചെയ്യ കൊല്ലത്തിലെ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കു പകരം "ആദായനികുതി കരമൊടുക്കിടുവാനായി അവകാശപ്പെടുന്ന സമയം നടപ്പിലുള്ള" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കുക.

ഉദകമണ്ഡലം 1918, മെയി 24-നാം.

നമ്പർ. 178—1918 ക്രൗൺ 4–ാം തീയതിയത്തെ ഗോവ് സെൻറ് ജോൺ ഗസറ്റ് I–ാം ഖണ്ഡം 570 മുതൽ 581 വരെ താളുകളിൽ കാണുന്നതും പിന്നീട് ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തിയിട്ടുള്ളതുമായ 1918 മെയി 28–ാം തീയതിയത്തെ ഫിനാൻഷ്യൽ (സപ്ലിമെന്റ് വെസ്റ്റ് ഡിപ്പാർട്ട്മെന്റുവക 23–ാം നമ്പർ പരസ്യത്തിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയ ചട്ടങ്ങളിൽ 38 A (e)–ാം നമ്പർ ചട്ടമായി താഴെപറയുന്നതു ചേർക്കുവാൻ ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ശവർണ്ണർ 1918 ലെ 7–ാം നമ്പർ ആക്ടായ ഇന്ത്യൻ ആയുധനികുതി ആക്ട് 43–ാം വകുപ്പ് 1–ാം ഉപവകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം തനിക്കു കിട്ടിയിരിക്കുന്ന അധികാരങ്ങൾ കൊണ്ടു നിശ്ചയിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു.

സ്റ്റിക്ക് ഇന്ത്യക്കു പുറത്തു താമസിച്ചുകൊണ്ടു കച്ചവട സംബന്ധമായ വ്യാപാരം നടത്തിവരുന്ന വല്ല ആളുടെയും സംഗതിയിൽ, ഖണ്ഡത്തിലുള്ള ലാഭം ഏതുതന്നെ നിശ്ചപ്പെടുത്തുവാൻ ആസ്സെസ്സുമായിരിക്കുമ്പോൾ, 'ആവിധം ആളുടെ ഏജന്റ്' കൊടുക്കേണ്ടുന്നതായ നികുതി സംബന്ധിച്ചു കണക്കാക്കേണ്ടുന്ന ഏതൊരു സംഖ്യയിന്മേലെന്നാൽ, സ്റ്റിക്ക് ഇന്ത്യയിലുള്ള വല്ല വ്യാപാരബന്ധം മൂലമോ അതിൽനിന്നോ, നേരിട്ടോ അല്ലാതെയോ ആ വിധം ആളിനു ഉളവാകുന്നതോ വന്നതോ ആയ വരവു ആ വ്യാപാരത്തിൽനിന്നുള്ള ലാഭമായി കണക്കാക്കുന്നതിന്റെ ഏതു അംശമാകുന്നതോ, കൂടാതെ ലാഭങ്ങളുടെ അതേ അംശമായ സംഖ്യയിന്മേലാകുന്നു.

നമ്പർ 189.—1918 ജൂൺ 4-ാം തീയതിയത്തെ ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ് ഗസറ്റ് I-ാം വൊള്യം 570 മുതൽ 581 വരെ പേജുകളിൽ കാണുന്നതും (പിന്നീട് ഭേദഗതിപ്പെടുത്തിയ പ്രകാരമുള്ളതുമായ) 1918 മെയി 28-ാം തീയതിയത്തെ 23-ാം നമ്പർ ഫിനാൻഷ്യൽ (സെപ്പറേറ്റ് റവന്യൂ) ഡിപ്പാർട്ട്മെന്റ് വക പരസ്യത്തിനു പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയ ചട്ടങ്ങളിൽ താഴെ പറയുന്ന ഭേദങ്ങൾ വരുത്തുവാൻ ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ 1918 ലെ 7-ാം ആക്ടായ ആലായനികതി ആക്ട് 43-ാം വകുപ്പ് 1-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം തനിക്ക എല്പിച്ചു കിട്ടിയതായ അധികാരം ഉപയോഗിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു:—

(i) 10-ാ, 21-ാ ചട്ടങ്ങൾ—രണ്ടു ചട്ടങ്ങളിൽ "600 കയിൽ കുറയാതെ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കു പകരം "1500 കയിൽ കവിഞ്ഞ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കണം.

(ii) 34 (IV)-ാം ചട്ടം—ഈ ചട്ടത്തിൽ വരുന്ന "2000 കയിനു കൊണ്ടു പോകുന്ന ഏതൊരു അവരവിന്റെ സംഗതിയിലാകട്ടെ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ നീക്കിക്കളയുക.

(iii) ബി എന്നമാതിരി—ആ മാതിരിയിൽ കീഴിലുള്ള 'സ്റ്റിഫിക്കെറ്റിൽ "600 കയോ അധികമോ ആയ നിരക്കിൽ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കുപകരം "1,500 കയിൽ അധികം" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കുക.

(iv) ഡി എന്ന മാതിരിയിൽ കണക്കു തയ്യാറാക്കുന്നതിലേക്കുള്ള ഉപദേശക്കുറിപ്പുകളിൽ 5-ാം പന്തിയിൽ രണ്ടാം വാചകത്തിന്റെ ഒടുക്കം "1,000 രൂപ്പികയോ" എന്നതിനുപകരം "2,000 കയോ" എന്നു ചേർക്കുക.

(v) എച്ച് എന്ന മാതിരിയിൽ "ആറുനൂറുരൂപ്പികയോ അധികമോ ആയ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കുപകരം "1,500 കയിൽ കവിഞ്ഞ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കുക.

നമ്പർ 190.—1918 ജൂൺ 4-ാം തീയതിയത്തെ ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ് ഗസറ്റ് 1-ാം വൊള്യം 574 മുതൽ 581 വരെ പേജുകളിൽ കാണുന്ന 1918 മെയി 28-ാം തീയതിയത്തെ 23-ാം നമ്പർ ഫിനാൻഷ്യൽ (സെപ്പറേറ്റ്, റവന്യൂ) ഡിപ്പാർട്ട്മെന്റ് വക പരസ്യത്തിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയ ചട്ടങ്ങളിൽ താഴെ പറയുന്ന ഭേദം വരുത്തുവാൻ ആലോചനസഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ 1918 ലെ 7-ാം ആക്ടായ ആലായ നികതി ആക്ട് 43-ാം വകുപ്പ് (1)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം തനിക്ക എല്പിച്ചു കിട്ടിയതായ അധികാരം ഉപയോഗിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു:—

അഞ്ചാം ചട്ടത്തിൽ:—

"ആദ്യം വരി സംബ്ധ അടച്ചതായ ഫിനാൻഷ്യൽ കൊല്ലത്തിന്റെ അവസാന ത്തെ ദിവസത്തിനുള്ളിൽ ആറു മാസം കഴിഞ്ഞ ശേഷം" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കു പകരം "ആദ്യം വരി സംബ്ധ അടച്ചതായ ഫിനാൻഷ്യൽ കൊല്ലത്തിന്റെ അടുത്തുള്ള ചിന്നെ തെ ഫിനാൻഷ്യൽ കൊല്ലം കഴിഞ്ഞ ശേഷം." എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കുക.

എ. എച്ച്. ജി. റൊസ് കാഡ്വി,
ഗവർണർ തമ്പുരാന്റെ സെക്രട്ടറി.

പ രസ്യ ങ്ങ ൾ.

ഉദകമണ്ഡലം, 1919 ഇൻ 2-ാം.

നമ്പർ 246.—താഴെ കാണുന്ന ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവൺമെന്റ് പരസ്യം വീണ്ടും പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു :—

ഇന്ത്യൻ മ്യൂനിഷൻ ബോർഡ്.

തിരുവ, 1919 മെയി 29-ാം.

തോൽ ഉറക്കിട്ടുവാനുള്ള മരത്തോൽ കച്ചവടക്കാർക്കു നോട്ടീസ്.

1919 മേയി 29-ാം നം.

എച്ച്. 853/709-ാം നമ്പർ.—തോൽ ഉറക്കിട്ടുവാൻ ഉപയോഗിക്കുന്ന മരത്തോലും അതിലേക്കുപയോഗിക്കുന്ന മറ്റു സാധനങ്ങളും എത്ര കൈയിരിപ്പുണ്ടെന്നും എത്ര വിറ്റുപോകുന്നുണ്ടെന്നുള്ള വിവരം കാലംതോറും അറിയിച്ചുകൊടുപ്പാൻ തിരുവിതാംകൂർ സംസ്ഥാനത്തിലേയും ബൊമ്പായി സംസ്ഥാനത്തിലെയും എല്ലാ തോൽ ഉറക്കിട്ടുവാനുള്ള മരത്തോൽ കച്ചവടക്കാരോടും ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടുകൊണ്ടു ഇന്ത്യൻ മ്യൂനിഷൻ ബോർഡിലെ തോലും രോമവും വക കൊൺട്രോളർ അവർക്കു കൊടുത്ത 1917 ഏപ്രിൽ 28-ാം തീയിതയത്തെ നോട്ടീസ്സിലെ കല്പനകൾ ഇനിമേൽ ദുസ്സഹപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു.

ഉദകമണ്ഡലം, 1919 ഇൻ 1-ാം.

നമ്പർ 264.—ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവൺമെന്റിന്റെ താഴെ കാണുന്ന പരസ്യം വീണ്ടും പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു :—

ഇന്ത്യൻ മ്യൂനിഷൻ ബോർഡ്.

തോൽവക വകുപ്പു.

സിംല, 1919 ഇൻ 8-ാം.

നമ്പർ H-896.—ഉറക്കിട്ടു നന്നാക്കി വരുന്ന വലുതും ചെറുതായ തോലുകളുടെ സംഖ്യ, ഉറക്കിടുവാൻ ഉപയോഗിക്കുന്നതായി കൈയിരിപ്പുള്ള മരത്തോലിന്റെയും (ആവാരംപട്ട) കട്ടക്കയുടെയും തുകയും വിവരണവും, എന്നിവയെപ്പറ്റി ചില വിവരങ്ങൾ മാസന്തോറും അറിയിച്ചുകൊടുപ്പാനും, വലുതും ചെറുതുമായ എല്ലാ തോലുകളിന്മേലും ഒബ്ജർ സ്റ്റാമ്പുകൊണ്ടു മുദ്ര വെപ്പാനും, മദിരാശി സംസ്ഥാനത്തിലെയും ബോമ്പെ സംസ്ഥാനത്തിലെയും തോൽ ഉറക്കിടുന്ന എല്ലാവരോടും ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടുകൊണ്ടു ഇന്ത്യൻ മ്യൂനിഷൻ ബോർഡിലെ തോലും രോമവും വക കൊൺട്രോളർ അവർക്കു കൊടുത്ത 1917 ഏപ്രിൽ 28-ാം തീയതിയത്തെ നോട്ടീസ്സിലെ 1-ാം, 2 (2)-ാം പന്തികളിലടങ്ങിയ കല്പനകൾ 1919 ജൂലായി 1-ാം തീയതി മുതൽ ഇനിമേൽ ദുസ്സഹപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു.

എ. കെ. ജി. കാമ്പൽ,
ഗവർമെന്റ് മുദ്രിണ് സെക്രട്ടറി.

(A true translation)

P. V. KURUVILLA,
Acting Malayalam Translator to Government.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ് ഗസറ്റ്

III-ാം ഭാഗത്തോടുചേർത്ത സപ്ലിമെൻറ്

SUPPLEMENT TO PART III OF THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

JULY 8, 1919

നമ്പർ 8 (5)] കോഴിക്കോട്; ചൊവ്വ, ജൂലൈ 8, 1919 ആവണി 17. [വില, 3 അണ.

ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവൺമെണ്ട് ആക്ട്

ACT OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

ഇന്ത്യൻ നിയമനിർമ്മാണ സഭയുടെ താഴെ ചേർക്കുന്ന ആക്ടിനെ 1919 മാർച്ച് 19-ാം തിയതി ഗവർണർ ജനറലുടെ സമ്മതം സിദ്ധിക്കുകയും ആയതു എല്ലാവർക്കും അറിവാനായി ഇതിനാൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തുകയും ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു :—

ACT No. VI OF 1919.

1919 ലെ 6-ാം നമ്പർ ആക്ട്.

AN ACT FURTHER TO AMEND THE INDIAN OATHS ACT, 1873.

ഇന്ത്യയിൽ സത്യം ചെയ്തിരുത്തിനെപ്പറ്റിയ 1873 ലെ ആക്ട് ഇനിയും ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിനുള്ള ഒരു ആക്ട്.

1873 ലെ 10-ാം ആക്ട്.

ഇന്ത്യയിൽ സത്യം ചെയ്തിരുത്തിനെപ്പറ്റിയ 1873 ലെ ആക്ട് ഇനിയും ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിനുള്ളതായിരിക്കയാൽ ഇതിനാൽ താഴെപറയുപ്രകാരം നിയമിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു :—

ചുരുക്കപ്പേർ.

1. ഈ ആക്ടിനു ഇന്ത്യയിൽ സത്യം ചെയ്തിരുത്തിനെപ്പറ്റിയ (ആക്ട് ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തുന്നു) 1919 ലെ ആക്ട് എന്നു പേർ പറയാം.

1873 ലെ 10-ാം ആക്ട് 5-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ ഭേദഗതി.

2. ഇന്ത്യയിൽ സത്യം ചെയ്തിരുത്തിനെപ്പറ്റിയ 1873 ലെ ആക്ട് 5-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ "1861 ലെ ഇന്ത്യൻ കൌൺസിൽ ആക്ടിലെ നിബന്ധനപ്രകാരം ഗവർണർ ജനറലിനു ഉണ്ടാക്കപ്പെടുത്തുവാൻ അധികാരമില്ലാത്ത വല്ല നിയമത്താൽ നിർണ്ണയിക്കപ്പെട്ട" എന്നതിനുപകരം "ചക്രവർത്തി മഹാരാജാവിൻറെ തൃക്കൈയ്യൊപ്പോടുകൂടിയ വല്ല ഉത്തരവിനാലോ ഉത്തരവിൻ പ്രകാരമോ, 1861ലെ ഇന്ത്യൻ കൌൺസിൽ ആക്ടിലെ നിബന്ധനപ്രകാരം ഗവർണർ ജനറലിനു ഉണ്ടാക്കപ്പെടുത്തുവാൻ അധികാരമില്ലാത്ത വല്ല നിയമത്താലോ നിർണ്ണയിക്കപ്പെട്ട" എന്നു ചേർക്കണം.

1873 ലെ 10-ാം ആക്ട് 5-ാം വകുപ്പു ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തൽ.

എച്ച്. എം. സ്റ്റീവൻ്,
ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവൺമെണ്ട് ലെജിസ്ലേറ്റീവ് ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെണ്ട്.

(A true translation)

P. V. KURUVILA,

Acting Malayalam Translator to Government.

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